ESTABLISHED 1818.

PETER F. HEERING'S
COPENHAGEN
CHERRY BRANDY.
To be had of all respectable Wine Merchants.

# The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28618—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1891.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

CUTLER, PALMER'S
FAMOUS WHISKIES.

| | Per Doz. Rs. A. |
|---|---|
| Pall Mall, 11 years old | 36 0 |
| Napier Johnstone's Square Bottle | 31 8 |
| Heart Bottle | 28 12 |
| O. B. | 27 0 |
| Glentromie | 36 0 |
| Ben-Tor (cheapest) | 18 0 |

O. V. G. Market Rates.

CUTLER, PALMER Co., BOMBAY.

## SHIPPING.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.



DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

| Vessels. | Tons. | H.P. | Captains. | Saturday. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| B.I. PESHAWUR | 3906 | 600 | W. A. Wheler | 19th Dec. |
| † ASSAM | 3038 | 500 | G. W. F. Browne. | 26th " |
| B.I. ROSETTA | 3411 | 700 | C. Gadd | 2nd Jany. |
| † THAMES | 4078 | 800 | W. A. Seaton | 9th " |
| B.I. CARTHAGE | 4879 | 1000 | M. de Horne | 16th " |
| † PEKIN | 3909 | 600 | P. Harris | 23rd " |
| B.I. PENINSULAR | 4972 | 1000 | A. C. Loggin | 30th " |
| † SIAM | 3041 | 500 | H. T. Weighell | 6th Feb. |
| B.I. THAMES | 4078 | 800 | W. A. Seaton | 13th " |
| † RAVENNA | 3257 | 700 | E. Crewe | 20th " |
| B.I. ROME | 5011 | 1000 | A. B. Daniel | 27th " |
| † SIAM | 3041 | 500 | H. T. Weighell | 5th Mar. |
| B.I. KHEDIVE | 3868 | 600 | L. H. Moule | 12th " |
| † ASSAM | 3038 | 500 | G. W. F. Browne. | 19th " |
| B.I. MIRZAPORE | 3913 | 600 | R. Harvey | 26th " |
| † SIAM | 3041 | 500 | H. T. Weighell | 2nd Apr. |
| B.I. CARTHAGE | 4879 | 1000 | M. de Horne | 9th " |
| † ASSAM | 3038 | 500 | G. W. F. Browne. | 16th " |
| B.I. CLYDE | 4136 | 800 | J. L. Parfitt | 23rd " |
| † SIAM | 3041 | 500 | H. T. Weighell | 30th " |
| B.I. PEKIN | 3909 | 600 | P. Harris | 7th May. |
| † ASSAM | 3038 | 500 | G. W. F. Browne. | 14th " |

The steamers marked B. I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare, from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on the day of sailing.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.

The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their baggage correctly labelled with port of destination.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

| Vessels. | Tons. | H.P. | Captain | Tuesday, 5 p.m., |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SHANNON | 4077 | 800 | C. Edwards | 22nd Mar. |
| PENINSULAR | 4972 | 1000 | A. C. Loggin | 19th April. |

### TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

| Vessels. | Tons | H.P. | Captains. | About |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| KHEDIVE | 3868 | 600 | L. H. Moule | 31st Dec. |
| MIRZAPORE | 3913 | 600 | R. Harvey | 14th Jan. |
| ROHILLA | 3387 | 700 | C. S. Tocque | 28th " |
| CLYDE | 4136 | 800 | J. L. Parfitt | 11th Feb. |

In addition to the above, a Steamer will leave for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

I. M. SHIELDS,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 8th December 1891.

### NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.



THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA and NAPLES.

FARE to all Ports of Italy, Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 180 for First, cond, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers eavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Hand-books.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other First Class Steamers will LEAV Bombay:—

| Steamers. | Tons. | H.P. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| S. S. R. RUBATTINO | 5,000 | 800 | 20th Dec. 1891. |
| S. S. SINGAPORE | 5,000 | 800 | 10th Jan. 1892. |

### STEAM TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

| Steamer. | To sail. |
|---|---|
| BISAGNO | On the 12th Jan., 1892. |

For Handbooks of Information and other Particula regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Dec. 3, 1891.

### AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

| Steamers. | Captains. | Tons. | H. P. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| IMPERATRIX | F. Egger | 4,600 | 750 | 1st Jan. '92. |
| IMPERATOR | C. Bechtinger | 4,500 | 750 | 1st Feb. '92. |

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. | Deck. |
|---|---|---|---|
| TRIESTE OR BRINDISI | Rs. 500 | Rs. 300 | Rs. 137 |

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:—

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class |
|---|---|---|
| TO TRIESTE or BRINDISI | Rs. 800 | Rs. 480. |

*Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.*

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

| Steamer. | Captain. | Tons. | H. P. | To sail |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MARIA TERESA R. | Deperis | 3,800 | 550 | 18th Jan. '92. |

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

| Steamer | Captain. | Tons. | H.P. | To sail |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MELPOMENE | A. Mitis | 3,800 | 550 | 24th Dec. 9 |

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, December 1, 1891.

### "THE BOMBAY-LONDON S. S. COMPANY."



| Vessels. | Tons. | Will sail on | |
|---|---|---|---|
| "QUEEN OF INDIA" | 3891 | " | 18th Dec. Marseilles. |
| "EMPRESS OF THE EAST" | 3200 | " | 25th Jan. do. |

These Steamers are fitted throughout with Electric Light and have every Accommodation for First Class Passengers

For full particulars Apply to

MESSRS. BEYTS, CRAIG & Co.,
Sirdar's Palaces, Bombay.



CHEAP PASSAGES.
HOMEWARD AND OUTWARD.

PASSAGES promptly engaged and best Berths secured FREE OF COMMISSION, in P. and O. and all other LINERS; and also in selected NON-LINERS, such as the "BEDOUIN," "WOODS," &c., from Rs. 200 to 300 to the Continent, and Rs. 300 to Rs. 375 to English ports, 1st Saloon.

Outward, in Non-Liners, from £20 to £30 per adult, Saloon.

CONTINENTAL RAIL—TICKETS provided, and PULLMAN-CAR BERTHS engaged.

HEAVY BAGGAGE stored, shipped, or forwarded by P. and O. at Cargo rates to port of destination or address.

PASSENGERS met on arrival and departure by reliable Agents.

SOVEREIGNS, DRAFTS AND CIRCULAR NOTES supplied at best rates.

LADIES, Children, and Gentlemen respectively grouped in selected Saloon cabins; special arrangement for Families and Parties.

INSURANCE effected at reasonable rates.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE TELEGRAMS arranged for economically.

INTEREST at 3 per cent. allowed on passage money deposited with us in advance.

Full particulars supplied and HAND-BOOKS sent free on application.

WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.
BANKERS AND AGENTS,
BOMBAY—28, APOLLO STREET.
KARACHI—BUNDER ROAD.
LONDON—27, LEADENHALL STREET.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the departure of English Mail. 28 Pages of the *Full Malt Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English Subscription Rs. 17 per year, including postage.

## SHIPPING.

### THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—



FOR KURRACHEE, KATHIAWAR PORTS, AND CUTCH MANDVIE.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,122 tons, on 19th December, at 10 a.m.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 1,168 tons, on the 23rd December, at noon, calling at Verawul, Mangrol, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,465 tons, on the 20th December, at 11 a.m., or after arrival of incoming English Mail steamer, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "GOALPARA," 2,114 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 24th December, at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 17th December, 1891. Agents.

### PASSAGE SEASON, 1892.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.



PASSAGE engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines at the lowest rates obtainable *FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.*

SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. and O. secured a very low rates, and special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers.

Full information as to berths available, and lists of Passengers already booked furnished at once.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. KING, BAILLIE & Co. MESSRS. KING, KING & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS shipped or Cleared at low rates: Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished and every facility given for examination.

LOANS granted on approved security. Letters of Credits and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES arranged at current rates, and addresses in connection with the same registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. *free of charge.*

Correspondence invited, and a copy of Messrs. King, King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward bound Passengers" forwarded on Application, free of charge.

KING, HAMILTON & Co., KING, BAILLIE & Co.,
CALCUTTA. LIVERPOOL.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

### STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.



PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

| Steamer. | Tons. | Date of leaving Calcutta. On or about |
|---|---|---|
| WAROONGA | 2,500 | 27th December. |

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 3rd December 1891. Agents.



MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay on 12th January, 1892, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian Steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

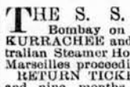
THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.

"A Steam launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m., on the day of sailing, to convey the passengers on board the Steamer."

SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.

### HOMEWARD PASSAGES.



PASSAGES booked by P. & O. and other regular lines of Steamers *without charge for Commission.* Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured. Railway and Sleeping Car Tickets obtained.

CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

SECOND SALOON.

The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a cheap Passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing, intending passengers should make early Application.

Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. "Grindlay's Hand Book" for travellers may also be had free.

Circular Notes, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London granted at current rates. Baggage shipped and insurance effected when required.

PACKAGES from Europe for MESSRS., CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.



### BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

| Vessels. | Captains. | Tons. | To sail |
|---|---|---|---|
| ARABIA | C. H. Hillcoat | 3514 | about 19th Dec. |
| ARMENIA | Geo. Read | 3385 | " 9th Jan. '92. |
| HISPANIA | S. Abrey | 3389 | " 23rd " |
| ROUMANIA | W. S. Young | 3387 | " 5th Feb. |

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles).

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.

All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.

For further particulars Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, December 2nd, 1891.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting, Fuses, Red lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig lead, all sorts of paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE 150 9 AMERICAN KEROSINE OIL of well-known makers, either wholesale or retail, at very moderate rates. Apply to

હેપ્તુલા શેકઆદમની કું૦

ઇ. ઙ., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

### TREACHER'S HEART-LABELLED SPIRITS.

TREACHER & Co. have the utmost confidence in recommending these choice Spirits; in Purity, Quality, and Excellence they are unsurpassed by any in India.

| | Cash per doz. Rs. a. | Credit per doz. Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|
| TREACHER'S Superior Old HOLLANDS ..... A pure wholesome spirit in case 15 flasks. | 34 0 | 38 0 |
| TREACHER'S Old Plymouth Gin ..... Dry and pure, very palatable flavour. | 24 0 | 26 8 |
| TREACHER'S Dry Unsweetened GIN. A perfectly pure spirit, very superior. | 24 0 | 26 8 |
| TREACHER'S Sweetened Old Tom GIN ..... High quality and delicate flavour. | 21 0 | 23 8 |
| TREACHER'S Finest Old Jamaica RUM ..... | 25 0 | 28 0 |
| TREACHER'S Glenlivet WHISKY ... A blend of the finest Original Highland Whiskies of a particularly delicate aroma and flavour. | 26 0 | 28 8 |
| TREACHER'S Old Irish WHISKY ... A fine matured spirit, soft and mellow. | 26 0 | 29 0 |
| TREACHER'S Extra Special Liqueur GLENLIVET WHISKY ..... A Genuine Ripe Old Whisky, its rich flavour and aroma are due to age alone. | 30 0 | 33 0 |
| TREACHER'S Highland Malt WHISKY ..... A sound Spirit with a delicious, full, mellow flavour. | 27 0 | 30 0 |
| TREACHER'S Invalid BRANDY **** Specially adapted for medical use. | 65 0 | 73 0 |
| TREACHER'S Fine Old Pale BRANDY *** Soft and delicate, much appreciated. | 40 0 | 44 8 |
| TREACHER'S Old Pale BRANDY ** A very choice and matured spirit. | 36 0 | 40 0 |
| TREACHER'S Pale BRANDY * A sound and good Peg Brandy. | 32 0 | 35 8 |

### TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,

WINE MERCHANTS.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

COUGHS & COLDS { Quickly and permanently cured by "PECTORAL COUGH SYRUP," Re. 1 per bottle. KEMP and Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

PURE WATER It is the opinion of Leading Medical men, that many illnesses are due in a great measure to the impurities found in ordinary drinking water.

*VERSUS*

SICKNESS.

This danger at least can be avoided by all, as we supply a first-rate coir covered FILTER complete for RUPEES EIGHT ONLY.

KEMP AND CO., LD., BOMBAY.

### NEW GOODS FOR COLD WEATHER WEAR.

### THORPE & CO.,

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

HAVE the pleasure to announce the arrival of the following:—

| | Rs. a. | | Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Warm Rugs, all Wool ..... | 10 8 | Turkish Dressing Gowns... | 15 8 |
| Real Austrian Rugs ..... | 18 0 | Cardigan Jackets. Rs. 8-8 to | 13 8 |
| Scotch Mauds ... Rs. 13-8 to | 25 8 | Ladies Cardigans ..... | 8 8 |
| Real Whitney Blankets, White or Scarlet, per pair, Rs. 16-8 to | 25 0 | te Cashmere Mufflers Rs. 2-8 to | 3 8 |
| Real Eider Down Quilts, Rs. 25 to | 30 0 | White and Coloured Wool Mufflers ..... | 2 8 |
| Do. Pillows, ,, 6-8 to | 8 8 | Real Scotch Lambswool Under Shirts ... Rs. 6-8 to | 7 8 |
| Best Feather do. ..... | 8 8 | Real Scotch Lambswool Pants .....Rs. 6-8 to | 7 8 |
| Best Wove Flannel Sleeping Suits, .....Rs. 10-8 to | 16 8 | Stout Brown Merino Vests each.....Rs. 7-8 to | 8 8 |
| Best Wove Flannel Shirts, Rs. 6-8 to | 8 8 | Stout Brown Merino Pants each.....Rs. 7-8 to | 8 8 |
| Warm Gloves..... ,, 1-8 to | 2 8 | Shetland Lambswool Socks per doz..... | 25 0 |
| Kid Gloves, lined, Spring Fastening ..... | 4 8 | Ribbed Hand Knitted Half Hose per doz..... | 25 0 |
| Kid Gloves, lined, (Ladies'). | 4 8 | Woven Cholera Belts ..... | 2 12 |
| Wool Mitts ..... | 1 8 | Warm Overcoats. Rs. 45-0 to | 55 0 |
| Warm Dressing Gowns ..... | 18 0 | Ulsters, very warm ,, 45-0 to | 55 |
| | | Warm Cheviot Suits, from Rs. 38-0 to | 45 0 |

### THORPE AND CO.,

MILITARY OUTFITTERS,
BOMBAY.

CLARETS! CLARETS!!

TREACHER & Co., Ld., desire to call special attention to their Clarets, of which they are the largest Importers in India. The Wines are imported direct from Bordeaux, and the Company, by reason of the immense demand for their Clarets, are able to place unusually large Orders with original producers. This consideration, and the position they hold as cash buyers, gives them a certain preference in the Wine Market, which their long experience enables them to turn to the utmost advantage, and they are consequently able to offer to their clients Clarets of a very superior order at unusually low prices:—

| | Cash. Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Credit. Rs. a. | Rs. a. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ST. JULIEN MEDOC—This popular Wine is much appreciated, and is in greater demand in India than any other brand. It is the Pure product of the grape, neither "medicated" nor "doctored" ..... | 11 0 | 6 4 | 12 8 | 7 0 |
| BORDEAUX—A favourite Wine from the district of Bordeaux .. | 11 0 | 6 4 | 12 8 | 7 0 |
| *It may be mentioned as an evidence of the popularity of our Clarets that our sale of these two brands amounts to nearly 4,000 doz. per annum, which fact alone would be sufficient proof of their merit.* | | | | |
| PETIT MEDOC—Possesses good body with pleasing flavour.... | 14 0 | 8 0 | 16 0 | 9 0 |
| SUPERIOR MEDOC—Full-bodied, of high character and flavour ..... | 18 0 | 11 0 | 20 0 | 12 0 |
| CHATEAU LAGRANGE—Soft, delicate, full, and fine flavour .. | 23 0 | 12 0 | 26 0 | 13 8 |
| CHATEAU LAROSE—Extremely delicate, endowed with exquisite flavour and bouquet ..... | 29 0 | 16 0 | 32 0 | 18 0 |
| CHATEAU MARGAUX—Exceedingly choice, possessing great fragrance with delicate bouquet.. | 35 0 | 18 8 | 39 0 | 21 |

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

SOLID Silver Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases and Match Boxes Plain, Engraved or Enamelled, all the very latest London designs.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cigar Cases ..... | Rs. 75 |
| Cigarette Cases ..... | ,, 28, 35, 40 and 50 |
| Match Boxes ..... | ,, 8, 13, 15 and 30 |

Any Monogram, Coat of Arms or Inscription Engraved in a few hours.

MARCKS & Co., LD.,
JEWELLERS, GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS
BOMBAY AND POONA.

GENT'S—PROMENADE
DRESS—GLOVES

REDUCED FOR CASH PRICES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| WHITE Kid, 2 | Buttons..... | Rs. | 1 12 |
| BEST STRAW | do. ..... | ,, | 2 8 |
| BEST WHITE Kid | do. ..... | ,, | 3 2 |
| LAVENDER Kid | do. ..... | ,, | 3 2 |
| GOLD TAN CAPE | do. ..... | ,, | 3 6 |
| SLATE SUEDE | do. ..... | ,, | 3 6 |

HOAR & CO., GLOVERS, HOSIERS, BOMBAY.

SWIFT AND FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

### "THE BLÜTHNER" PIANO-FORTES.

BOUDOIR AND CONCERT GRANDS AND COTTAGES

BY the above maker, are now being monthly received at their Bombay Agency, and are offered at Manufacturer's Prices, *plus* Rs. 60 for freight and incidental charges.

Though low priced, these high-class instruments stand HIGHEST in the estimation of Western civilisation. The Factory is the largest in Europe, manufacturing no less than 3,000 Pianos every year, which, reduced to a minimum, will exhibit the extraordinary fact of one Piano in every working hour of the day.

Another feature very remarkable with these Pianos is their sweetness and richness of tone their perfect and never failing mechanism, delicacy of touch, and last, but not least, the length of time they keep in tune, which is twice or thrice as long as the best Pianos—a fact which is an important advantage to Mofussil Residents.

We invite inspection of these splendid Pianos, and will send Messrs. T. Blüthner's own Illustrated Price List free on application.

### MARCKS & Co., LD.,

PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE, BOMBAY,
43, ESPLANADE ROAD, AND 1. ASH LANE,
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA A D BURMAH.

## NOTICE.

WARD ELECTION OF A COUNCILLOR TO FILL A CASUAL VACANCY IN GIRGAM D WARD.

THE said ELECTION being a contested Election I hereby publish as required by Section 27 (2) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act 1888, the names of the persons validly nominated, with their respective Abodes and descriptions, and the names of the persons subscribing their respective nomination papers as proposers and Seconders.

| No. | Name of the Candidate. | Abode. | Description. | Nominated by | Seconded by |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Mr. Ardeshir Dadabhoy Mody. | No. 5-7, Charni Road. | Licentiate of Medicine and Surgery and Justice of the Peace. | The Hon'ble Mr. Kasinath Trimbak Telang, C.I.E. Mr. Godrezji D. Pudumji. | Mr Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatvadekar Mr Dinsha Jijibhoy Doctor. |
| 2 | Mr. Chimanlal Harilal Sitalvad. | No. 69, Khobi's Vadi, Girgaum Back Road. | Pleader of the High Court of Bombay and a Graduate of the Bombay University. | Mr. Daji Abaji Khare. Mr. Manekshа Jehangir-sha Taleyarkhan. | Mr Balaji Pandurang. Mr Moreshwar Gopal Deshmukh, M.D. |

The Poll will be taken on THURSDAY, the 24th December, 1891, at the D (Girgam) Ward Office, Corner of Gowalia and Gamdevi Roads.

H. A. ACWORTH,
Municipal Offices, Bombay, 17th December, 1891. Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

### SPECIAL NOTICE.

### HAMILTON AND COMPANY,

JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS,
SILVERSMITHS,
DIAMOND MERCHANTS,
73, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

IN order to still further add to the convenience of our Friends and Customers in the Bombay Presidency, we have recently enlarged our Manufactory at our Branch Establishment in Bombay. This will accommodate a greater number of Workmen than we have hitherto been able to find room for. Our principal Workshops are in Calcutta, where we employ a large number of skilled Workmen, both European and Native, and our Bombay Management has been in the past mainly dependent upon them to supply work made to express order.

We hope now, however, to manufacture whatever is required of our Bombay Branch in the CITY of BOMBAY itself. At the same time our more extensive plant in Calcutta will always be available. By these arrangements a great saving in time will be effected, which in case of Jewellery repairs is often of the first importance.

SPECIAL CARE and ATTENTION is given to our WATCH REPAIRING DEPARTMENT, and no Watches or Clocks are allowed to leave our Workshops until they have been carefully examined and tested by the head of the Department.

HAMILTON AND COMPANY.

### SEQUAH'S REMEDIES.

SEQUAH'S OIL. SEQUAH'S CURE. SEQUAH'S INSTANT RELIEF.

"SEQUAH'S CURE" FOR IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD.

THE Impurity of the Blood causes many other diseases, such as Fever, Ague, Scrofula Enlarged Glands, Running Sores and Ulcers, and many other Chronic and Wasting Complaints, and they all find a Certain Cure in this greatest of all Blood Purifiers.

"SEQUAH'S OIL" should be used in combination with Sequah's Cure. It is the best of all External Applications. It is a speedy Pain Killer, and is invaluable for Sprains, Strains, Bruises, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, and a host of other troubles.

"SEQUAH'S INSTANT RELIEF" Cures Spasms, Colic Diarrhœa, Cholera, and all Internal Pains, Coughs, Colds and Bronchitis. It is a safe as well as sure Pain Killer, and will be found a boon in every household.

*N.B.*—Full Directions as to Dose and Application are given with each bottle in English and the Vernacular.

"A MOST REMARKABLE CURE."

105, Frere Road, Fort.

DEAR SEQUAH,—Jehangir Edaljee Vacha, of Bombay, was first attacked with Fever about the end of 1885. He was attended by an Eminent Doctor, who varied his treatment month after month, without any permanent success. The Fever left temporarily, recurring again in a week or so. This continued for a couple of years, during which he was sent to different health-stations. But all to no purpose. About three years ago, whilst reading a book, reclining in an easy-chair, he suddenly cried out of a torturing pain in his leg, which seemed to be bent and appeared as if it had been drawn into the body and shortened. The Family Doctor was sent for, and he tried various means to stretch and straighten the leg, but at the least touch the pain was intense. After consultation with two other Medical Gentlemen, he was put under chloroform, and the leg was stretched and he was throughly examined to find out the cause, but none could be discovered. The leg so stretched was then tied up and weights hung to it. These weights were to be gradually increased so as to bring the leg to its natural length, and bring about a complete cure. For a time the pain was relieved, but for the last three years he has been barely able to move, and only on crutches, wearing a high-heeled shoe and a splint tied on the whole length of his body, so as to make up for his shortness. The Fever continued to return once or twice a fortnigh; and he was left to nature to cure. When you came to Bombay it was thought advisable to try your remedies and within a week the success was marvellous. The crutches, &c., were given up by the use of "Sequah's Oil." Jehangir is able to move about although it is only twelve days since "Squah's Oil" was used.

Yours truly,
JAIJEE EDALJEE VACHA (Mother of Jehangir).
MANECKJEE EDALJEE VACHA (Brother of Jehangir).
SORAB EDALJEE VACHA (Brother of Jehangir).

Bombay, April 22, 1891.

EXTRACTS FROM A LETTER IN THE *MADRAS TIMES* OF JULY 29TH, 1891.

UNPRECEDENTED CURE OF CHOLERA.
TO THE EDITOR OF THE "MADRAS TIMES."

SIR,—Many of your Readers will be surprised to know that after all "Sequah" is the real Friend of Suffering Humanity. It is well known that the Public are often panic-stricken when the monster epidemic—Cholera—breaks out amongst us with all its relentless fury, and every cure under the sun is tried but with little effect, and the poor Doctors often shiver and shake. But I say give "Sequah's Instant Relief" a trial, and many a home will not have cause to bemoan the lost of dear ones. Sir, year after year it is well known that the little station of Renigunta is regularly visited by this plague, and this year also it has been an unwelcome guest, carrying away several of its victims. Several cases treated by the Railway Apothecary here have proved fatal, but of the eighteen cases treated by the famous Sequah's Instant Relief *none* have failed! And this was a mere trial put into effect by a good Samaritan, Mr. Henry Briggs, Chief Guard on the Madras Railway. The Medicine was distributed to the poor free of charge, and the Public will be amazed to know that among the cases treated, were two women heavily pregnant—one six months, the other eight months—who were in a state of final collapse, and were almost snatched from the jaws of death by "Sequah's Instant Relief." I am of opinion that such information as this should find a place in a corner of your widely circulated and valuable journal. Thousands will be benefited, and that even the poorest of the poor will try to have a bottle of "Sequah's Instant Relief" as a sure safeguard against the woeful epidemic. Hoping to be excused for encroaching in your valuable columns.—I am, &c.

A VICTIM.

Renigunta, July 26, 1891.

### MESSRS. PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA,
Are the fully authorised Wholesale and Retail Agents in the Bombay Presidency for SEQUAH'S REMEDIES.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE AND SOLE PROPRIETOR.....MR. H. STANLEY.
THIRTY-SEVENTH PERFORMANCE
BY THE STANLEY OPERA COMPANY,
TO-NIGHT,
FRIDAY, DECEMBER 18TH,
The Beautiful Burlesque of LALLA ROOKH,
Miss CISSIE DENVER
as LALLA ROOKH.
who will Introduce
BY special request the beautiful ballad,
"THE LOVE THAT LINGERS STILL."

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19TH,
MIKADO.
IN ACTIVE PREPARATION,
GRAND CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME.
DOORS OPEN AT 8-30. OVERTURE AT 9.
ADMISSION :—Orchestra Stalls and Dress Circle, Rs. 4; Second Stalls, Rs. 2; Pit, Re. 1; Back Seats, Annas 8; Private Box to hold 4, Rs. 16.
Box Plan at the GAIETY THEATRE from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.

T. EMPSON, Manager.

### BOMBAY Y. M. C. A.

A CONCERT
In aid of the funds of the
YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION
WILL BE HELD AT THE
APOLLO BUNDER ROOMS
on TUESDAY, the 22ND DEC., 1891, at 9 P.M.

VOCALISTS.—MRS. NIXON, MISS TUDBALL, MISS WALLER, MR. THELENBERG AND MR. F. J. CLARK.
INSTRUMENTALISTS.—Miss PEDRAZA, HERR SCHMUCK MR. F. W J. VINING AND MR. M. T. CARROLL.
Reserved Seats, Rs. 2; Unreserved Seats, Re. 1.
Tickets may be had at the Y. M. C. A. ROOMS and at the Doors.

### "VERY PRETTY INDEED."

Such is the verdict Pronounced by
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
who Inspected our large and varied selection of
'XMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS!

These Cards are unique in design, tasteful in wording, plain but suggestive, artistically finished, and beautiful without being Gaudy.

IF YOU LOOK AT THEM YOU WILL HAVE THEM!

☞ An Inspection is respectfully solicited. Prices from annas 2 and upwards.

MADON, SONS AND Co.,
23, HUMMUM STREET, OPPOSITE SIRDAR'S BUILDINGS, FORT, BOMBAY.

### F. S. MADON & Co.'s

BEST PALE
NEWFOUNDLAND
COD LIVER OIL.

EXTRACTED from Fresh Livers, is almost entirely free from taste or smell. The Oil is the only kind authorised by the Medical Council and prescribed by the Principal Physicians and Surgeons of the United Kingdom. Is freely taken without producing nausea or the other unpleasant symptoms which are produced by other Oils and sold in the market. Is tolerated by the most sensitive of stomachs.
☞ Up-country Orders promptly and carefully executed.
Per Bottle, As. 10 and Re. 1-4.

F. S. MADON & Co.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CHEMISTS,
NEAR ZOOMA MUSJID, BOMBAY,

### F. S. MADON'S

CONCENTRATED COMPOUND ESSENCE OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA

IS decidedly the best Preparation of its class. Is nourishing to the Blood and strengthening the system. A certain and unfailing specific for Scrofula, Skin, Humours of all kinds, Boils, Granular Swellings, &c. Cures Rheumatism, Liver Complaints, and all disorders of the Blood.
☞ Up-country Orders promptly and carefully executed.
Per Bottle, Rs. 2.

F. S. MADON & Co.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.
NEAR ZOOMA MUSJID, BOMBAY.

### BOMBAY CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

OPPOSITE THE GENERAL POST OFFICE, FORT, BOMBAY.

BOOKS FOR SALE OR ON SUBSCRIPTION.
LIST OF NEW BOOKS RECEIVED ON 16TH DECEMBER, 1891.

| | Rs. a |
|---|---|
| Barracks, Bivouacs and Battles; by A Forbes, LLD | 1 12 |
| Burning of Rome: A story of Nero's Days; by the Rev Alfred J. Church, MA, Illustrated | 3 4 |
| Byron's Letters (Camelot Series) | 0 10 |
| Burns' Letters (Camelot Series) | 0 10 |
| Concealed for Thirty Years: Being the Narrative of one Edward Grey | 3 12 |
| Dame Care; by Herman Sudermann | 2 4 |
| Essays of Michael, Lord of Montaigne | 2 4 |
| Factory Act Legislation: Its Industrial and Commercial Effects, Actual and Prospective (Being the Cobden Prize Essay for 1891); by Victorine Jeans | 2 4 |
| Handbook of Athletic Sports; edited by Ernest Bell, M.A. (Athletics, Cycling, Skating), with 190 Illustrations | 2 4 |
| Hypnotism; by Dr. Foveau De Courmelles, with numerous Illustrations | 2 4 |
| Living Theology; by Edward White, Archbishop of Canterbury (Preachers of the Age) | 2 4 |
| Life, Times, and Labours of Robert Owen; by Lloyd Jones | 2 4 |
| Manual Training in Education; by C. M. Woodward, A.B., with Illustrations (Contemporary Science Series) | 2 4 |
| Marie Louise: The Island of Elba, and the Hundred Days | 3 2 |
| Master of Ballantrae: A Winter's Tale; by R. Louise Stevenson, Illustrated | 2 4 |
| Mr. Balfour's Rule in Ireland; by M. J. F. M'Carthy, B.A., T.C.D. | 0 10 |
| My Canadian Journal; by the Marchioness of Dufferin and Ava, with Illustrations from Sketches by Lord Dufferin, Portraits and Map | 9 0 |
| My Three Years in Manipur and Escape from the Recent Mutiny; by Ethel St. Clair Grimwood, with Illustrations and Plan | 11 4 |
| One Man's Work (English Ladies' Novelettes); edited by Edwin J. Brett. Division 3, containing 13 complete and original Stories, beautifully illustrated | 1 0 |
| Penance of Portia James; by "Tasma" (Colonial Edition) | 1 6 |
| Reynolds's Discourses (Camelot Series) | 0 10 |
| Short Plays for Drawing-Room Performance; by F. C. Burnand, Sir Gilbert Campbell, &c., &c. | 1 10 |
| Secret of Madame De Monluc; by the Author of "The Fiddler of Lugau" | 3 12 |
| Story of the Iliad; by the Rev. A. J. Church, M.A., with Illustrations after Flaxman | 3 12 |
| Story of the Odyssey; by do. do | 3 12 |
| "Strange People's" Country; by C. E. Craddock (Colonial Edition) | 1 6 |
| Santa Barbara, etc.; by Ouida | 3 12 |

CHRISTMAS NUMBERS FOR 1891.

| | |
|---|---|
| Yule Tide, one plate, "The Lady with the Lamp" | 1 0 |
| The Illustrated Sporting and Dramatic News, "Little Dame Durden" | 1 0 |

CHILDREN'S XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S BOOKS, XMAS, NEW YEAR AND BIRTHDAY CARDS, from 1 Anna to 1 Rupee.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### MARIONETTES,

PATRONIZED BY
THEIR EXCELLENCIES LORD AND LADY HARRIS,
AT THE
SKATING RINK.
TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!! at 9 P. M.

PART 1.—The Marvellous Fantoccini Interlude.
PART 2.—The Court Minstrels with New Songs and Dances.
INTERVAL OF 10 MINUTES.
PART 3.—The Grand Pantomime "Beauty and the Beast."
TO CONCLUDE WITH
THE HARLEQUINADE.
GORGEOUS TRANSFORMATION SCENES.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

| | |
|---|---|
| Reserved | Rs. 2 |
| Second | " 1 |
| Back | As. 8. |

Plan at SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

SPECIAL MATINEE ON SATURDAY,
3 P.M.,
When Children are admitted Half-price to all Seats.

THE PERFORMANCE ON TUESDAY NEXT
will be under the patronage of
BRIGADIER GENERAL BUDGEN,
COMMANDING BOMBAY DISTRICT,
AND OFFICERS OF THE GARRISON.

### INDO BRITISH INSTITUTION.

A CONCERT
will be given in the
TOWN HALL,
ON WEDNESDAY, 13 JANUARY, 1892,
at 9-15 P. M.,
IN AID OF THE FUNDS OF THE ABOVE INSTITUTION,
under the personal patronage of
H. E. THE GOVERNOR AND LADY HARRIS.

The Institution has been promised the kind assistance of
Mrs. WALKER, Mr. ANDERSON CLARKE,
Mrs. GREENWAY, Mr. BASIL SCOTT,
Miss N. TUDBALL, Mr. THELENBERG,
Mr. METAXAS,
Mr. FREYVOGEL.
Mr. R. N. MANT. Capt. HEYMAN.
TICKETS: PRICE Rs. 3, Rs. 2, and Re. 1, can be obtained at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

### THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited, will be CLOSED from 18th to 31st December, 1891, both days inclusive, and the DIVIDEND will be payable on and after the 21st instant.

WALLACE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers.
Bombay, 17th December, 1891.

### A SUPERB HAIR DRESSING!!
### FLORAL HAIR DOUCHE.

THE MOST REFRESHING AND NOURISHING HAIR DRESSING EVER KNOWN.

ITS effects are Tonic, Cooling, and Refreshing. Intended for men and women. Nourishes and Strengthens the Hair, arresting its falling out and preventing Premature Baldness. Has a Tonic influence on the Scalp and Skin of the Head. If once used no other Hair Dressing is needed.
STANDS UNRIVALLED
In fragrance, which is charmingly sweet and delightful.
Per Bottle, Re. 1-4.

MADON, SONS & Co.,
23, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

XMAS CARDS!
XMAS CARDS!!
XMAS CARDS!!!
IN GREAT VARIETY.
From Annas 2 to Rs. 22 each.

MORENAS & COMPANY,
GENERAL MERCHANTS.

### POPULAR
### BEAUTY—CHARM

For Beautifying and Improving the Complexion.

A Few applications impart to the Face, Neck, Arms and Hands a delicate Softness and Velvety Smoothness, with the tint and fragrance of the Lily and the Rose. Positively removes Tan, Freckles, Sunburn, and all Roughness and Blemishes.
Price: Re. 1-4 per Case.

MADON, SONS & Co.,
23, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

BEST Cawnpore Single and Double Leather Belting of all Sizes and Miscellaneous Leather Goods. The undersigned have been appointed Sole Sub-Agents in Bombay for the Government Army Boot Factory, Cawnpore, and are prepared to supply the above. Samples of Belting and other Leather Goods can be obtained for inspection on application.

HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM & Co.,
Church Lane, Fort.

## WANTED.

WANTED

A Thoroughly Practical MILL ENGINEER to take the representation of the most recent improved Cotton Spinning and Weaving Machinery, consisting of the acknowledged most advantageous system of Ring Spinning of either Cops or on Bobbins, on the best "Flexible Gravity" spindle.
Spinning Preparation Machinery of every description for all kinds of Spinning fine or coarse counts.
Weaving Preparation Machinery acknowledged in the cotton manufacturing districts of England, as well as on the Continent of Europe, to be the best in the market, supplied with Lancaster's patent improvements.
Looms of every description on Lancaster's patent principle, the result of over 50 years' practical experience.
By the aid of our Special Machinery Tools, and the simplicity in the construction generally, we are enabled to compete with keen competition of quality of workmanship as well as prices.
Boilers, engines, Mill Gearing, Shafting, etc., guaranteed on the most advantageous, substantial, and economical principle. We protect our inventions by patents for the purpose only of securing preference and Royalties are not charged upon them.
Plans, Estimates and Illustrated Catalogues supplied on application for new Spinning and Weaving Mills, or otherwise extension of Machinery in existing Mills.

ADDRESS: WM. LANCASTER,
Engineer and Machine-Maker,
Accrington, England

### IMPORTANT NOTICE.

F. CORNAGLIA,—The successor to Federico-Peliti, Confectioner, begs to inform the Gentry and Public (so that there may not be any mistake or delay in sending out the orders) that when giving orders to please address their letters to him (F. CORNAGLIA) and not to F. Peliti, the latter having nothing to do with the Bombay and the Poona Business.
His well-known CHRISTMAS CAKES, PASTRY, CHOCOLATS, and SWEETS, etc., approved by everybody, are of first quality and at reduced prices.
Price List free on application. To Messes. Merchants and Schools 10 per cent. discount.

F. CORNAGLIA,
CONFECTIONER and CATERER,
83, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY,
1, MAIN STREET, CAMP, POONA.

### SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S.
### VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5, Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper, Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard, Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge, under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

# EVENING DRESS SUITS

The Newest Materials, and manufactured specially for India. Cut and finished in the best West End Style.

Fine Black Twills.
Black Corkscrews.
Black Baratheas.
Black Venetian
Black Ladies' Cloth.

PRICE: Rs. 75, Rs. 85, Rs. 95, Rs. 105.
Patterns, Catalogues, and Instructions for Self-Measurement will be sent on application.

## ASQUITH, LORD & WHITMORE.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS,
SIRDAR'S PALACE, BOMBAY.

## MESSRS. MARCKS & COMPANY,

WATCH, CLOCK, AND CHRONOMETER MAKERS;
GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS;
MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF JEWELLERY;
DIAMOND AND PEARL MERCHANTS;
DEALERS IN EVERY SORT OF PRECIOUS STONES,
No. 43, ESPLANADE ROAD, AND No. 1, ASH LANE,
BOMBAY, AND AT POONA.

OUR numerous Friends and Customers having often expressed their appreciation of our liberal arrangements for their convenience, we beg to state publicly that we shall always study how best to meet the wishes of all persons dealing with us. The large European and Native establishment of skilled workmen kept by us has lately been increased; and we are prepared to execute all the additional orders, with which we may be favoured, with even greater despatch than heretofore.

THE REPAIRING of WATCHES and CLOCKS is still done entirely by the best-skilled European Watch-makers; and each Time-piece is thoroughly examined and tested by the Managing Director before it leaves their hands.

## MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., LD.,

43, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY, AND AT POONA.

## SPENCER & CO.'S CIGARS.

PROPRIETARY BRANDS:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| SALISBURYS, | GOLD MOHURS, | SIESTAS, |
| BEACONFIELDS, | IMPERIALS, | MAYOS, |
| TORPEDOS, | LITTLE RANDOLPHS, | SUMATRAS, |

NOTICE:—SPENCER & Co.'s FACTORY at Dindigul is the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE CIGAR FACTORY IN INDIA. All their Cigars are made from Picked Material, under trained European Management, and they have no hesitation in stating that their Productions are unequalled by any in India.

PROCURABLE FROM ALL THE PRINCIPAL CIGAR DEALERS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

## CIGAR DRYING BOTTLES.

These Bottles are made with hollow stoppers, in which is placed a bag of lime for absorbing moisture. They are much appreciated by smokers in damp climates, and during the monsoon, for keeping Cigars in smoking condition.

Diameter at base, 7 ins.
Height, including stopper, 11 ins.,
Price Rs. 5-0 nett.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR DEALERS WHICH CAN BE OBTAINED ON APPLICATION.
CIGARS OF ANY SIZE OR SHAPE CAN BE MADE TO ORDER.

## SPENCER & CO.,

HEAD OFFICE:—MADRAS.

## RICH CANTON SILK.

LUXURIOUS WEAR. EXTREMELY DURABLE.

SHIRTS, Rs. 7 NET.
SLEEPING SUITS, Rs. 15 NET.

MEASUREMENTS REQUIRED:—COLLAR WORN, CHEST AND HEIGHT.

## BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.,

BOMBAY.

## VOLKART BROTHERS, BOMBAY.

ELECTRO-TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT,
CONSULTING ELECTRICIANS,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS,
AND CONTRACTORS FOR
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
STOCK AND SHOW ROOMS:
APOLLO HOUSE, APOLLO STREET,
BOMBAY.

ESTABLISHED IN A. D. 1888.

S. N. GHOSH'S COMPOUND DECOCTION.

SARSAPARILLA.

THIS preparation has been prescribed with great success in cases of Weakness, Scurvy, Scrofula, Rheumatic Affections, Sore-eyes and all other diseases arising from impurities of the blood. Price: Rs. 1-8 per phial; packing, As. 4; Dozen, Rs. 15.

WONDERFUL RHEUMATIC OIL, S. N. G.'s.

It is a valuable remedy in Rheumatism, Lumbago: Sciatica, Rheumatic Gout, etc., of any standing. Price, Re. 1 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 10.

SPLEEN MIXTURE, S. N. G.

Is one of the best and most reliable medicines for Spleen Enlargement, and never fails to give relief. Price: Rs. 1-4 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 12.

S. N. GHOSH, Chemist,
[illegible] Bechoo Chatterjee's Street, Calcutta.

RESIDENTS IN INDIA WILL FIND
CEYLON
An agreeable place to visit during
THE HOT SEASON.

NUWARA ELIYA.—The Sanitarium is 6200 feet above Sea.

And after reaching Colombo by short sea voyages, is easily approached by Rail. First Class Return Ticket Rs. 18. "THE GRAND" & "CRITERION" HOTELS are charmingly situated, over-looking Lake and Mountain scenery. Furnished with every comfort. Excellent Cuisine. Bracing climate, but not too cold. W. MILSOM & Co., Proprietors, Nuwara Eliya, Ceylon.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great Poets; by W. E. H. PRICE, Rs. 1-8; postage, Anna 1.

## NOTICES.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs. JOHN DICKINSON and Co., London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

### BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce have appointed the following days for the purpose of BALLOTING for the ELECTION of the CHAIRMAN and DEPUTY CHAIRMAN of the Chamber for the year 1892:—
THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 10th and 11th instant, for the Election of Chairman.
THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 17th and 18th instant, for the Election of Deputy Chairman.
The Ballot Box will be OPEN at the offices of the Chamber from 10 A.M. till 6 P.M., on each of the above days.

By Order of the Committee,
JOHN MARSHALL,
Secretary.
Bombay Chamber of Commerce, 1st December, 1891.

### ADMINISTRATOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE.

In pursuance of Section 42 of Act XXVIII of 1866 and Section 28 of Act II of 1874 as amended by Act IX of 1891, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the undermentioned estates, should send statements of their claims to this office, showing the amount claimed and supported by vouchers or other proofs (without which the claims cannot be investigated) on or before Friday, the 15th day of January 1892, after which date no claims will be admitted and the assets will be distributed.
CHARLES EDWARD VASSILION, late of Colaba in the Presidency of Bombay, who died at Colaba on the 19th August, 1891.
ARTHUR HATTON, late a Captain in the Indian Staff Corps 1st Infantry Hyderabad Contingent, who died at Ellichpur on the 19th August, 1891.

L. P. D. BROUGHTON,
Administrator-General of Bengal.
7, Council House Street, Calcutta, 4th December 1891.

### GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
### COTTON WASTE.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of COTTON WASTE required by the Company for twelve months, commencing the first day of February, 1892, estimated at 250 tons.
Tenders, which must be on the Company's Form, sealed, superscribed, and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 1,000, will be received by the Agent, at his office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 P.M. (Gunfire), on WEDNESDAY, 6th January next, after which hour no Tender will be received.
Forms of Tender can be obtained and samples seen upon application to the undersigned.
The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 10th December, 1891.

## BANKS.

### NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED

| | |
|---|---|
| SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... | £ 1,000,000. |
| PAID UP CAPITAL..... | £ 500,000. |
| RESERVE FUND ..... | £ 100,000. |

The Capital has been adjusted at 1s. 6d. per rupee at a cost of £116,625.

HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.
BRANCHES:
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KURRACHEE, DELHI, RANGOON, AND MANDALAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS are received for Fixed Periods at Rates of Interest which may be ascertained on application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India and Australia, purchased or collected.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

JAS. BUCHAN,
Manager.

### CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
PAID-UP CAPTAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£300,000.
HEAD OFFICE:
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.
INTEREST ALLOWED

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000.
On FIXED DEPOSITS for
12 months at 4 per cent. per annum.
6 " " 3 " "
3 " " 2 " "
All Letters should be addressed, and Remittances made Payable to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.

### NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED.

| | |
|---|---|
| PAID-UP CAPITAL..... | £ 607,229 |
| REST ..... | " 20,000 |

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest:—
FIXED, for 12 months .....4½ per cent. per annum
INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts, daily balances not exceeding Rs. 50,000.
DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
SECURITIES received for Custody; NO COMMISSION CHARGED ON WITHDRAWAL. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.
A Baggage and Agency Department in London has been added for the convenience of Eastern Constituent, and a West End Branch has been opened at 25, Cockspurs St., Trafalgar Square.

A. F. SIMPSON,
Manager.

### HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

| | |
|---|---|
| Paid up Capital..... | $ 100,00,000 |
| Reserve Fund..... | $ 63,00,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Proprietors..... | $ 100,00,000 |

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

F. DE BOVIS, *Chief Manager.*
London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE:
ALBERT DEACON, Esq., (of Messrs. E. & A. Deacon).
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. KESWICK, Esq., (of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co.)
DAVID MACLEAN, Esq., 31, Lombard Street, E. C.
WM. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited).

THOMAS JACKSON } Managers.
EWEN CAMERON }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| LONDON, | HONGKONG, | SHANGHAI, |
| AMOY. | HANKOW. | PENANG. |
| BANGKOK. | HIOGO. | SAIGON. |
| BATAVIA. | ILOILO. | SAN FRANCISCO. |
| BOMBAY. | LYONS. | SINGAPORE. |
| CALCUTTA. | MANILA. | TIENTSIN. |
| FOOCHOW. | NEW YORK. | YOKOHAMA. |
| HAMBURG. | PEKING. | |

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent. on Daily Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.
On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 4 Per Cent.
On Fixed Deposits, for 6 months, at 3 Per Cent.
Terms for shorter periods on application.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Agent.
40, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 31, Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

## WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS,

### NOTICE.

### CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 121 Military Messes and 32 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

| | |
|---|---|
| PAGE AND SANDEMAN. | Pall Mall, London |
| JUSTERINI AND BROOKS. | Pall Mall, London |
| CHRISTOPHER AND Co. | Pall Mall, London |
| POMMERY AND GRENO. | Rheims. |
| LANSON PERE ET FILS. | Rheims. |
| PERRIER JOUET AND Co. | Epernay. |
| HEIDSIECK AND Co. | Rheims. |
| AYALA AND Co. | Chateau d'Ay. |
| ERNEST IRROY AND Co. | Rheims. |
| RUINART PERE ET FILS. | Rheims. |
| DAUMAL ET FILS. | Rheims. |
| COLIGNY FRERES | Rheims. |
| KIDD AND SHADBOLT. | London. |
| CURLIER FRERES | Cognac. |
| GABRIEL ST. MARC | Cognac. |
| LEACOCK AND Co. | Madeira. |
| COSSART, GORDON AND Co. | Madeira. |
| COCKBURN, SMITHES & Co. | London. |
| VAN ZELLERS AND Co. | Oporto. |
| P. J. VALCKENBERG. | Worms-am-Rhein. |
| NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS. | Bordeaux. |
| A. DE LUZE ET FILS. | Bordeaux. |
| WOODHOUSE AND Co. | Marsala. |
| JAMES CATHCART AND Co. | Leith, N. B. |
| CHAS. MACKINLAY AND Co. | Leith. |
| SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co. | London. |
| GOVERNMENT CELLARS. | Budapest. |
| THOS. MOSLEY AND Co. | Gibraltar. |
| J. SACCONE | Gibraltar. |
| C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR. | Côtes d'Or. |
| J. & R. GRANT | Rothes. |
| ACKERMANN-LAURANCE | Saumur. |
| C. A. LINDGREN AND Co. | Stockholm. |
| ANDREW ROWAN. | Melbourne. |
| FRANK BAILEY AND Co. | London. |

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES.
Selected and Shipped by BLANDY BROS. & Co., of London.
MADEIRAS—From the Celebrated "Blandy" Stock.
PORTS—From Hooper Bros., Oporto.
SHERRIES—From Manuel Gazteln E. Yriarte, Cadiz.
CHAMPAGNES—From Henriot and Co., Reims.
CLARETS—From Le Fils D'A Leon Aine, Bordeaux.
HOCKS—From Meyer & Coblenz, Bingen-am-Rhein.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Pattison, Elder & Co., Leith.
WHISKIES, SCO—From Ross and Cameron, Inverness.
DETAILED LIST OF PRICES & TERMS FROM
R. RAMCHANDRA & Co., SOLE AGENTS,
11, FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

### BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

THE FOURTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION will be OPENED on FEBRUARY 3, 1892. Usual Prizes and Medals will be Awarded. Prospectuses issued shortly. Apply to SOUNDY and Co., Ld. Pictures, &c., must be sent in to SOUNDY and Co., Ld., not later than MONDAY, January 25th, 1892.

L. R. W. FORREST,
Honorary Secretary.

### J. NEUBERG,

5, MEDOWS STREET,
BOMBAY.
SEASON 1891-92.

| | |
|---|---|
| Albums (Photo. & Scrap). | Microscopes. |
| Bath Tubs (Galvanised Iron). | PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS. |
| Bath Tubs (Travellers', with Cover). | PIANOS, Lipp's, Square and Semi-Grand. |
| BENT WOOD FURNITURE. | Piano Insulators. |
| Canteen Baskets. | Piano Stools. |
| Carpets. | Pipes, Meerschaum, Briar, Clay, &c. |
| CIGARS & CHEROOTS. | Roasting Jacks and Screens. |
| Cigar Cases and Holders. | Sheeting. |
| CIGARETTES (EGYPTIAN, Th. Vafiadis). | Shikar Cloth. |
| Cigarettes (Own Manufacture). | Smokers' Requisites. |
| Cigarette Cases and Holders. | Snuffs. |
| COOKING STOVES, for Wood, Coke, or Coal. | Sponges, Bath and Toilette. |
| Counterpanes. | SPOTTED CABANAS. |
| D'Oyleys. | TABLE LINEN. |
| Eau de Stuttgart. | Table Covers, Fancy. |
| ENAMELLED IRON WARE. | Teas, Kangra and Nilgiri. |
| Folding Furniture. | TOBACCOS. |
| Folding Tables (Iron). | Toilette Table Covers. |
| HAVANNAH CIGARS. | Towels. |
| Luncheon Baskets. | Travellers' Requisites. |
| | Walking Sticks. |
| | Wanzer Cookers. |
| | Warming Stoves. |
| | Washing Sets, Enamelled Iron. |

Particulars and Special Catalogue supplied on Application.

J. NEUBERG,
BOMBAY.

### CLARKE'S
### UNRIVALLED HAIR DYE.

WARRANTED not to stain the Skin. Prepared in two separate bottles. The effect will be instantaneous. Hair will retain its gloss for a long time. It has already been tested by many persons with great success. For changing Red or Grey Hair to beautiful shades of Black or Brown according to instructions given, this quantity will last 8 months applying every 10 or 12 days. Price Rs. 3 for the two Bottles; or for Doz. set Rs. 30, packing extra.

### CLARKE'S MIXTURE
FOR KILLING WHITE ANTS, &c.

This mixture is one-third the price of Carbolic Acid. I will totally eradicate White Ants, and if applied to furniture once a month will prevent depredations on any kind of wood work or paper. No kind of insect will approach it. It has been tested at the Surveyor-General's office with success. Price Rs. 12 per gallon; or Rs. 2-4 per Bottle, packing extra.
SEVERAL UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

S. N. GHOSH, CHEMIST,
SOLE AGENT,
85, Bechoo Chatterjee's Street, Calcutta.

### THE FAMOUS
### HAKIM NAJAT ALI SHAH KADIRI,
OF BAGHDAD.

(A GREEN FLAG OVER THE GATE)
153, Foras Road (near Napier Foundry), Byculla, Bombay.

PERSONS suffering from Constitutional Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Paralysis, Diabetes, Rheumatism, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Impotency, Palpitation of the Heart, Intermittent Fever, Jaundice, Liver, Piles, Spleen, Mercurial Eruptions, Cholera, Eye Diseases and other Chronic Diseases standing over 30 Years, and given up by English and Native Physicians, can have their cases radically Cured according to constitution. Since his arrival he has Cured several serious cases, considered by Doctors as incurable, and other diseases treated by him most satisfactorily, (*D. V.*) some in 40 days more or less, and holds first-class Registered Certificates.

VISITING HOURS, 7 to 11 A.M. and 3 to 6 P.M., DAILY CERTIFICATE.
No. 278, Grand Trunk Road, Howrah.
19th October, 1887.

Dear Sir,—My daughter, whom you have succeeded so admirably in curing of her Dysentery was, as you are aware, suffering from that disease for close upon 8 months. I placed her under Kabiraj, Alopathic, and Homœopathic treatments successively, without the least benefit whatever, until I placed her under your treatment, with the result that, in about a couple of weeks, she was completely restored to health. Throughout the long course of her suffering, she passed large quantities of blood and mucus daily.
You may make any use of this note, which I give you with very great pleasure.

Yours truly,
(Sd.) I. C. BOSE,
Asst. Accountant General, Bengal.

Patients requiring my medicines must send me the following instructions:—Age, Height, whether Lean or Stout, Duration of Disease, &c., &c.—Name and Address should be written Legibly.

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## BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

### BANKS.

| Names. | Shares. | Amount. | Paid-up. | Last Half-Yearly Divd. | Cash Rate. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| INDIAN BANKS. | | | | | |
| Bank of Bombay | 20,000 | Rs. 500 | Rs. 500 | Rs. 25 | Rs. 977½ |
| Bank of Bengal | 40,000 | 500 | all | 5 pr. ct. | 995 |
| Bank of Madras | 10,000 | 500 | all | 5 pr. ct. | 890 |
| EXCHANGE BANKS. | | | | | |
| Agra | 100,000 | £10 | all | 5 pr. ct. | 122½ |
| Charter Bank | 40,000 | £20 | £20 | 7 pr. ct. | £28 |
| Char. Mercantile | 30,000 | £25 | £25 | 5 pr. ct. | 330 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation | 80 | $125 | all | 15 pr. ct. | £53— |
| National Bank of India | 37,320 | £25 | £12½ | 6 pr. ct. | 175 |
| New Oriental Bank | 50,000 | £10 | all | 6 pr. ct. | 150 |
| Silver Share | .. | .. | .. | .. | 100 |

### SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

| Names. | Shares. | Amount. | Paid-up. | Last Half-Yearly Divd. | Cash Rate. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ahmedabad | 600 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 90 | 1,400 |
| Alliance | 1,500 | 1,000 | all | Rs. 20 | 495ex |
| Anglo-Indian | 9,345 | 100 | 100 | 5 | 82 |
| Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary) | 871 | 500 | all | 9 per.ct. | 511 |
| Bombay United | 900 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 25 | 660 |
| Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co. | 600 | 500 | 500 | 20 | 410 |
| Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld. | 500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | .. | 510 |
| Britannia Mills | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 30 | 570 |
| Central India | 3,750 | 500 | 500 | 35 | 1,200 |
| China Mills Co. Ld. | 800 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil | 575 |
| City of Bombay Mills | 800 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 50 | 995 |
| Connaught Mills | 600 | 500 | 25 | 10 pr.ct. | 635 |
| Colaba Land & Mill | 1,000 | 700 | 700 | 15 | 630xd. |
| Cooria Mills | 800 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 25 | 470 |
| Coral Mills Co. Ld. | 5,698 | 100 | 100 | 50 | 110 |
| David Mill | 1,480 | 500 | 500 | Rs. 30 | 445 |
| Dhun Mills | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 50 | 850 |
| Empress | 2,100 | 500 | 25 | 10 pr.ct. | 580 |
| Framjee Petit | 1,250 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 35 | 525 |
| Gordon Mills | 2,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil. | 96 |
| Hindustan | 875 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 40 | 710 xd |
| Hinganghat Mill | 700 | 500 | 25 | 10 pr.ct. | 660 |
| Howard and Bulloughs | 1,500 | 500 | 500 | 25 | 570 |
| Hyderabad | 700 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 40 | 770 |
| Imperial Cotton | 900 | 500 | 500 | Rs. 17-8 | 350 |
| Indian Manfg. | 900 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 50 | 925 |
| James Greaves | 1,100 | 500 | 25 | 10 pr.ct. | 635 |
| Jaffer Alli | 600 | 500 | 500 | Nil. | 340 |
| Jamshed Manufacturing Co. | 1,600 | 250 | 250 | 12½ | 222½ |
| Jewraz Baloo | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 30 | 745 |
| Jubilee Mills Co., Ld | 600 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 20 | 500 xd |
| Khandeish | 750 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 30 | 650 |
| Khangaum Manfg. Co | 400 | 250 | 250 | 25 | 533 x |
| Khatao Mackunjee | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 25 | 560 |
| Leopold | 3,500 | 100 | 100 | 15 pr.ct. | 195 |
| Lord Reay Mfg | 445 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 35 | 700 |
| Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 57½ | 955 |
| Madras United | 350 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 100 | 2,000xd |
| Mahaluxmee | 600 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil. | 420 |
| Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga) | 2,400 | 500 | 50 | 15 pr.ct. | 500nom |
| Manockjee Petit | 4,000 | 1,000 | all | Rs. 70 | 1,355 |
| Mazagon | 5,000 | 250 | 25 | 8 | 117½ |
| Morarji Goculdas | 1,050 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 70 | 1,725 |
| Maharaja Mysore S & M Co | 4,500 | 100 | 100 | 7 pr.ct. | 105 |
| Mathura Mills | 7,779 | 100 | 100 | Nil. | par |
| National | 500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil. | 175 |
| New Great Eastern | 1,400 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 35 | 695 |
| Oriental | 5,725 | 625 | 625 | Rs. 12½ | 430 |
| Presidency Mills Co (Ld.) | 743 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 50 | 1,200 |
| Queen Mills | 800 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 40 | 62[illegible] |
| Ripon Mills | 600 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 50 | 1,085xd |
| Sassoon | 1,500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 25 | 1,400 |
| Sholapore Mills | 500 | 1,800 | 1,000 | 60 | 1,175 |
| Soonderdas | 750 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil. | 525 |
| Southern India | 1,000 | 500 | 500 | Nil. | 100nom |
| Southern Mahratta | 1,212 | 250 | 250 | 12 | 270 |
| Sun Mills, Ld. | 1,300 | 250 | 250 | Nil. | 245 |
| Star of India | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 30 | 460 |
| Swadeshi Mills | 3,000 | 500 | 500 | Rs. 20 | 470 |
| Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co | 900 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Nil. | 765 |
| Victoria Mills | 550 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 20 | 370 xd |
| Western India | 1,200 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 40 | 700 xd |
| Wadia Mills | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | .. | 70 |

### RAILWAY COMPANIES.

| Names. | Shares. | Amount. | Paid-up. | Last half-yearly guar. | Cash Rate. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock | ... | £100 | all | 5 p.c | 2,400 |
| B. B. & C. I. R. New £18 Shares | ... | £ 18 | ... | do. | 420 |

### PRESS COMPANIES.

| Names. | Shares. | Amount. | Paid-up. | Yearly. | Cash Rate. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Akbur | 200 | 1,250 | 1,250 | 75 | 1,100xd |
| Albert Ginning Co | 100 | 500 | all | 18 pr.ct. | 450 |
| Albert (Kurrachee) | 200 | 1,100 | 1,100 | 60 | 810 |
| Apollo | 750 | 2,400 | 2,200 | Nil. | 205 |
| Bellary | 167 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 40 | 350 |
| Bombay Cotton | 1,000 | 125 | 125 | 10 | 132½ |
| Breul's Cawnpore Press Co Ld | 500 | 200 | 200 | 16 | 90 |
| Colaba | 500 | 1,880 | 1,880 | 45 dvd | 320 |
| East India | 350 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 130 | 1,450 |
| English Press and Manfg. | 180 | 250 | .. | Rs. 20 | 175xd |
| Fort | 515 | 8,500 | 8,500 | 50 | 925 |
| French | 300 | 500 | all | | 545 |
| Harvey and Sabapathy | 450 | 450 | 500 | 30 | 410xd |
| Hengoli Press Co, Ld | 750 | 100 | all | 32½ | 145 |
| Khangaum | 240 | 450 | 450 | 54 | 500 |
| Mahmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld | 300 | 500 | 500 | pr. ct. | 50 |
| Mercantile | 1,000 | 125 | 125 | Rs. 7½ | [illegible] |
| Mofussil Co | 3,125 | 400 | 400 | Rs. 40 | 435 |
| Munmar M | 1,000 | 250 | all | Rs. 35 | 2. |
| New Berar | 1,200 | 500 | 500 | 55 | 5 |
| New Indian | 4,000 | 125 | 125 | Rs. 12½ | 111½ |
| Prince of Wales | 600 | 500 | 500 | 20 | 390 |
| Sabapathy (Bellary) | 500 | 500 | 50 | 20 | 500 |
| Sassoon | 300 | 500 | 500 | .. | 500 |
| Sind and Punjab Co | 100 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 25 | 1,250 |
| Sind | 400 | 2,000 | 750 | 35 | 445 |
| Sorab Woollen Mills | 1,200 | 250 | 250 | 75 | 210 |
| Volkart | ... | 1,000 | ... | Rs. 100 | 830 |

### MISCELLANEOUS.

| Names. | Shares. | Amount. | Paid-up. | Last Dividend. | Cash Rate. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alcock Ashdown | 1,000 | 200 | 200 | 10 | 250 |
| | 750 | 50 | 150 | 7½ | 195 |
| Back Bay Baths | 500 | 50 | 50 | 12 | 50 |
| Badham Pile | 5,000 | 100 | 100 | 12 | 106 |
| Bapty Brothers | 6,625 | 200 | 185 | 18 | 42 |
| Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited | 1,250 | 100 | all | Nil. | 100nom |
| Bombay Fire Insurance | 600 | 2,500 | 1,000 | 75 | 830 |
| Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation | 1,000 | 2,500 | 1,500 | 135 | 3,850 |
| Do. New Issue | 500 | 375 | 625 | 33½ | 985 |
| Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld. | 1,250 | 100 | 100 | | 93 |
| Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld. | 400 | 500 | 500 | 3 pr.ct. | 630 |
| Bombay Flour Mill | 1,000 | 500 | 500 | Rs. 37½ | 890 |
| Deccan Ice Co. | 1,170 | 100 | 100 | 4 pr.ct. | 15 |
| Deccan Paper Mills | 1,000 | 500 | 50 | 5 pr.ct. | 395 |
| Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills | 1,500 | 200 | 200 | Rs. 14 | 155 |
| Geyer & Co., Ld. | 500 | 100 | 70 | .. | 70 nom |
| Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn | 5,000 | 100 | 10 | 10 pr.ct. | 13 |
| John Robert & Co. | 1,500 | 100 | 100 | 10 pr.ct. | 93 |
| Kemp & Co. | 4,000 | 200 | 175 | 26½ | 307 |
| Kurrachee Landing | 500 | 500 | 300 | 30 | 100 |
| Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co. | 3,500 | 100 | 100 | Nil. | 36 |
| Marcks & Co., Ld. | 4,000 | 100 | 100 | Rs. 10 | 9½ |
| Napier Hotel Co | 2,000 | 100 | 100 | 9 pr.ct. | 51xd |
| Napier Foundry | 1,000 | 100 | 200 | .. | 60 |
| Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance | 5,000 | 200 | 50 | 12 pr.ct. | 180 |
| Oriental Loan | 5,000 | 20 | 20 | 8 pr.ct. | |
| Phillips & Co., Ld. | 4,000 | 100 | 100 | 7 pr.ct. | 80 |
| Port Canning Co. | 6,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 20 | 475 |
| Prince of Wales Fire In. | 250 | 8,000 | 1,000 | N dvd. | 2,350 |
| Royal Flour Mills | 2,500 | 100 | 100 | .. | 30 |
| Soundy & Co | 1,000 | 100 | 100 | 9 | 84 |
| Southwell and Austin, Ld. | Ord. 1,000 | 100 | 100 | 5 pr.ct. | 50 |
| Do. | Prf. 1,000 | 100 | 100 | 10 pr.ct. | 100 |
| Treacher & Co. | 2,000 | 500 | all | 85 | 980 |
| Thacker & Co. | 1,500 | 100 | 100 | 10 | 93 |
| Telephone Co. | 9,200 | 25 | 25 | 5-8 | 18½ |

### PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| English Bar Gold | Rs. | 22-14 | |
| China Leaf | " | 22-12 | Nominal. |
| Pekin, Bar Gold old | " | 22-12 | Nominal. |
| Do. do. new | " | 22-10 | Nominal. |
| Australia do. | " | 22-14 | |
| Bombay do. | " | 22-8 | |
| English Sovereigns | " | 14-1 | |
| Do. Drazons | " | 14-3 | |
| Bar Silver 17 Betterness | " | 106-10 | |
| Do. 17½ do. | " | 106-13 | |
| Carolas Dollars | " | 221 | Nominal. |
| Mexican do. | " | 223 | Nominal. |
| Five-Francs | " | 281 | Nominal. |

# BOMBAY.

### TO-DAY.

Ballotting for Election, Deputy Chairman, Chamber of Commerce, 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Bombay Graduates Association, 5-15 p.m.
Music at the Yacht Club, 5-45 p.m.
Lady Harris's Reception, Malabar Point, 5 to 7 p.m.
Sale of Work, European General Hospital.
Bombay Rifle Club, Spoon Competition at Coorla, 6 a.m.
Gaiety Theatre, Stanley's Opera Company, 9 p.m.
Skating Rink, Mon. D'Arc's Marionnettes, 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 16th :—Ehrenfels (s), from Hamburg. Yesterday :—Kilwa (s), from Busreh ; and Hoseinee (s), Persian Gulf.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Culna (s), for Calcutta, &c. ; and Newcomen (s), Karachi.

POLO.—The ground will be reserved for polo this (Friday) afternoon.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Ehrenfels entered, and the s. s. Minna Craig left the dock yesterday.

BOMBAY SWIMMING CLUB.—The Hughes Cup Race was yesterday morning won by J. P. Phelan (20 secs. start).

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karachi, Sind, Verawal, Mangrole, Porbunder, and K. Mandvie, per extra s. s. Karagola, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 8 a.m., on Saturday, the 19th instant.

THE BOMBAY GRADUATES' ASSOCIATION.—A general meeting of the Bombay Graduates' Association will be held to-day, at 5-15 p.m., in the rooms of the Bombay Presidency Association, Hornby Row, Fort, to consider and adopt the draft letter to the University Registrar about the University Examination reforms.

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES AT DADAR.—To-morrow, the annual entertainment and distribution of prizes to the pupils of the Antonio da Silva's School and the Girls' School of the Sacred Hearts of Jesus and Mary, founded by the late Very Rev. J. B. Fernandez, will take place. The parents of the pupils and the public are invited to attend.

DISMISSED FROM GOVERNMENT SERVICE.—Bharmanna bin Ningangauda, late Revenue and Police Patil of the village of Shaokarashali, taluka Kod, in the Dharwar Collectorate, having been convicted under Section 436 of the Indian Penal Code, is hereby declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity.—*Bombay Government Gazette.*

ENTERTAINMENT AT SHOLAPUR.—A correspondent telegraphs :—This evening our popular judge, Mr. Tagore, and Mrs. Ghosal, gave a *fete* to the Parsee children which was the first of its kind. About fifty children with their parents attended the party. The young guests were entertained with toothsome luxuries and the young folks in response delighted their hosts with all sorts of merriment. The gathering ended with prize-distributions.

THE ALLEGED FATAL ASSAULT.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, the man Succaram was charged with culpable homicide not amounting to murder in causing the death of Babajee Deojee, a mill-labourer, by assaulting him on the head with a stick, on Tuesday evening. On the application of Inspector McCormack, the Magistrate remanded the case, pending the conclusion of the Coroner's inquest.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry, Mr. A. A. Wilson, bandmaster, will play the following programme at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club this evening, at 5-45 o'clock :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Quadrille | Merry England | Williams. |
| Overture | La Sirene | Auber. |
| Valse | Fedora | Bucalossi. |
| Finale to Second Act | Belisaria | Sullivan. |
| Selection | The Gondoliers | Donizetti. |
| Polka | Primrose | Holl nd. |

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

A CASE OF KIDNAPPING.—At the Esplanade Police Courts yesterday, before Mr. C. P. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Aga Jan Mahomed, who is undergoing penal servitude, in the Tanna Jail, for a term of three years, on a charge of picking the pocket of a Native Christian at the Papdee Market, in Bassein, under circumstances already reported, was sentenced to undergo hard labour for two years on conviction of a charge of kidnapping a Mahomedan boy, named Suleman, a minor. The prisoner had fourteen previous convictions against him.

HOMLO HAU.—From an advertisement on another page, it will be noticed that the Alfred Dramatic Company will reproduce, on Saturday (to-morrow) evening at the Novelty Theatre the favourite play of "Homlo Hau," the work of Mr. Nanabhai Rustomji Ranina, who has firmly established his reputation as a Guzerati author. His dramatic pieces and other works have always been most favourably received by the public. Upwards of three years ago, this company performed the same play for the benefit of the Alexandra Native Girls' English Institution, when nearly Rs. 1,500 were earned, which sum formed a handsome contribution to the school. The play discloses the deep-laid schemes of Homlo, who is a consummate cheat, but as thieves never thrive, he comes to grief in the end. The piece is fraught with fun, satire, and music—the songs being composed by the well-known Parsi poet, Mr. Pherozeshah Rustamji Batlivala. After the lapse of a long interval, the reproduction of this drama will surely draw a crowded house on a moonlight night.

## CONCERT AT THE Y. M. C. A. ROOMS.

WE would draw the attention of our readers to the announcement appearing in another column regarding a concert to be held at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms, on Tuesday next, in aid of the funds of the Association. The programme promises to be a very attractive one, as several friends of the Association, whose names are well-known in musical circles in Bombay, have kindly promised to assist. Among the vocalists are :—Mrs. Nixon, Miss Tudball, Miss Waller, and Mr. Thelenberg, all of whom have on previous occasions performed at concerts held in the Town Hall. The instrumentalists include Miss Pedraza, Herr Schmuck, Mr. F. W. J. Vining, and Mr. M. T Carroll. The committee of the Y. M. C. A. have spared no trouble to make the concert a success, and we hope that their efforts will result in a substantial addition to the funds of the Association.

## GOVERNMENT WORKHOUSE CHRISTMAS DINNER AND POOR FUND.

CAPTAIN WALSHE begs to acknowledge with many thanks, the following contributions :—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| "Tiger" | 15 |
| Dr. Geo. Waters | 10 |
| The Hon. Lyttelton H. Bayley | 10 |
| Mr. H. Curwen | 10 |
| Mr. C. E. Kane | 10 |
| Mr. C. B. Lynch | 10 |
| Captain K. Macaulay | 5 |
| Mr. G. W. Roughton | 10 |

## CAMA HOSPITAL.

THROUGH the kindness of friends, an entertainment for the patients has been held every year in this hospital at Christmas. This year a Christmas tree for the children's ward is in contemplation, and those who are willing to help should send contributions in the shape of toys, fruit, sweets, or money to the House Surgeon before the 23rd inst.

MR. H. K. DISNEY, Deputy Superintendent, Sind Revenue Survey, has been allowed furlough, on medical certificate, for twelve months, in lieu of six months' leave already granted him, on urgent private affairs.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending December 15 was 531, giving a death-rate of 31·76 per annum per thousand as against 20·51 the corresponding period of last year, and 25·48 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 137 died from fevers ; 5, small-pox ; 15, phthisis ; 11, measles ; 59, diseases of the nervous system ; 95, affections of the respiratory organs ; 19, diarrhœa 5, dysentery ; 29, stillborn ; 46, old age and debility ; 6, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths show :—Buddhist or Jain, 27 ; Brahmin, 22 ; Bhattia, 3 ; Hindu of other caste, 250 ; Hindu outcaste, 34 ; Musalman, 148 ; Parsee, 26 ; Jew, 4 ; Native Christian, 10 ; Eurasian, 1 ; European, 4 ; Negro African, 1 ; Chinese, 1. The total number of births was 276 as against 235 the corresponding period of last year, and 301 the average over the past five years.

## HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice JARDINE and the Hon. Mr. Justice TELANG.)

### A MEMBER OF THE "GOLDEN GANG" TRANSPORTED FOR LIFE.

IMPERATRIX *vs.* KUVERJEE SORABJEE *alias* SHAPURJEE.

Mr. Jardine, instructed by Mr. Maneksha, applied for the admission of an appeal in this case from a decision of Mr. T. Hamilton, Sessions Judge of Dharwar, who, on the 28th October last, convicted the petitioner of cheating and thereby inducing delivery of property ; and considering previous convictions, sentenced him to transportation for life.

The facts of the case are stated by the Session Judge to be these :—The accused and another man, named Purshotum Thakur, were charged with having cheated one Dharnendra Nagaya, at Hubli, on the, 5th March last, by selling him as gold, for Rs.490, a brass necklace. The story of the complainant was that, while on a visit to Hubli, where he was carrying on his profession as an itinerant doctor and astrologer the two men had on several occasions come to him for medicine ; and that on the last occasion, they offered him for sale a necklace which appeared to him to be gold. They gave him a loose bead, saying it was similar to those of the necklace, which he took over to a goldsmith, who said it was worth some Rs. 22 per tola. He then bargained to purchase the necklace at Rs. 20 per tola, and he paid down Rs. 400 and gave a gold-embroidered silk turban in lieu of the balance of Rs. 90. On the following morning he found out that he had been cheated, and also that the two men had left Hubli. He then set off to try and trace their whereabouts in several of the larger towns in the Presidency, and after a vain search for a fortnight or so, he returned to Hubli and saw the two men alighting from a train, which had come into the station a few minutes after he himself had arrived, the one coming in from Guntakal, and the other from Bangalore. Recognising them, he at once gave information to the police ; and the men, who had taken their seats for Dharwar, were arrested. It appeared that, seeing escape was impossible, they each threw a bundle out of the window on to the rails on the other side of the train. These bundles were picked up and found to contain two brass necklaces very similar to that which they had sold to the complainant. On their persons, currency notes of the aggregate value of Rs. 780 were found. The story of the complainant as regarded the purchase of the brass necklace produced by him, was corroborated by three witnesses who happened to be in his shop at the time. As regarded the throwing of the bundles out of the carriage window by the accused, there was the evidence of two policemen. This endeavour on the part of the accused to throw away brass necklaces showed clearly their guilty knowledge, and was in itself conclusive of the truth of the complainant's story. The case for the defence was that the accused were not at Hubli on the 5th March. At the request of the appellant in this case, the Sessions Judge had applied to and obtained from Government a copy of the census schedule, wherein he said he had with his own hand entered his name and the names of the members of his family at Bombay on the night of the 26th February. The name of Kuvarjee did appear on this schedule. In the opinion of the Sessions Judge, there was no actual proof that it was the accused who filled in the schedule himself, though it seemed very probable. But even if the fact that he was in Bombay on the 26th February were proved, the case for the prosecution was in no way shaken. It was not said that he was at Hubli that day. There was nothing improbable in his having visited Bombay in one of the intervals, at the end of which he visited the complainant. There could be no doubt, the Sessions Judge thought, that the goldsmith, who was called as a witness, a confederate of the accused. Complainant said that the goldsmith offered to pay back the money if the charge were withdrawn. It was also proved that he left Hubli after the occurrence and could not be found for some time. On the whole case, the Sessions Judge concurred with the assessors in holding the offence of cheating clearly proved against both the accused. It appeared that they travelled about together, and from their method of procedure there could be little doubt that they were professional swindlers. For men of this class, the Sessions Judge remarked, an exemplary punishment was necessary.

The Sessions Judge deferred passing sentence pending enquiry with reference to alleged previous convictions against the accused Kuvarjee. The Commissioner of Police, Bombay, was asked to send up some one who would be able to say from personal knowledge whether the accused was the man who was previously convicted. One of the Bombay police inspectors afterwards went up with a photograph of the convict attached to the sheet, whereon the two former convictions were set forth. The likeness was exact. The inspector also spoke from personal acquaintance with the accused. The assessors were of opinion that the identity, which the accused had denied, was proved. The court found that the accused Kuvarjee was liable to the enhanced punishment provided by Section 75 of the Penal Code, and sentenced him to be transported for life. The sentence on the other accused was deferred.

Their Lordships admitted the appeal of the accused only on the ground that the sentence was excessive.

## HIGH COURT—DECEMBER 18.

(Before the Hon'ble the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

To speak to the Minutes of the Decree.

707—Payne, G and S—Toolsidass Kessowjee vs Ootumchund Manekchund—Baaishunker and K.

Reference from the Bombay Court of Small Causes.

Municipal Appeal—7-90—Gourdhundas Goculdas Tezpal vs Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay—Crawford B B and B.

Motion.

L, S, F and N—In the matter of the Indian Company's Act X of 1866 and in the matter of the Fleming S and W Co—Ardaseer, H and D—For liquidators.

Appeal for Hearing and Final Disposal.

721—Munsooklall, D and J—Bai Veerbaijee and another vs Buchoobhoy and others—J C Cama.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY.)

13-1890—A H Dinshaw—Ruttonbai (widow of the deceased) vs Hormusjee Maneckjee Mody—Nanu and H.

Testamentary Suits.

21-91—Thakurdas, D and C—Umtoolabai, widow, vs Dossajee Jiwanjee Rungwalla—T A Bland.

31-91—Little, S, F and N—Sha Mezjee Shamjee and others vs Sonee Pitamber Jairaz—Roughton and B.—(Not to be called on before the 21st December).

33-1891—Little S F and N Gosuavee Shree Jeewanlaljee Maharaj vs Gosuoumee Shree Gerdhurlaljee Maharaj—Tyebjee and D.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE PARSONS.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Defended New Long Causes.

326-91—Conroy and B—John Henry Tod and another vs Ebra im Natthu—Pestonjee, R, and K—Part heard.

327-91—Little, S, F and N—Lukmidass Bhimjee and another vs Vullubdas Gordhundas—Chitnis M and M.

340-91—Bhaishanker and K—Sorabhai Maganbhai vs Manshukram Kahandas—Craigie, L and O.

341-91—K J Mantri—Appajee Gopal Dintay vs Mooljee Rahim and another—In person.

227-91—In person—Jaitha Mooljee vs Dharamsi Ghella and others—In person.

349-91—Wadia and G—Jehanghir Nusserwanjee Mody vs C A Beyts and another—Little, S, F and N.

119-91—Wadia and G—Nanand Futtechund and another vs Bauvandas Hemchund—Tyebjee and D.

270-91—In person—Cullianjee Damodhur and others vs Kanialal Wassoodew and others—Wadia and G.

310-91—Conroy and B—J H Tod and another vs Luckmidas Purshotum—E Wilkin.

329-91—Macfarlane E and H—Goculbhoy Dowlutram vs Sewjee Pragjee—Crawford, B and Co.

362-91—Conroy and B—Sewjee Pragjee vs Shunker Ramchunder and another—Balkrisna V and K.

363-91—A F Turner—Kessoomull Parroomull vs Narroomull and Tullukchund—T A Bland.

365-91—Bhaishunker and K—Purbhooram Jiwanram vs Hajee Essa Hajee Essak and another—Wadia and G.

372-91—In person—A Pauper—Gungabai vs Nowrojee Cowasjee and another—In person.

391-91—In person—A Pauper—Sakoobai vs Vithabai and another—In person.

394-91—In person—Sewji Hurdas vs Khutizabai and another—In person.

THE German Social Democratic party intend shortly to propose an alteration in the law regarding the offence of "lese majeste." It proposes that a prosecution for slandering the Emperor or members of the Royal Family should not be taken up ex-officio by the public prosecutor, but should only be undertaken on the direct wish of the Royal personage affected. This proposal will probably find support in other then Socialist circles, as the present law is in many respects unsatisfactory. A recent case where a man was sentenced at Dantzig to six weeks' imprisonment for slandering the youngest son of the Emperor, an infant nine months old, was felt to be a *reductio ad absurdum* of the law as at present administered.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per bottle.

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE British s s Newcomen, 1,352 tons, Captain C R Hansen, cleared yesterday for Kurrachee, with the same bottom cargo and two deck passengers.

THE steam-ship Ehrenfels, 1,521 tons, Captain C G Kayser, arrived in harbour on the 16th instant from Hamburg via Antwerp, with a general cargo and Mr E Gruss as a cabin passenger. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Glade and Co.

THE B I S N Co's s. s. Culna, 1,468 tons, Captain G F Simpson, sailed yesterday for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. Clatpider, Mr Jung, Mr. Bods, Mr Kesoler, Mr McGregor, Mrs Bavun, Mrs N Fernandes, two children and infant, Mr E David, and 20 deck.

THE B I S N Co's s s Kilwa, 983 tons, Captain W Major, arrived in harbour yesterday morning from the Persian Gulf via Kurrachee, with a general cargo, 53 cases opium, 121 horses, and the following passengers :—Mr S Andrews, Mrs Livingstone and child, Mrs Tice and two infants, Mr Shaik Abdool Mohsin, Mr S M Saleh, three native ladies, Mr Abdool Mehsin Rashid, Mr Mehtab, Ahmed Mossin, Mr A Ramdem, Nawab Ooverzoo Dowlah and three friends, Mr Mahomed and five friends, Mr J M Hassan Khoja, Mr Allibin Jusub Khoja, and 97 deck.

### DEPARTURE OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O Co's s s Malwa, 1,696 tons, Captain C F Preston, will sail to-day for China via Colombo, with her Majesty's China and Australian mails, a general cargo and the following passengers :—For Sydney—Mr Brouche, Capt Watson, Mr Heggarty, Mr A Heggarty, Mr C Eardley Welmot, Mr S Gusoard, Mr M F Howard, Mr J T Martin, and Mr T C Reid. For Melbourne—Mr Foy, Mr P Rogers, Mr A Darving, Mr J Donnelly, Captain and Mrs Pitt, and Col and Mrs Graham. For Shanghai—Major King and Mr H A Ritchie. For Colombo—Miss Monsell, Mrs Bowley, child and nurse, and Mrs G Yes. For Calcutta—Mr G Filmer Gay.

### MARINE DEPARTMENT NOTIFICATION.

The following Notices to Mariners are published :—

NORTH CANARA COAST.

Information has been received from the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari that the Bhatkal and Murdeshwar Buoys were placed in position on the 14th and 19th ultimo, respectively.

BOMBAY COAST.

Information has been received from the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari that the "Parker Rock Buoy," which got displaced in the last monsoon, has been replaced in position.

Information has been received from the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari that the Chaldea Rock Buoy was placed in position on the 17th ultimo.

### VESSELS IN DOCKS.—DECEMBER 17.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | Sheds. | Company or Agents. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. B. Tower | 2672 | Purse | B | F Muir & Co |
| „ Nasari | 850 | McAdam | C | B & P S N Co |
| „ Ibis | 1112 | Costa | G | V Ebrahim & Co |
| „ Siam | .. | .. | M | P & O S N Co |
| „ Cy. of Perth | 2605 | Kinlock | N | Sir C Forbes & Co |
| „ Ehrenfels | 1522 | Kaysor | .. | Glade & Co |

HARBOUR WALL.

S.S. Bheema ........ Shepherd & Co

Time ball drops at Prince's Dock at noon, or Greenwich mean time, 7h. 8m. 44·3s.

The Time-ball over the Clock Tower at the Bombay Castle continues to be dropped regularly at 1 p.m. of Colaba mean time, or 8h. 8m. 44·3s a.m. of Greenwich mean time.

VICTORIA DOCK.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | No. | Company or Agents. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. Arabia | 2314 | Hillcoat | 2 | W & A Graham & Co |
| „ R. Rubattino | 3044 | Merello | 3 | F Bozzoni |
| „ Malwa | 1691 | Preston | 4 | P & O Co |
| „ Badsworth | 1278 | Fargher | 6 | W & A Graham & Co |
| „ Melpomene | 1818 | Mitis | 8 | J Janni |
| „ Oriental | 939 | Forbes | 10 | M Mackenzie & Co |
| „ Newcomen | 1372 | Hansen | (100 tons crane) | K Nixon & Co |

MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.

H M S Schwalbe .... 670 .. Oelrichs .... German man-of-war

ARRIVALS.

| Dec. | Vessel. | Commander. | From. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 16 | Ehrenfels (s) | Kayser | Hamburg, Nov 3. |
| 17 | Kilwa (s) | Major | Busreh, Dec 6. |
| | Hoseinee (s) | Hughes | Persian Gulf. |

DEPARTURES.

| Dec. | Vessel. | Commander. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 17 | Culna (s) | Simpson | Calcutta, &c. |
| | Newcomen (s) | Hansen | Karachi. |

The steamer Malwa, Captain Preston, obtained her port clearance yesterday for China, &c.

The steamer Fultala began to load yesterday for Calcutta, Rangoon, &c.

### CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.
13 City of Oxford s ... Miller ....... Liverpool, Nov 13.
Bhopal s .......... Haassen ...... Hamburg, Oct 20.

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 13.—Steamers Landaura, Scindia, and Wing Sang, and ship Hera.

### DAILY EXPORTS.—DECEMBER 17.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Perth s—351 cwts myrabollams, S Dossa and Co ; 40 bales wool, Carsey Kessowjee ; 20 bales wool, G Toolseedas

Arabia s—119 bales wool, M Jetha ; 35 bales wool, C Vusonjee ; 100 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co ; 51 bales wool, Framjee Sands and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Peshawur s—1 bale skins, Ewart Latham and Co ; 16 bales skins, W & A Graham and Co ; 8 bales skins, S Moloobhoy and Co ; 7 cwts ivory, Aldridge Salmon and Co ; 72½ cwts gum, J Samjee ; 70 cwts olibanum, A Chagla and Co ; 9 cwts ivory, M Adowjee ; 25¼ cwts ivory, M H Adowjee ; 5 cwts ivory, M Moosa ; 12 bales skins, Ewart Latham and Co ; 1½ cwts ivory, K Narayendas ; 3 cwts ivory, Joosub Chand ; 1¾ cwts ivory, P M Adumjee ; 4 bales cotton, The Bombay Co ; 3 cwts olibanum, N Mowjee ; 8¼ cwts ivory, & A Graham and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Badsworth s—800 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 14,007 cwts linseed, Killick Nixon and Co ; 650 cwts horns, Prier de Saone and Co ; 4,000 cwts wheat, F L Batliboi and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Arabia s—499 cwts fennelseed and 1,999 cwts gingelly seed, Nansee Khairaz and Co ; 3 bales silkwaste, Volkart Brothers ; 3,000 cwts teelseed, Ralli Brothers.

Benwell Tower s—901 cwts teelseed, Ralli Brothers ; 2,011 cwts gingelly seed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 2,001 cwts gingelly seed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR GENOA.

R Rubattino s—2,000 cwts wheat, E Spinner and Co ; 2,000 cwts wheat, Beyts Craig and Co ; 1,000 cwts linseed, R Kaderbhoy ; 37½ cwts linseed, 60 cwts wheat, 45 cwts gingelly seed and 22½ cwts castor seed, Bhaisett and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Glade and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

R Rubattino s—100 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

R Rubattino s—200 bales cotton, Glade and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Melpomene s—50 bales twist, Thos G Hill and Co ; 50 bales twist, E D Hajeen ; 395 bales twist, F Pestonjee.

Malwa s—70 chests opium, J Peerbhoy and Co ; 6 chests opium, L Chuttoo ; 13 chests opium, R Peerbhoy and Co ; 40 chests opium, C Ebram and Co ; 50 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co ; 61 chests opium, The P and O Co ; 9 chests opium, T Setaram ; 19½ chests opium, K Harmookrai ; 44 chests opium, H A Esmall and Co ; 37 chests opium, M H Esac Ellias ; 8 chests opium, Tata and Co ; 5 chests opium P Framjee ; 32½ chests opium Sorabjee N Talati and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Malwa s—121 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co ; 113 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co ; 76 chests opium, C Ebram and Co ; 39 chests opium, Silas E Sassoon ; 5 chests opium, Cursetjee Bamonjee and Co ; 44 chests opium, Tata and Co ; 8½ chests opium, B Balchund ; 2 chests opium, D Ramkoover ; 56 chests opium, Sorabjee N Talati and Co ; 54 chests opium, N J Abraham ; 5 chests opium, Balbukush ; 8 chests opium, G Shobhagmul ; 16½ chests opium, Buldeodas.

Melpomene s—230 bales twist, F Pestonjee.

FOR KOBE.

Melpomene s—4 bales cotton, John Fleming and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Melpomene s—25 bales twist, F Pestonjee ; 6 bales cotton John Fleming and Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Fultala s—205 bales cotton, R Luchmondass.

## MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL.—DECEMBER 17.

Oswald, Lieut, Ms, 3rd Burma Regt, on leave, from Bhamo

### BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 18th December, 1891.

1. There will be gun drill at the Fort Head Quarters at 7 a.m., to-day.

2. To-morrow, the 19th instant, both Companies will parade at the Apollo Bunder at 4-15 p m. and proceed to Pilot Bunder, Colaba; No. 1 Company to continue the annual course of Gun Target Practice ; and No. 2 Company for instructions in range finding and general duties in connection with the forthcoming annual course of the Company. Dress—Drill order.

3. A meeting of the Non-Commissioned officers in charge of Sub-divisions of both companies will be held at the Fort Head Quarters to-day, at 6-30 p.m., to make arrangements for the Sub-divisional carbine team competition.

By Order,
(Sd.) J. S. SLATER, Lieut.,
Acting Adjutant, B. V. A.

### BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON. L. H. BAYLEY, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 18th December, 1891.

1. The Regiment will parade on Saturday, the 19th instant, at 4-45, p.m., at the Cruickshank Road, end of the Parade Ground. Red uniform, helmets, arms and accoutrements. Members who are at the Tram Terminus at Colaba, Parel Road, Grant Road and Girgaum at 3-45, p.m., and those met on the way will have their fares paid ; members defraying there own fares will be refunded the amount on applying after parade to the Instructors and producing their Tram Tickets.

The Attack Formation will be practised under the Commanding Officer.

All Volunteers who can do so are requested to attend this, the last Saturday parade of the year.

2. There will be Company drill for "F" Company on the grounds of St. Mary's College, Nesbit Road, to-day, at 8-30 p.m.

3. The Regiment will take part in a Brigade Field Day on the 31st instant. Red uniform, helmets, arms and accoutrements. Officers will wear white (Jacket and Trousers) shoulder belts, swords, etc. (no gloves).

4. The following member having joined is taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to "G" Company :—No. 3188 Vol. H. Dell.

5. No. 3045 Vol. H. H. Spooner is transferred from "G" to "I" Company from this date.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1. The Squadron will parade in rear of the Marine Lines on Tuesday next, the 22nd instant, at 7 a. m. Carbines to be worn.

2. Mr. W. L. Ingham having rejoined is taken on the strength from this date and posted to "A" Troop.

3. Mr. G. L. Stacey having joined is taken on the strength from this date and posted to "B" Troop.

By Order,
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Major,
and Adjt. B. V. R.

### BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, Dec. 17.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned officer has been granted by the Secy of State for India and extension of leave for the period specified :—Capt G E Even, I S C, two months, private affairs.

The undermentioned officer and Warrant officer have been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to duty :—Capt G B Smith, Royal Artillery ; and Sub-Condr J W Marquis, Ordnance Dept.

The undermentioned officer has been granted by the Secy of State for India and extension of leave for the period specified :—Lieut H R Mead, I S C, two months, medical certificate.

Lieut-Col and Col J G Watts, S C, is admitted to the Colonel's allowance.

The following promotions in the Native Army are made :—Second (P W O) Regt (Grenadiers).—Jamadar Gyan Singh to be Subhedar, and Havaldar Shiwnac Gomnac to be Jamadar vice Subhedar Ragnac Devnac, pensioned.

The services of Lieut R J Bentinck, I S C, attached to the 5th B L I, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India.

The furlough in India granted to second grade Senior Apothecary F Fernandez, Subordinate Medical Dept, is extended by twelve months on medical certificate.

The following promotions in the Native Army are made with effect from the dates specified :—9th Bombay Infantry.—Havaldar Narayen Singh to be Jamadar vice Jamadar Sakaram Salvi, pensioned, and Jamadar Coostan-de-Souze to be Subhedar vice Subhedar Rawji Rawul, pensioned.

The undermentioned officers have been granted by H M's Secy of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified :—Col J G Fagan, Cavalry, six months, private affairs ; Surgn-Majors J Davidson, M B, I M S, and G E E Burroughs, I M S, two months, medical certificates.

The undermentioned officer has been permitted by H M's Secy of State for India to reside out of India on vacating his Civil appointment :—Col E M Woodcock, Indian Staff Corps.

Col G R Goodfellow, C I E, I S C, Political Supt, Palanpur, has been granted by the Secy of State for India furlough on medical certificate, for one year in supersession of the six months' special leave on urgent private affairs.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize Mr H Keyzar, a Master in Messrs Shepherd and Company's service, to pilot vessels in the port of Bombay.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Capt G B O'Donnell, Acting Third Assist Resident, Aden, a Member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Aden vice Mr P S V FitzGerald.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Consequent on the death of the Revd A C Lochee, the Revd P B Horne, M A, is promoted to the grade of Senior Chaplain.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—Capt R P Colomb, on the return to duty of Capt H M Abud, to do duty as Assist Political Agent, Mahi Kantha, and Capt S M Congreve-Schneider, on relief by Capt Colomb, to do duty as Second-in-Command, Kolhapur Infantry Corps, and ex-officio Assist to the Political Agent, Kolhapur.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Richard Merewether Phillips to be a Police Probationer, and to attach him to the office of the Dist Supt of Police, Kaira.

The Governor in Council has accepted the resignation by Mr Mancher sha Dossabhai Vakil of the appointment of Delegate of the Parsi District Matrimonial Court at Surat.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Lieut H T Pritchard, in temporary charge of the office of Cantonment Magistrate, Deesa, to be a Magistrate of the second class within the limits of the military cantonment of Deesa.

Mr Janardan Chimnaji Kolatkar has been appointed to be Clerk of the First Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Ratnagiri, vice Mr Sadashiv Krishna Kale, retired.

Mr F G Pratt, C S, Assist Collector in the district of Thana, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the second class in that district.

Col H B Jacob, Cantonment Magistrate, Karachi, is allowed privilege leave for two months and twenty-eight days.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr A E Cumming, City Magistrate of Karachi, to perform the duties of Cantonment Magistrate of Karachi, in addition to his own, during the absence of Col Jacob, or till further orders.

Rao Bahadur Narayan Krishna Thanedar, Huzur Depy Collector and Magistrate, first class, Kolaba, is appointed in the place of the Collector of the district to take part with the Sessions Judge of Thana in preparing and making out the list of persons qualified to serve as Jurors or Assessors at trials to be held before the Court of Sessions at Thana and in hearing objections to the said list and in revising the same in accordance with law.

Surgn H W Stevenson, Supt of Mahabaleshvar in the district of Satara, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the third class in that district, and is invested with the additional powers specified.

Mr Keshav Vasudev Karandikar is appointed to act as Subordinate Government Pleader in the Subordinate Judge's Court at Wai in the Satara District during the absence of Mr Ganesh Ramkrishna Datar, or until further orders.

Mr Subrao Shrinivas Kittur is appointed to act as Clerk of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Gadag in the Dharwar District from the 5th instant during the absence on privilege leave of Mr Narso Tamaji, or until further orders.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Rao Saheb Raghavendra Bhimrao Desai, Mamlatdar of the Sholapur Taluka and Magistrate of the second class in the district of Sholapur, to exercise the powers vested in a Magistrate of Police by the said Act.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Rao Saheb Shrinivas Konher Rodda, Depy Educational Inspr, Dharwar Sub-division, is granted privilege leave for two months from such date as he may avail himself of it.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Mr Ibrahimkhan Ismailkhan Pathan to act as Depy Educational Inspr, Dharwar, during the absence of Rao Saheb Shrinivas Konher Rodda on privilege leave, or pending further orders.

Mr Venkatesh Abaji Sohoni, B A, to act as Depy Educational Inspr, Sholapur, during the absence of Rao Saheb Lakshuman Vishnu Paranjpe on privilege leave, or pending further orders.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased, with reference to Government Notification, Revenue Dept, to post Mr Ardesir Nasarvanji Master, L C E, acting Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests, to the Northern Circle.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—Mr W C Rand, CS, to do duty as Assist Collector, Bijapur ; Khan Bahadur Jehangir Maneckji Kharsedji to do duty as Dist Depy Collector, Bijapur ; and Mr N B Divatia, C S, on return to duty, to do duty as Assist Collector, Kanara.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Rao Bahadur Vasudev Ramchandra Patvardhan, on relief by Rao Bahadur K M Thatte, to act as Huzur Depy Collector, Nasik, during the absence of Rao Bahadur Lallubhai Gordhandas on privilege leave, or pending further orders.

Mr E H E Leggatt, appointed by H M's Secy of State for India a member of H M's Covenanted Civil Service on the Bombay Establishment, reported his arrival on the 15th instant, and has been placed under the orders of the Collector of Surat.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Assist Surgn Gangadhar Gopal Bopardikar, L M & S, is promoted from the third to the second class of Assist Surgeons.

Assist Surgn Manilal Gangadas Desai, L M & S, has been placed on general duty.

Surgn-Major B W Wellings, M S, has been appointed to perform the medical duties of the Lawrence School and Civil Establishment, Mount Abu.

Assist Surgn Rastamji Jamshedji Kapadia, L M & S, is appointed to the medical charge of the Kharaghoda Dispensary.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr H K Disney, Deputy Supt, Sind Revenue Survey, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India furlough on medical certificate for twelve months.

Mr A Dalzell, Assist Supt, Deccan Revenue Survey, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India an extension of six months' extraordinary leave without pay on medical certificate.

Mr H E Watson, Deputy Commissioner, Thar and Parkar, as been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India an extension of furlough on medical certificate.

Mr H Mainwaring, Depy Conservator of Forests, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India an extension of leave on medical certificate for four months.

Surgn-Major H W Boyd, Supt, Lunatic Asylum, Colaba, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India an extension of furlough for one day.

Surgn-Major H W Boyd, Supt, Lunatic Asylum, Colaba, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to order the following promotion :—Col J D Cruickshank, R E, to suptdg Engr, Class I, temporary rank.

Mr H M Thomson reverts to Suptdg Engr, Class II, temporary rank, and Khan Saheb Ali Akbar to Asst Engr, first grade, with effect from the same date.

Mr F A Dashwood is appointed to act as Ex Engr, Satara, and Mr F L Sprott as Ex Engr for Irrigation, Poona, during the absence of Messrs Cameron and Doig on special duty, or until further orders.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

Northern Division.

Khan Saheb Dinsha Jamsetji to be Mamlatdar of Dohad in the Panch Mahals and to draw the First Class Magisterial allowance attached to that taluka.

Rao Saheb Govindji Gopalji to be Mamlatdar of Anand in the Kaira District and to draw the special First Class Magisterial allowance now attached to that taluka.

Sothern Division.

Mr Balaji Ramchandra Paranjpe, Collector's Head Clerk, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Alibag, during the absence of Rao Saheb Antaji Bapuji Paradkar on one month's privilege leave commencing from 5th January 1892.

Mr H Pearson Supt, Main Salt Stores, Kharaghoda, was allowed privilege leave of absence for one month.

### PROVINCIAL GAZETTE.

(*Gazette of India.*)

Lieut E M Paul, R E, Asst Engr, 1st grade, is appointed Offg Ex Engr, Allahabad Div, Mily Works.

The undermentioned officers are transferred from the N-W Railway to the Mushkaf Valley Railway :—Mr T E Curry, Ex Engr, 2nd grade sub pro tem. Mr C J Cole, Ex Engr, 3rd grade, sub pro tem, and Mr J Woodside, Asst Engr, 1st grade.

(*Punjab Gazette.*)

Mr J G Lorimer, who has been appointed to the I C S, and attached to the Punjab, is appointed an Asst Commr of the 3rd grade, and posted to Gurdaspur.

Mr C H Atkins, who has been appointed to the I C S, and attached to the Punjab, is appointed an Asst Commr of the 3rd grade, and posted to Amritsar.

On being relieved of the charge of the Montgomery Dist, Mr H Scott Smith, Asst Commr, is appointed to officiate as Depy Commr of the Gujranwala Dist, vice Lieut G C Beadon.

On being relieved of the charge of the Kulu sub-div, Mr A H Diack, Asst Commr, is appointed Sr Secy to the Financial Commrs, Punjab, vice Mr J McC Douie.

On relinquishing charge of the duties of Under-Secy to the Govt of the Punjab, Mr A J Grant is appointed to officiate as Jr Secy to the Financial Commrs, Punjab, vice Mr D C Johnstone, proceeding on furlough.

Mr E B Francis, Sett Officer, Ferozepore, is appointed Depy Commr of Ferozepore, in addition to his other duties, from afternoon of the 8th of Dec 1891, vice Col F M Birch, retired.

Mr A E Orr, Asst Engr, is granted 1 year's furlough.

## THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON THURSDAY, THE 17TH OF DECEMBER, 1891.

1. The barometric readings are all corrected to Calcutta standard and reduced to the same temperature (32°) and also to the sea level.

2. The 2nd column under the head "Wind" gives the average motion of the air in miles per hour during the past 24 hours, and is obtained by dividing the total number of miles of wind registered by an anemometer during the previous 24 hours by 24.

3. The temperatures given in the table are of the air in the shade or in a small shed with open sides and a thatched or straw roof. The maximum (max.) and minimum (min.) temperatures are the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours preceding 8 a.m.

4. The humidity is given as a percentage expressing the rates of the actual amount of moisture in the air to the amount required to saturate it.

| STATIONS. | Barometer, 8 A.M. | Wind. Direction. | Wind. Rate per hour. | Temperature in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours. | Temperature in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours. | Humidity, 8 A.M. | Rainfall. Past 24 hours. | Rainfall. Since 1st Nov. to date. | Rainfall. Variation, 1st Nov. to date. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Delhi | 30·165 | Calm. | .. | 70·1 | 48·1 | 80 | ... | 0·10 | —0·18 |
| Agra | 30·183 | Calm. | 1 | 74·1 | 44·6 | 78 | ... | .. | —0·08 |
| Cawnpore | 30·155 | Calm. | 1 | 75·1 | 45·6 | 94 | ... | .. | .. |
| Allahabad | 30·144 | Calm. | 1 | 75·5 | 48·9 | 94 | .. | .. | —0·46 |
| Jhansi | 30·152 | Calm. | 1 | 79·4 | 48·7 | 63 | .. | .. | —0·20 |
| Jacobabad | 30·140 | Calm. | .. | 78·9 | 42·6 | 65 | ... | ... | .. |
| Karachi | 30·097 | N E | 8 | 80·5 | 54·0 | 76 | .. | ... | .. |
| Ajmere | 30·202 | Calm. | 1 | 80·7 | 43·8 | 68 | .. | .. | —0·10 |
| Deesa | 30·115 | E N E | 7 | 91·3 | 49·9 | 40 | .. | ... | —0·08 |
| Rajkote | 30·101 | Calm. | 3 | 85·9 | 47·0 | 57 | ... | .. | —0·35 |
| Veraval | 30·043 | N N E | 5 | .. | 58·3 | 31 | .. | ... | ... |
| Neemuch | 30·167 | E | 3 | 81·8 | 47·4 | 53 | .. | .. | —0·13 |
| Indore | 30·154 | Calm. | 1 | 80·0 | 43·1 | 41 | ... | ... | —0·48 |
| Saugor | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Jubbulpur | 30·209 | Calm. | 1 | 77·4 | 42·9 | 86 | .. | ... | —0·82 |
| Hoshangabad | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | ... | .. |
| Khandwa | 30·154 | N E | 2 | 81·7 | 44·0 | 45 | .. | .. | —0·81 |
| Raipur | 30·123 | N N E | 3 | 80·0 | 52·3 | 64 | .. | ... | —0·76 |
| Nagpur | 30·129 | N | 4 | 81·9 | 52·3 | 47 | .. | ... | —1·13 |
| Amraoti | 30·114 | E N E | 5 | 84·8 | 53·0 | 33 | .. | ... | —1·08 |
| Akola | 30·145 | Calm. | 2 | 83·1 | 44·2 | 54 | .. | ... | —1·31 |
| Surat | 30·071 | N N E | F | 88·0 | 52·2 | 55 | ... | ... | —0·18 |
| Malegaon | 30·152 | W N W | 4 | 83·8 | 45·4 | 44 | .. | .. | —0·76 |
| Bombay | 30·028 | E N E | 7 | 86·1 | 67·0 | 74 | .. | 0·01 | —0·57 |
| Poona | 30·132 | Calm. | 4 | 86·5 | 47·9 | 30 | .. | 0·02 | —1·38 |
| Sholapore | 30·140 | E S E | 8 | 87·8 | 53·1 | 42 | .. | .. | —1·42 |
| Ratnagiri | 29·996 | E | 8 | 91·4 | 61·9 | 28 | ... | 0·01 | —0·50 |
| Belgaum | 30·051 | E | 1 | 84·3 | 54·4 | 27 | ... | 1·16 | —0·70 |
| Goa | 29·894 | E | 9 | 83·1 | 67·3 | 66 | .. | .. | .. |
| Karwar | 29·994 | N E | 2 | 90·6 | 60·1 | 57 | .. | 0·54 | —2·33 |
| Mangalore | 29·975 | E | 2 | 92·8 | 66·4 | 62 | ... | 2·01 | —1·61 |
| Calicut | 29·973 | Calm. | 6 | 88·8 | 71·6 | 85 | .. | 3·96 | —2·56 |
| Cochin | 29·974 | E N E | M | 73 | 74·6 | 81 | ... | 9·02 | +0·13 |
| Bangalore | 30·086 | N E | 20 | 82·7 | 56·9 | 68 | ... | 0·54 | —3·67 |
| Secunderabad | 30·056 | Calm. | 3 | 86·2 | 56·6 | 61 | .. | .. | —1·96 |
| Masuliptm. | 30·023 | N | 6 | 89·6 | 69·0 | 80 | ... | .. | —7·98 |
| Bellary | 30·063 | Calm. | 2 | 89·0 | 60·0 | 45 | ... | 0·72 | —1·58 |
| Cuddapah | 30·047 | N E | .. | 91·0 | 67·5 | 76 | ... | 0·36 | —6·10 |
| Madras | 29·998 | N | 12 | 83·2 | 73·2 | 91 | .. | 9·50 | —12·11 |
| Coimbatore | 30·005 | E | 3 | 89·8 | 69·8 | 90 | .. | 0·76 | —4·31 |
| Trichinopely | 30·001 | N | 4 | 88·0 | 79 | 82 | .. | 3·61 | —3·90 |
| Negapatam | 29·969 | W N W | 12 | 83·4 | 72·2 | 83 | ... | 28·38 | +3·61 |
| Colombo, (15th Dec.) | 29·955 | N | 10 | 85·5 | 76·0 | 75 | .. | 24·76 | +7·70 |

In column "Wind, rate per hour," L=Light, M=Moderate, F=Fresh, S=Strong, H=Heavy.

SUMMARY.

The pressure has changed by small or moderate amounts in all parts of the Indian region except at Jacobabad and Jhansi, where a brisk rise has taken place. The highest readings are reported from Rajputana and lowest from the Malabar and South Coromandel Coasts. Gradients are moderate to slight. The variations of pressure from the normal are generally small everywhere. Winds on the Coromandel Coast are northerly while an easterly current prevails elsewhere. The force has been moderate to fresh at Madras and Negapatam and generally light in other places. This morning, a wind velocity of 20 miles an hour is reported from Bombay and 8 from Goa, Karwar and Amraoti. The maximum temperature is above the normal everywhere except at Delhi Agra and Madras. The highest maxima are 93° at Mangalore and 91° at Cuddapah, Karwar, Ratnagiri and Deesa. Nights are 5° to 6° cooler than usual at most stations in the Bombay Presidency and at Mangalore, Indore, Akola and Khandwa, while the departures below or above the mean in other places are slight. The lowest temperature registered last night was 43° at Indore, Jacobabad and Jubbulpore. Humidity changes are irregular and the skies are partially clouded in Sind, Rajputana and at a few stations in the Madras Presidency. No rain has fallen at any station since yesterday. The weather is very damp at most stations in the Madras Presidency but the skies are almost clear ; hence, unless conditions change, little or no rain is likely at present. Elsewhere the weather is generally fine and settled.

S. H. C. HUTCHINSON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

## SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

GENTLEMEN'S Pearl-headed TOILET PINS, at Rs. 5, 6, 7, and 10 each. Fancy Jewellery in great variety.—Messrs. MARCKS and Co., Ld., Jewellers, and Diamond Merchants, 43, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay; and at Poona.

BADMINTON SHOES.—A New Shoe, Russian Hide, with Patent Front, Extra Quality, Rs. 8-8 Cash.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.—Teapoys, polished brass and Etageretables made from Metal in black with gold, copperbronzed or platinised. A beauty for the Drawing-room.—LAMP WAREHOUSE. R. DITMAR, late Theodor Knaust, 69, Esplanade Road.

IF you wish to buy Cheapest 'Xmas Toys, Dolls, and Presents go to SHROFF BROTHERS, CHEAPEST HOUSE, at Church Gate Street, Fort, and Market.

COTTAGE PIANO (Soundy and Co.) nearly new. Cost Rs. 650, wanted Rs. 450, owner going home. "J.", care of this office.

MUSCATED RAISINS, Currants ZANTE, Jordon Almonds, Turkey Figs, French Plums Chocolate Cream, Crystallized Fruits, Plum Pudding Fruits in Syrup, Fruits in Brandy, Fruits in Noyeau Crystallized Ginger, &c., &c.—BULL & Co., Apollo Bunder.

ENGAGEMENT.—An EXPERT TYPIST is OPEN for Employment. Apply to the BOMBAY TYPE-WRITING Co., 72, Medows Street.

FOR SALE, CHEAP.—A Select set of three dozen unmounted CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS of interesting Indian Native Characters and Views for Rs. 10 only. A Lot of Second-hand Books. List on application. Address "Juno," care of this paper.

4 ANNAS PER SHILLING! 4 ANNAS PER SHILLING!! Xmas and New Year Cards. Selling off at Greatly Reduced Prices. Very few left now.—Bull & Co., Importers of Bovril and Hungarian Wines.

"THE LOVE that LINGERS STILL," this beautiful Ballad dedicated to Her Excellency Lady Harris by Mrs. F. J. Grieves, R. A. M., will be sung by Miss Denvers in the Burlesque, LALLAH ROOKH, this evening. Published by Messrs. ROSE & Co.

MR. FRED. FANO, Assistant District Settlement Officer, Barsi Road, says: I have tried MOTIWALA'S MEDICINES in many cases and they have NEVER FAILED to CURE. I have cured three people while at Asitee in the first stage of Cholera. I think in the first stage of Cholera the Dysentrodyne is very useful.

HAM whole 6 to 16 lb. each, as. 12 per lb.; Ham on cut, Re. 1 per lb.; Stilton Cheese on cut, Re. 1-8 per lb.; Gloster Cheese on cut, As. 12 per lb.; Bacon on cut, As. 12 per lb.; Stilton Cheese in Jars, &c.—BULL & Co., Apollo Bunder.

STATUES FOR 'XMAS PRESENTS.—Made of a very Solid and Durable Composition known as "Cartonpierre" (stone composition) and while not heavy, are unsurpassed for strength. At CATHOLIC BOOK DEPOT, Fort, Bombay.

WALERS.—22 WALERS imported by Mr. C. S. Baldock, will be SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, to the highest Bidder, TO-MORROW at 3-30 p.m., at Queen's Road Stable, behind Churney Road Station.

FOR SALE, AGED, B. A. H., 14-2, excellent CHARGER, a very pleasant and quiet hack, to be SOLD very cheap as owner leaving. Apply 17, Marine Lines.

CHAMPAGNE—Just imported for XMAS and NEW YEAR a CHEAP BRAND of good CHAMPAGNE. Price only Rs. 21 per doz. qts.—D. P. BATHA & Co., Apollo House.

WANTED, an HOSPITAL ASSISTANT, in a Native State. Salary Rs. 30 Government money with free quarters, and prospects of promotion. Apply with Copies of Testimonials to "R.," care of this paper.

WANTED.—BUYING AGENT for a well-known brand of Light Beer. Address by letter "SUCCESS," care of this paper.

PEARSE'S OWN CHRISTMAS MINCE MEAT and PLUM PUDDINGS are now ready for sale. Price Re. 1 per lb.—PEARSE & Co., Apollo Street, Bombay.

XMAS and NEW YEAR'S CARDS, Tree Ornament, Dolls and Toys, Ham and Bacon on Cut and Fancy Goods.—D. B. MODY, 29, Apollo Street.

FOR SALE.—An English-built BROUGHAM, in First-Class order, the property of the late Sir HENRY MORLAND. Price Rs. 700. Can be seen a LAWRENCE & SONS, Coach Builders, Girgaum Road.

RIFLE FOR SALE.—Double-barrelled, central fire, rebounding locks, 16 bore.—ROGERS & Co., Hummum Street.

XMAS PRESENTS.—Diamond, Gold and Silver Jewellery, Indian Curios, Silks, Chudders and Shawls. FIXED PRICES.—HURJEEMULL & Co., Rampart Row, Bombay.

"BOMBAY FINE ART EXHIBITION—Pictures Mounted and Framed," and sent in for Ensuing Exhibition according to the Society's Rules.—D. B. DINSHAW and Co., Bombay Fine Art Gallery.

INDIAN ARTS and MANUFACTURES of every description, at moderate Prices, especially suitable for XMAS PRESENTS. Now on view at S. J. TELLERY and Co.'s Show Rooms, opposite Clock Tower, 8, Esplanade Road, Fort.

JAMES WATSON & Co.'s "GLENLIVET" *** Dundee Whisky is the best in India. Rs. 24 per Dozen. F. FLETCHER and Co., Agents; DHUNJEEBHOY C. OOMRIGAR, Retail Agent.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady, trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms apply to "B. L. A.," care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

SWEETS, CRACKERS, TOYS.—ARMY, NAVY & CIVIL SERVICE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY of INDIA, LD., Apollo Bunder.—Bombay.

RADAM'S MICROBE-KILLER, thorough Blood Purifier, the only remedy at the present day that has cured and will cure Consumption.—PHILLIPS and Co., Bombay and Poona.

THE STANDARD NEW ASSURANCES in 1890 were £1,572,248, the Largest Record in the Annals of this Company. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

FOR HIRE, TURN-OUTS.—First-class and very Comfortable CARRIAGES of all kinds, with excellent Horses, can be had on Hire by Day or Month at the LIVERY STABLES of MR. PESTONJEE EDULJEE SHROFF, Picket Road, Bombay. A Trial Solicited.

LANOWLI HOTEL.—Situated on best site, near Post Office. Only 5 minutes' walk from Station. Rooms, Board, and Lodging excellent; under European Management. For Terms, &c., apply to the Proprietor, S. BOMANJI.

RESIDENTS on MALABAR HILL will be SUPPLIED with FRESH BUTTER daily on applying to the BOMBAY DAIRY SUPPLY Co., Tamarind Lane.

NAGUR'S WORLD RENOWNED Safes and Chests. SAFES for Sale and Hire. Repairs carefully and efficiently executed. New and Old Safes exchanged or sold on commission. New and Second-hand English Safes of all makers.—NAGURDAS PURBHOODAS, 62, Apollo Street, Fort.

TO BE LET, a BUNGALOW, at Bandora Hill, next to Protestant Church. Apply to Mr. DINSHA MANECKJI DAVER, No. 143, Hornby Road, Fort.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED—Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

SODA WATER MACHINES for Messes, Rs. 400. Landed in Bombay. A Filling Machine, second hand, in good order, Rs. 90.—ROGERS & Co., Hummum Street.

TO WATCHMAKERS and JEWELLERS.—WHY buy GERMAN-made MATERIALS & TOOLS from Bazar? Go to CURSETJEE COWASJEE, G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, where you find none but English and Swiss Materials and Tools at Reasonable Prices.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of Batliwala's AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE. Surg-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg-Maj Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. C. Greengrass, Esq., Contractor, Tansa Water Works:—Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case. P. J. Daily, Esq, Chief Guard, S.-M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold drop. Send your orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co.; Phillips & Co., &c., at Re. 1.



NOTICE.

GENTLEMEN ATTENDING the RECEPTION at GOVERNMENT HOUSE, MALABAR POINT, on the 18th Instant, are requested to ENTER and LEAVE by the LOWER GATE.

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office, 17th December, 1891.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical, Surveying, Drawings, Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical Appliances, as expeditiously and cheaply as any Firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair share of Public Patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated Pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in the full Confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory Manner and Guaranteed.

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

COME AND SEE
SHROFF BROTHERS'
'XMAS BAZAAR.
CHEAPEST HOUSE.
TOYS, DOLLS, PRESENTS.
42, CHURCH GATE STREET,
52, ESPLANADE CROSS ROAD.

NEW INVENTION.

PAINLESS TOOTH Extraction. No Gas Inhalation; no Cocaine Injection. Fee Rs. 5. At one's own House Rs. 10.

N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
First Floor, next to National Bank, Bombay.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS cure Melancholy, sick Headaches and Costiveness.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are a sovereign remedy for Erysipelas, Diseases of the skin and Inflammation.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS have succeeded in working an effective cure when all other drugs have failed.

OYEZ! OYEZ!! OYEZ!!!
Be sure you call and inspect
S. L. NORMAN & Co.'s
STOCK OF
CHRISTMAS CARDS.
HUNDREDS OF UNIQUE DESIGNS
Ranging from
HALF ANNA, UPWARDS.
S. L. NORMAN & Co.,
CHURCH GATE STREET,
BOMBAY.

CUMMINS' PATENT,
GUARANTEED
COTTON BALING PRESSES.
OUTTURN FROM 200 TO 400 BALES PER DAY
ADVANTAGES.
COST OF HOOP, FUEL, GUNNY, AND LABOUR
REDUCED 35 TO 45 PER CENT.
MEASUREMENT OF BALES
REDUCED 20 TO 30 PER CENT.
400 LBS. BALES 6-4 CUBIC FEET.
500 LBS. BALES 8 CUBIC FEET.

The SAMPLE COTTON from bales of this measurement is highly approved of by the largest Cotton Firms in India, and is guaranteed perfect, no lumps no hard side.

BALES 300, 400, 500, OR 800 POUNDS,
SOLE MANUFACTURERS:
GREENWOOD & BATLEY, LD.,
ALBION WORKS, LEEDS, ENGLAND.

Our Representative, Mr. A. E. CUMMINS, from Leeds, is now on circuit in India, and is prepared to give Advice, Quotations, and accept Orders, on behalf of the Firm.

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## COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, DEC. 17.

AN advance of $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent. took place in the price of Consols in London yesterday, at 95½, but Indian Sterling Loan was unaltered, as also were the market rates of discount. About £100,000 in Gold was withdrawn from the Bank of England. Bar Silver was ⅜d. per oz. lower, at 43⅜d. per oz.; and Rupee Securities were ¼ per cent. Lower in Fours at £74⅜, but unaltered in the other denomination at the same quotation. In New York, also, the metal was ⅜ cents down at 95¼ cents per oz with demand Exchange on London unaltered at 4·85 dollars. The U. S. Treasury bought 708,000 ounces of Silver yesterday, at 95 to 95·70 cents. French Rentes in Paris were 95¼ *ex coupon*; Exchange on London was a centime lower, at fcs. 25·20½.

At the weekly Biddings for Indian Council remittances yesterday, the whole quantity of 35 lakhs of Bills offered was taken at 1s. 4 11-16d. Calcutta taking 27¾ lakhs, and Madras 7¼ lakhs, Bombay getting nothing. The above rate is 1-16d. above the regular allotment price on the previous Wednesday, though 1-32d. below that fetched by the extra Bills on Calcutta, placed on Saturday. A small amount (¾ lakh) of extra Bills at Bombay was afterwards sold at 1s. 4 23-32d. It is announced that 40 lakhs will be offered next week. The Exchange Banks in London put up their buying rate on India at 30 days' sight by 1-16d. making it stand at 1s. 4½d.

The Wheat Market remained dull yesterday, and a further decline of ½d. per cental was established both in No. 1 Soft White, and White Delhi, on the spot in Liverpool, at 8s. 5½d. and 8s. per cental. ex-quay, respectively. Linseed was firmer; but Tuesday's quotations are repeated for Bombay Seed, both ready, and to arrive.

Cotton in Liverpool closed quiet last evening, and Surats and Arrivals dull, the day's Sales having aggregated 10,000 bales, inclusive of 400 East Indian. The spot price of Mid-Americans remained at 4⅜d. and Surats were unchanged in value; but American Arrivals were 1-64d. higher in the nearer positions, and 1-32d. up for the more distant deliveries. The day's Imports were 23,000 bales. The Manchester Market was quiet.

Prices of Cotton in New York were virtually unchanged, ready Mid.-Uplands remaining at 8 cents. and Futures for March being a point higher, at 8·01 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were comparatively small at 28,000 bales; and the total figures for this season now give the following comparison with those of the previous two years:—

| | 1891. | 1890. | 1889. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wednesday's Receipts... | 28,000 | 4?,000 | 45,000 |
| Four days' do. ...... | 172,000 | 189,000 | 182,000 |
| Since 1st Sept. ...... | 4,207,000 | 3,876,000 | 3,773,000 |

Locally there has again been nothing doing in the staple for Export, and the Mills have taken only 600 bales, made up of 200 bales of old Wadwan at Rs 162; 100 bales each of old Viramgaum, at Rs 147; Bhownuggur, at Rs 162; and Morvi, at Rs 168; and 100 New Dhulia, at Rs 162 2½ per candy. The tone of the market has been quiet, but prices show no further change.

Cloudy and unseasonable weather prevailed this morning at Agra, in the Bengal Cotton circle; absence of rain was causing anxiety at Oomrawattee, and drought still continued at Barsee, in the Oomra circle; the Cotton plants were suffering from cold winds at Hubli in the Dharwar circle; and rain was much needed at Bellary. Otherwise the telegraphic reports are a repetition of Monday's excepting that at Wadwan, in the Dhollera circle, the dewfall was insufficient, though the Cotton plants continued to flourish and mature.

WHEAT has been in but small request for export, and our market, responding to that on the other side, as noticed above, has been dull in tone at a decline of half-an-anna per cwt., our closing quotations this evening being as follows:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| White Pessy 91 per cent. | Rs. | 5-11-6 | per cwt |
| Do. 85 „ | „ | 5-10-6 | „ |
| No. 1 Club Delhi........... | „ | 5-5-6 | „ |
| Red Delhi ................ | „ | 5-1-0 | „ |
| Hard Yellow.......... ...... | „ | 5-9-0 | „ |
| Red Ahmedabad ........... | „ | 5-2-0 | „ |
| Hard Red ....... ........... | „ | 4-14-6 | „ |

SEEDS have been taken to a moderate extent by shippers, in a quiet market. *Linseed* has given way half-an-anna per cwt., being now quoted at Rs. 6-15-0 to Rs. 7-0-0 per cwt.; but other descriptions are unchanged.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cotton ............................ | 2,126 | bales. |
| Wheat ............................. | 33,010 | cwts. |
| Linseed ............................ | 11,233 | „ |
| Gingelly ........................... | 10,989 | „ |
| Castorseed ......................... | 1,662 | „ |

FREIGHTS are quiet and steady for December shipment, but weak for forward loading, Liverpool, for January shipment, has been done at 21s. 6d. per ton.

MONEY.—After many months of unprecedentedly cheap money, the Bank of Bombay has this afternoon raised its rates of interest and discount by one per cent., making the minimum stand at 3 per cent. per annum. Local requirements would hardly appear to call for this change; but a better demand for money is stated to have set in up-country, no doubt, with the financing of the new Cotton crop, supplies of which should now be daily increasing.

EXCHANGE opened weak this morning on the receipt of lower quotations for Silver both from London and New York, as noted above, at a decline of 1-32d. from yesterday's closing rates, and continued in the same state till the afternoon, when rates steadied a little on its becoming known that the Presidency Bank had raised its rates, and a little more Private Paper came out. A sale of an amount of Bank Demand at 1s. 4 21-32d. was reported. The market closed steady at the following ready rates, with Bank Telegraphic, for February transfer, quoted at 1s. 4 21-32d.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bank Bills on Demand........ | 1s. 4⅝d. | per rupee. |
| Do. Telegraphic ........ | 1s. 4 19-32d. | „ |
| Do. 3 months' sight ... | 1s. 4 23-32d. | „ |
| Credits do. ............. | 1s. 4 13-16d. | „ |
| Francs do. ............. | 1·77 | „ |

The usual weekly official Return relating to Silver at the Mint gives the following figures:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Balance of Silver in the Bombay Mint on 9th Dec., 1891 ........ | Rs. | 33,48,000 |
| Silver received during the week ........ | „ | 9,49,000 |
| | Rs. | 42,97,000 |
| New Coin paid during the week ........ | „ | 6,01,000 |
| | Rs. | 36,96,000 |
| Silver belonging to private individuals ........ | „ | 24,40,000 |
| | Rs. | 61,36,000 |
| Last week ........ | Rs. | 45,75,000 |

GOVERNMENT PAPER may be called quiet but steady at a decline of ⅛ per cent. in Fours for Money, and 3 16 for Account from last evening's final rates. Up to near the close 107½ was named for cash, 107 1-16 for the January Settlement, and 106⅞ for the February account; but the market left off 1-16 per cent. lower. 105½ nominal has still been quoted for 4½ per cents.

SHARES continue neglected; but the market generally is unchanged at our quotations in the absence of fresh business.

## FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 17th December, 1891. (Difference in longitude allowed for.)

| Via. | Latest Date. D. | H. | M. | Time occupied in transmission. Hours. | Minutes. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Turkey .......... | 16 | 11 | 40a.m. | 25 | 56 |
| Teheran .......... | 17 | 1 | 33p.m. | .. | 26 |
| Suez.............. | 17 | 2 | 40p.m. | .. | 21 |

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. on 17th December, 1891.

| | Maximum Time. H. | M. | Minimum. H. | M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| From Calcutta........ | 1 | .. | — | 1 |
| „ Kurrachee ........ | .. | 14 | — | 1 |
| „ Madras........ | .. | 45 | — | 1 |

## THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, DEC. 16.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10 p.m. ............ | 71·8 |

THURSDAY, DEC. 17.

| | |
|---|---|
| 6 a.m. ............ | 69·5 |
| 10 a.m. ............ | 76·4 |
| 2 p.m. ............ | 83·4 |
| 4 p.m. ............ | 81·9 |

## DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

ANGUS—December 6, at the house of C Nickels, Esq.' Jaunpore, the wife of E E Angus, of twin daughters.
DOUIE—December 11, at Lahore, the wife of J M Douie, B C S, of a son.
FARWELL—December 12, at Peshawar, the wife Lieut-Col Farwell, 28th Punjab Infantry, of a son.
FRASER—December 10, at Shumsheruggur, South Sylhet, the wife of Gordon Fraser, Esq., of a daughter.
LESLIE—December 7, at Rawal Pindi, the wife of Captain J H Leslie, Royal Artillery, of a daughter.
LEWIN—December 10, at Jalna, the wife of Captain Wilfred Hale Lewin, Hyderabad Contingent, of a son.
MUIR—December 11, at Mainpuri, the wife of J W Muir, B C S, of a daughter.
WILSON—December 11, at Shahpur, the wife of J Wilson, C S, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

CRACKNELL—EMERSON—December 12, at St. John's Church, Calcutta, by special license, by the Rev H B Hyde, Henry Johnson Cracknell, third son of Charles Cracknell, late of Manningtree, Essex, to Eliza (Lill), youngest daughter of the late Stephen Sallett Emerson, East Dereham, Norfolk.
GORDON—THOMPSON—December 8, at Lucknow, at the Wesleyan Church, Dilkushna, by the Rev J A Elliott (Fyzabad), assisted by the Rev J Parson, Wesleyan Chaplain, Mr Arthur Neil Gordon, eldest son of General J Gordon, C B (Retired), to Amy Alice, elder daughter of Mr W Bancroft Thompson, Editor, *The Express*.
MALLITTE—SHEA—December 1, at Dalhousie, by the Rev F D Cobbold, George Eugene Mallitte, of the Mussoorie Bank, Limited, to Frances Vetrina, youngest daughter of the late Denis Charles Shea, of Ballinasloe.

DEATHS.

DOUIE—December 11, at Lahore, Owen, infant son of James and Mary Douie.
HANNAH—Mr Richard St Clair Hannah, after long suffering, aged 59 years and 5 months.
SOLOMON—December 7, in the Wesleyan Mission House, Lucknow, Florence Mary, daughter of the Rev E C and Mrs Solomon, aged 11 months and 3 days.

# The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1891.

THE Chief Secretary to Government, Mr. T. D. Mackenzie, has forwarded the reply of his Excellency in Council to the letter of the President of the Corporation of the 28th August last. The letter in question was the answer of the Corporation to the call of the Government to show cause why an infectious hospital should not be kept open for the treatment of cases of dangerous diseases in accordance with the provision of Section 61 of the Municipal Act which renders it incumbent on the Municipality to make adequate provision for the prevention of the spread of dangerous diseases in the City. A copy of the report of the Committee of experts appointed by the Government "to make inquiry as to the accommodation, equipment, and staff required to satisfy, in a reasonable sense, the exigency of the provision in question" has been forwarded to the President. That report states that it is the unanimous opinion of the members of the Committee that an infectious hospital should be permanently kept open in the City for the treatment of cases of cholera, small-pox, and relapsing fever, giving as a reason that for the most part the poorer classes in Bombay live in chawls where it is impossible to afford medical relief to the sick, and that there are besides thousands of persons with no regular abode who are frequently attacked by cholera and must die in the streets if a hospital be not open to receive them when taken ill. The Committee consider the Municipal Infectious Hospital in Grant Road sufficient for ordinary requirements, as it is capable of accommodating fifty patients, while the hospital sheds at Arthur Road can be made available for the reception of some hundreds of patients in times of epidemic. The Committee recommend that the earthen floor of the Grant Road hospital should be replaced by tiles, cement, or other impervious material; that a cook-house, store-room, and quarters for the attendants be provided. With these additions and a skeleton staff costing Rs. 108-8 per mensem the Grant Road Infectious Hospital would, in the opinion of the Committee, suffice for ordinary needs. The Government adopts the views of the Committee and invites the Corporation to give effect to it within one month, or in such longer time as may be required for executing the necessary building if such be required. If the Corporation do not comply with this requisition, the Government will take the steps to give effect to the recommendations of the Committee and charge the cost to the Municipal fund under the compulsory clauses of the Municipal Act.

The Chief Secretary informs the President, that in coming to this decision his Excellency in Council has not been influenced by the consideration that the Government has contributed towards the maintenance of hospitals and dispensaries in the Presidency City a sum averaging, it is pointed out with some asperity, during the last five years, little short of three lakhs a year, a sum exceeding the land revenue received from the Island of Bombay. In the correspondence, extending over some years, there has been the reply of Government stating no disposition to draw a comparison between this considerable contribution from Provincial funds towards medical aid in Bombay to what has been done by the Corporation. The Government has rested its arguments on the legal requirements laid down in the Municipal Act that it has no option but to see that those requirements are complied with. There has never been any disposition to detract from the public-spirited endeavour of the Corporation to procure a supply of pure water for the City, to improve the drainage and to attain a high standard in sanitation. But the full acknowledgment of all that the Corporation has done and is doing in that direction does not, it is argued, absolve the Government from the obligation of calling attention to specific duties of similar character which are imposed on the Corporation by law, and if its warning be ignored it is incumbent on the Government to resort to the compulsory clauses of the Municipal Act. The letter addressed to the President like the Resolution of Government published in another column which is almost identical in terms frankly acknowledges that the procedure adopted is an extreme measure, but it is justified on the ground of the indifference displayed by the Corporation to the proposals of Government—proposals for which it is claimed that they were conceived in a most conciliatory spirit. It can scarcely be contended that the same spirit is manifested in the further declaration that the Government was driven to take an extreme course by a distinct breach of an undertaking alleged to have been entered into by the Corporation in September 1889 to maintain the Infectious Hospitals in Grant-road and Arthur-road. The Corporation will doubtless reply to this charge of breach of faith that the hospitals in question have been maintained, seeing that they are still in existence, and are Municipal property available for use in periods of epidemic, and that the maintenance of hospitals does not necessarily involve their being kept open at all seasons for the treatment of cases of sporadic disease. This, of course, would be a plea of confession and avoidance on a minor point and leave the question really at issue untouched.

The charge of a breach of understanding is repeated, but it adds little to the force of the argument, that the Government in resorting to an extreme step had a twofold justification. More *ad rem* is the statement that a letter of Government stating that the accommodation provided in the Grant Road and Arthur Road hospitals would be sufficient for cases of infectious diseases which could no longer be received in the general hospitals, and that the Corporation need not provide larger hospitals for infectious diseases was left for months without reply and then a curt intimation was received that it had been "recorded." This was certainly a discourteous method of declining to discuss a conciliatory communication on a matter which had been the subject of long correspondence. Whether the incident was of sufficient importance to be adduced as a further justification for the resort to the bludgeon is doubtful. The Government, however, seems to consider that a failure of the respect due to higher authority renders necessary resort to the extreme rigour of the law. The reasoning seem to be somewhat faulty. It was not to punish a breach of good manners or failure to show due respect for the higher powers that the compulsory clauses were inserted in the Municipal Act, but to enforce in the last resort the performance of duties imposed on the Municipal authority. The Government holds that it is necessary in the interest of the public health that an infectious hospital shall be permanently kept open; that may or may not be a sufficient reason for a resort to the *force majeure*; why mix up this question with a complaint that a letter was answered curtly? Be this as it may the Government claims that there is the highest professional authority on certain points; first, that it is necessary that an infectious hospital shall be always kept open in Bombay; secondly, that the Municipal Act imposes the obligation to making "adequate provision" therefor on the Corporation; thirdly, that if the Corporation decline to acknowledge that obligation the Government have the legal right to take such steps as may be necessary and to repay the cost from the Municipal fund. The Corporation is invited to comply within a month with the requisition to carry out the recommendations of the committee of experts. Yesterday the President of the Corporation intimated that the questions involved will be considered at a meeting of urgency to meet on Monday next.

THE precise point at which in the evolution of a State a copyright law becomes a necessity is not easily indicated. But such a law is one of the resources of civilization which cannot long be dispensed with in a progressive community, and Hyderabad seems to have discovered, almost unconsciously, that the time has come when the author's rights in the productions of his brain should be taken under the protection of the law like any other form of property. We learn from a resolution recently issued by Sir Asman Jah in the Home Department how the need for such protection brought itself to notice. Two or three years ago the third Assistant to the Revenue Secretary published the revenue circular of the Government in the form of a handbook, and he thought he had secured his right in the work by getting a notification inserted in the *Government Gazette*. Other authors and compilers followed his example, believing that the force of law was conveyed in an official notification of ownership. But this seems to have been delusive, and in 1889 the Government went to the rescue of the makers of books within its Dominions by passing a Copyright Act. This, however, appears to mark only one stage in the literary evolution of the State, for a complete Press Act, under which amongst other things arrangements will be provided for obtaining information as to the publications of each year in the Nizam's Dominions, is promised. Thus far the books registered seem to have been mainly on legal and educational subjects, fiction, let it be recorded, in proof of the sobriety and stolidity of the Nizam's subjects, being almost unrepresented in the list. Even the solitary work of fiction published in Hyderabad last year had a serious purpose. It is a tale in Urdu, under the title "True Love," and it is said "to exemplify the stand made by civilization in the East against the encroachments of Western civilization on native society." The provocation to this work seems to have been given by a Hyderabad Moulvie, who had endeavoured to prove from the Koran and the traditions of the Prophet that the purdah system was unjustifiable. Orthodoxy, of course, had to give an answer to this, and the answer has been conveyed in the one work of fiction issued from a Hyderabad press during the year. The Resolution from which we learn this refers also to an agreement which the Government called upon the proprietors of newspapers to sign, by which the signatories undertook pretty much what the *Bangobasi* and the Bengal papers associated with it undertook a few months ago. The Home Secretary's description of the agreement is that it was meant to restrain injurious and illegal liberty, while giving full play to all lawful liberty. The majority of the newspaper-publishers seem to have taken another view of the agreement, for only two could bring themselves to sign it. The rest have passed out of existence, and Hyderabad is now almost a newspaperless land. The Home Secretary sheds no tears over the vanished journals, preferring rather to find in their collapse a confession that "they found it impossible to work after adopting an honest policy, and one which refrained from injuring individuals or parties." The promised Press Act, when it appears, will operate almost *in vacuo*; and it will be interesting to see what its effect will be on the two newspapers which have alone survived the recent Government measure. One of them, the *Deccan Punch*, is or ought to be a comic newspaper. Its jokes, amid the graves of its contemporaries, must be as sardonic as the laughter of the last man.

MR. NUGENT, Commissioner of the Southern Division, in a characteristic sentence, sums up the rain-making experiments which have just been made in Bijapur. "They will produce neither rain nor bolts out of the blue." Mr. Nugent does not employ the phrase in its poetic sense; nor is it any empty phrase. It happens to have been "the blue" that the experiments have been tried upon. Mr. Davidson, the Acting Collector, assisted by General Goodfellow, Chief Engineer, and Mr. George, Executive Engineer, fired quantities of dynamite, first at Honatgi, some ten miles due east of Bijapur railway station, and then at Agasnal in the Indi taluka. The dynamite was placed in holes, about eighteen inches deep and fifteen inches in diameter, on the highest available ground. Seven hundred and fifty pounds of dynamite were used, in charges ranging from twenty to forty pounds. The morning was cold, with a slight wind from east-north-east, but the wind changed during the day to due north-east. The sky was absolutely clear of clouds, and bore every appearance of settled cold weather. As was doubtless anticipated, the results were *nil*, neither clouds nor rain being produced. Had there been means of preserving the dynamite for a day or two the labour of the three officers might not perhaps have been fruitless. Mr. Davidson recognised the inutility of calling spirits from the vasty deep when he knew there were no spirits to call. But General Goodfellow, on his part, recognised that the promiscuous carting about of dynamite was not unattended by danger, so he induced the others to fire it off in the afternoon of the same day. Doubtless Colonel Goodfellow was actuated by motives of strict prudence, and, moreover, his suggestion more nearly conformed with instructions. Thus it came about that the second experiments were made under conditions precisely similar to those in which the previous failure had occurred. Had the second lot of dynamite been preserved and discharged against clouds a downpour of rain might have resulted, and the labour of the three officers would have been of some utility. Mr. Nugent, in his letter to Government covering Mr. Davidson's report, takes the opportunity of impressing his convictions on the subject upon the consideration of Government. Whatever may be the case in the United States, he says, explosions of dynamite on comparatively level ground, in a perfectly dry and cloudless atmosphere, after the cessation of the flow of the monsoon currents, and in the absence of the conditions which generate storms in this country, will not cause an artificial downpour. Dynamite explosions, he says, indulging in a truism, will not produce moisture, nor will they make clouds. The experiments therefore served but to produce "sound and fury signifying nothing," but the expenditure of depreciated rupees and the discomfiture of three of her Majesty's servants. But Mr. Nugent is philosophical, and alive to the good of everything in the best of all possible worlds. The experience thus obtained, he moralises, may be useful in future as discouraging false hopes and preventing further outlay to no avail. This is something of the same kind of philosophy as that which Weller's very old turkey consoled himself with at Christmas time—the sort of comfort Job is said to have received.

THE chief feature of the trade of Aden for the past year seems to have been the withdrawal of a portion of the trade with the Red Sea Ports, which is now carried on directly by a number of steamers sailing from Bombay. This has led to a large falling off in the trade between Aden and Suakin and Massowah, and with other Red Sea ports. On the other hand the Somali Coast ports show an improvement. The ports under the British Protectorate return trade to the value of over seventy lakhs, or more than fourteen and a quarter lakhs in excess of that of the previous year. To this trade of the value of four lakhs and a-quarter has to be added on account of the Somali Coast Free Ports. The increase is attributed to the greater safety of the caravan routes to Harrar. The Marquis di Rudini, in his recent speech at Milan, referred to the more settled state of affairs at Harrar, and to the satisfactory reception which an Italian envoy had met with there at the hands of King Menelek's lieutenant. Aden trade, nevertheless, does not seem to have profited by the more settled condition of affairs. The value of the trade between Aden and the Red Sea Ports last year, though thirty-seven and a half lakhs, showed a falling off of over three and a half lakhs on the previous year. Aden trade as a whole was twenty-six and three-quarter lakhs less than in 1889-90; but it still reached the formidable total of six crores and forty-five lakhs. The Indian trade, Rs. 1,29,58,000, was half a lakh short of that of the previous year, and the decrease was entirely on the imports, which fell off by nearly four lakhs. The falling off, moreover, was principally in the imports from the Bombay Presidency, which were eleven and a half lakhs less than those of 1889-90.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR presided at the opening of the girls' new dormitory of the American Marathi Mission School, Clare Road, Byculla, yesterday afternoon, when he declared the dormitory open, and Lady Harris gave the name of "Bowker" to the building after the founders. The Rev. J. E. Abbott having read an interesting report on the progress of the school under the Mission, his Excellency in declaring the dormitory open spoke on the benefit and the necessity for female education in India, and thanked the Mission on behalf of the Government for coming to India to help them in the work. A full report of the proceedings will appear in to-morrow's issue.

THE Bank of Bombay yesterday raised its rate of interest on demand loan on Government Paper to 3 per cent.

A FULL report of the proceedings of yesterday's meeting of the Corporation will appear in our next impression.

THE Parsee Cricket Team, captained by Mr. J. M. Framji Patel, leave Bombay to-morrow night for Jeypore on a cricketing expedition to the North-West Provinces and Calcutta. On Wednesday evening they had the honour of a dinner given by the Ripon Club, where wishes for their success were expressed, and they were further encouraged in their undertaking by Mr. Sorabji Framjee Patel, the chairman of the Club, in an eloquent speech, followed by another equally good harangue by the Captain. The Parsees had an enjoyable evening, and, after exchanging greetings, parted soon after ten o'clock.

THE Rev. P. B. Horne, M.A., has been promoted to the grade of Senior Chaplain, in room of the late Rev. A. C. Lochee.

MR. RICHARD MEREWETHER PHILLIPS has been appointed a police probationer, and attached to the office of the District Superintendent of Police, Kaira.

CAPTAIN R. P. COLOMB will, on the return to duty of Captain H. M. Abud, do duty as Assistant Political Agent, Mahi Kantha, while Captain S. M. Congreve Schneider will, on being relieved by Captain Colomb, do duty as Second-in-Command, Kolhapur Infantry Corps, and *ex-officio* Assistant to the Political Agent, Kolhapur.

LIEUTENANT H. T. PRITCHARD, temporarily Cantonment Magistrate, Deesa, has been appointed a Magistrate of the Second Class, within the limits of the military cantonment of Deesa; and Mr. F. G. Pratt, C.S., Assistant Collector, Thana, has also been appointed a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

COLONEL H. B. JACOB, Cantonment Magistrate, Karachi, has been granted three months' privilege leave, and Mr. A. E. Cumming will officiate during his absence.

SURGEON H. W. STEVENSON, Superintendent of Mahableshwar, in the Satara District, has been appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class, in that District.

MR. H. MAINWARING, Deputy Conservator of Forests, has been allowed an extension of leave, on medical certificate, for four months.

SURGEON-MAJOR W. H. BOYD, Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, Colaba, has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave.

MR. A. DALZELL, Assistant Superintendent, Deccan Revenue Survey, has been allowed six months' extraordinary leave.

# TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

### THE PROPOSED ISSUE OF ONE-POUND NOTES.

LONDON, Dec. 17.

The *Times*, in a leading article this morning, discussing the scheme recently propounded by the Chancellor of the Exchequer for increasing the stock of gold in the Bank of England, urges the Government to defer the issue of one-pound notes till after the General Election, owing to the lack of time to overcome the prejudices which at present exist.

### PURCHASE OF SILVER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.

The Treasury purchased to-day 708,000 ounces of silver at 95·60 to 95·70.

### REPORTED RIOT IN THE WINDWARD ISLAND.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.

A despatch published by the *Herald* says that a riot has occurred in the Island of St. Vincent owing to the popular opposition to the reduction in the number of Judges of the Court of Appeal.

A furious crowd assaulted and stoned the Administrator and attacked his residence. The Captain of H. M. S. Buzzard landed a force of seventy men and dispersed the rioters, but during the conflict the Captain was wounded.

### THE "IMPERIAL" DIAMOND CASE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 17.

The prosecution in Jacob's case was concluded this afternoon. Mr. Inverarity then addressed the Judge. With reference to the Advocate-General's opening remarks, Mr. Inverarity repudiated the charge of fraud and maintained that everything in Mr. Jacob's action had been above board, and that the Nizam had been forced into the prosecution against his will; that but for foul play the sale would have been effected as the Nizam was most anxious to possess the diamond. Mr. Jacob had never disguised from the Nizam that he was making a very considerable profit on the sale.

Mr. Inverarity had not concluded when the Court rose for the day. The defence intend to call witnesses.

### THE ENEMY'S POSITION ON THE FRONTIER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 17.

Latest news from Nilt states that the Hunza and Nagar tribesmen occupy an unscaleable position, with the additional advantage that it cannot be turned on either flank. At present no great object is to be served in advancing up the river, for they are helpless to do serious mischief. There will thus probably be a pause in the fighting, which will allow of work on the Gilgit-Chalt road to be proceeded with. The Hunza Chief is very anxious to prevent it. The country about Gilgit itself is quiet. The wounded continue to do well.

### APPOINTMENTS IN THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT,

Major Broadbent is officiating as First Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Military Department owing to Colonel Toker's absence on furlough. Lieutenant-Colonel Maitland has taken the place of Second Deputy Secretary, and Captain DeBrath, 32nd Pioneers, has been brought in as Junior Assistant Secretary.

### A CHARGE OF DEFAMATION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Dec. 17.

Mr. Bhasker Ramchandra Shasrabudha, manager of the Ryots Agency, lately established in Poona, is charged with defamation before Mr. Plunkett, City Magistrate, by Mr. Yeshwantrao Borker, Sheristadar to Mr. Turnbull, Superintendent of the Konkan Revenue Survey. The complaint has arisen from the defendant having addressed a confidential letter to Mr. Ozanne, Survey and Settlement Commissioner, in which he alleged that the complainant was receiving illegal gratifications from subordinates in the department in consideration of promotions, transfers, &c.

### A VETERINARY APPOINTMENT.

Veterinary Lieutenant Peacock, now attached to the chief station, Veterinary Hospital at Kirkee, has been appointed to the charge of the chief Veterinary Hospital at Deesa.

### DEATH OF W. GREENHALGH.

W. Greenhalgh, the jockey, died at the Sassoon Hospital to-day from heart disease.

### SCARCITY FOR FODDER.

Great distress for fodder is prevailing in Poona and round about at Sholapur. The son of the late Honorable Morarjee Gokaldas has given his entire field for cattle-grazing without any charge.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

### STEAMER MOVEMENT.

PORT SAID, Dec. 16.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Mombassa left here this evening.

COLOMBO, Dec. 17.

The Orient Line mail steamer Orient arrived from Australia.

### COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Dec. 16.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats dull.

| | |
|---|---|
| Good Dhollera | 3 11-16 |
| The Manchester Market has been quiet. | |
| Exchange on India, 30 days' sight | 1s 4¼ |
| 2¾ per cent. Consols for account | 95¼ |
| 3 per cent. French Rentes | 95¼ ex. |
| 4 per cent. Rupee Paper | 74⅝ |
| 4½ per cent. " | 73⅝ |
| 3½ per cent. Sterling Loan | 106¼ |
| Bar Silver | 44⅝ |

### TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Dec. 17.

Barometer has risen, except at one or two places on the west coast, where it has fallen very slightly. The pressure remains highest over north-western and central India, and lowest over the Bay. The wind directions generally are unchanged, and the force continues to be from fresh to strong around the Bay. The temperature has generally risen, except at the hill stations, and on the west coast. The mean temperature is below the normal in Burma and Bombay, above in Bengal, the Punjab, and Madras, and about the average elsewhere. Rain has fallen in parts of Burma and at Trevandrum; but none elsewhere. The depression over the Bay is apparently filled up.

# NEWS OF THE DAY

THE opening of the Kidderpore Docks, Calcutta, will probably take place on January 14th, instead of New Year's Day.

UMRA KHAN of Jandol evidently anticipates an attack at Asmar from the Amir's troops, as he is gathering all his forces thither and recalling the men on leave.

THE refugee adventurer, Nur Muhammed Khan, is shortly expected at Peshawar. He is at present settling his pecuniary affairs with the people of Tira who have given him asylum for so long. He will not, we expect, be allowed again to reside so near the Afghan border as Peshawar.

IT appears that Lieutenant-Colonel Durand had with him at Chalt on December 1st the following troops:—Two guns Hazara Mountain Battery; 190 of the 5th Gurkhas; 30 of the 20th Punjab Infantry, with Gatling guns; 350 Imperial Service sepoys of the Raghu-Partab Regiment, and 350 of the Body-guard Regiment; together with 150 irregulars versed in hill warfare. On moving out to attack Nilt he left no men behind to hold Chalt. He had thus, as we anticipated, a little under one thousand men with him. Further news reached Calcutta yesterday, but no new development is reported.

THE two missing records in what is known as the Dacca bribery case, were on Monday found in a small box in which they had been originally deposited. The box was in the record-room of the Calcutta High Court, where it must have been replaced by the thief or one of his accomplices.

A TRAGEDY is reported from Midnapore, in Lower Bengal, common enough to commence with, but in its close strange to the English understanding. A native child got hold of a box of lucifer matches such as are sold in the bazaars at the rate of three or four boxes for one copper, and innocently ate a number of matches. In a very short time this resulted in insensibility and death. The sudden catastrophe so affected the parents, that both of them, in their grief, deliberately devoured a large number of the matches, and so caused their own deaths.

NEWS has been received from the Gilgit frontier, dated 7th instant, that the wounded officers had been removed from Nilt to Chalt and were still doing well. No further casulaties had occurred, and the force has not advanced beyond Nilt. On the date mentioned no signs of restlessness had declared themselves among the tribesmen outside the Hunza and Nagar valleys, and Dr. Robertson reported everything satisfactory in connection with them.

WE regret to hear that glanders is very prevalent in Lahore. During the last week five horses have been destroyed under orders.

IT is a fortunate circumstance, writes a contemporary, that Colonel Durand has some thirteen British officers, picked men every one, under his orders at the Gilgit Agency; for the casualties in the fighting at close quarters in the Hunza Valley cannot fail to be numerous, judging by the first brush with the enemy. In all attacks upon mud forts with strong walls, fifteen feet high, flanking towers and gateways which 7-pounder shells cannot effectively breach, high explosives, such as guncotton or dynamite, must be used to make entrance possible; and Captain Aylmer seems to have recognised this at Nilt and to have gallantly risked his life in blowing in the gate. As the scientific appliances of modern war come to be more largely employed, we shall hear less and less of incidents such as these. Shells loaded with dynamite, melinite, or whatever may be the most powerful explosive, will be fired at a safe range, and their destructive effects will clear the way for an assault. In Afghanistan it is the storming of mud forts, in Burma and elsewhere the rush at stockades, which cost us the lives of our officers. They never shirk the perilous duty, and we have no doubt that, when details of the Nilt affair come to hand, there will be a story of great gallantry on the part of Captain Aylmer and of dashing bravery on that of Lieutenants Boisragon and Badcock who led their sepoys to the assault on the fort.

AT a meeting of the Madras Diocesan Council the endowment of £15,000 offered by Missionary Societies for an independent Bishopric in Tinnevelly on the same lines as that at Chota Nagpore formed the subject of considerable discussion, wherein Mr. Justice Wilkinson and Justice Handley took part with the object of strengthening Bishop Gell's hands. The meeting passed the following resolution proposed by the Archdeacon. "That this meeting having heard the Bishop's statement, agrees with his view of the law and sympathises with him in the difficult position in which he is placed, and is of opinion he is willing to go so far as he legally can in the creation of a Bishop for Tinnevelly; that in consequence of the unfavourable reply to his lordship's minutes from the S. P. G. and the silence of the other two societies, this meeting would request him to submit the question for the consideration and decision of the Archbishop and Bishops of England." Replying to a question, Bishop Gell said any decision the Archbishop and Bishops might give would greatly relieve his perplexity, but he would not pledge himself to be absolutely bound by it.

THE Darjiling-Himalayan Railway Approximate earnings for week ending 21st November were Rs. 11,869. Corresponding period of 1890, Rs. 10,853. Increase, Rs. 1,016. Receipts per mile for week ending 21st November 1891, Rs. 232-11-7. Corresponding period of 1890, Rs. 212-13. Increase, Rs. 19-14-7. Receipts from 1st July to 21st November 1891, Rs. 2,40,901. Corresponding period of 1890, Rs. 2,32,618. Increase Rs. 8,283.

THE East Indian Railway Traffic earnings, for the week ending 5th December were Rs. 9,76,176-12-3. Corresponding week last year, Rs.9,76,036-2-9. Increase, Rs.140-9-3. From 1st July 1891, to 5th December 1891, Rs. 1,91,53,830-8-0. From 1st July 1890, to 6th December 1890, Rs. 1,68,11,482-11-4. Increase Rs. 23,42,347-12-8. Miles open, week ending 5th December 1891, 1,525½. Corresponding week last year, 1,525½. Per mile open, week ending 5th December 1891, Rs. 639-14-6. Corresponding week last year, Rs. 639-13-0. Increase, Rs. 0-1-6.

THE Archbishop of Aix has been severely punished by the Court of Correctional Police at Paris. Some weeks ago he wrote a strongly worded letter in reply to a circular of the Minister of Public Worship, inviting the episcopate to refrain from participating in pilgrimages to Rome, in consequence of the disturbance caused by the well-known Pantheon incident. The Archbishop twitted the Minister with having peace on his lips but hatred and persecution in his heart. This was considered an insult to the magistrate, who made an administrative order in the exercise of his functions, and legal proceedings were instituted against him. When he appeared in court he read a short defence, maintaining that in censuring the Minister he was only exercising his legal rights as a Frenchman. The Court fined him 3,000 francs. When he left the building he narrowly escaped being mobbed. The Archbishop himself is sorry he was not condemned to imprisonment, as he would have liked to suffer martyrdom in the Catholic cause. The *Figaro* newspaper started a subscription to pay the fine of 3,000 francs and the costs, which of course was a good advertisement to that enterprising journal; but the Government is proposing to prosecute the *Figaro* for opening a subscription, and also not to allow the Archbishop to be released from his pecuniary penalties by these public donations. The Archbishop of Annecy has likewise written to the Minister of Public Worship a letter couched in similar terms to that of the Archbishop of Aix. It is understood that he too will be prosecuted. The Archbishop of Aix has telegraphed to the Pope his great satisfaction that he was made to suffer for the Church and the Papacy, and that the French tribunal imposed a fine on him.

## THE GOVERNMENT AND HOSPITALS FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

### THE OFFICIAL REPLY TO THE CORPORATION.

THE following Government Resolution was issued yesterday:—

Bombay Castle, 15th December 1891.

Letter from the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, No. 7463, dated 11th November 1891—Submitting the report of the committee appointed by Government Resolution No. 3548, dated 7th October 1891, to enquire and report on the accommodation, equipment and staff required to satisfy in a reasonable sense the exigency of Section 61 of the Bombay Municipal Act, and how far existing buildings may be utilized for the purpose in view with or without structural alterations.

Resolution.—In the correspondence that has taken place during some years past between Government and the Corporation as to the supply of infectious hospitals for the inhabitants of Bombay Government has not attempted to rest its case on the amount that it contributes towards hospitals and their maintenance in the Presidency Town. The cost to Government of the maintenance of hospitals and dispensaries in the Presidency Town, averaging in the last five years all but three lakhs per annum, a sum which exceeds the annual land revenue received by Government from the Island of Bombay, is certainly no niggardly contribution out of Provincial Funds; but Government has no wish to draw any comparison between what it does as regards the supply of medical aid in Bombay, and what is done by the Corporation. It has based its arguments solely on the legal requirements which can be made, as it is advised, on the Corporation; and Government has no option but to see that those requirements are complied with.

2. Neither has Government shown any disposition to detract from the public-spirited endeavours of the Corporation to introduce a supply of pure water, to improve the system of drainage, and to introduce a high standard of sanitation. It can and does fully appreciate all that the Corporation has done and is doing in these directions; but that recognition in no way absolves Government from calling the attention of the Corporation to specific duties of the same character which are imposed upon it, as Government is advised, by law, and, if its warning is ignored, proceeding to such extreme measures as the law provides. The extreme measure now taken, has only been taken in consequence of the indifference, displayed by the Corporation, to the proposals put forward by Government, proposals conceived in a most conciliatory spirit; and to a distinct breach of the Corporation's undertaking. A brief statement of the case will show that Government had no option but to take the compulsory step it has done.

In Mr. Grattan Geary's letter of September 18th, 1889, which advanced opinions against the erection of a permanent infectious hospital, Government was distinctly informed that—

"The Municipal hospitals for persons suffering from infectious diseases will be maintained at Grant Road and Arthur Road."

The paragraph proceeds to propose that such persons should also continue to be admitted to other hospitals. This, as the Corporation knows, cannot be done in face of the opinion of the best medical authorities that the admission of such cases is dangerous to the other patients. But in the paragraph in question there is no suggestion of a qualification; the promise to maintain the hospitals at Arthur Road and Grant Road is distinct and unqualified. It was in dependence on this promise that Government again took up the question of an infectious hospital, and eventually decided on medical advice that it would be quite in accord with modern practice if epidemics were met by the provision of temporary erections. The Corporation was thereby relieved of the cost of providing a permanent hospital; and Government addressed the Corporation to this effect in its letter of 17th December 1890, in which the sufficiency of accommodation in the Grant Road and Arthur Road hospitals for infectious cases in ordinary times is acknowledged on the authority of the Surgeon-General and the Senior Medical Officer, Jamshedji Jijibhai Hospital. Never doubting but that the Corporation would adhere to its undertaking to maintain the above hospitals it appeared to Government that a common ground of agreement had been found: which Government requested the Corporation to approve. To this letter and request no answer was received except the President's letter of February 19th, 1891, which curtly conveyed the information that it had been recorded.

In other words the Corporation declined to discuss a proposal put forward by Government in a conciliatory spirit after a correspondence stretching over some years.

To such treatment—which can only be described as wanting in proper respect to higher authority—is due the necessity that has been forced upon Government of resorting to its legal powers.

The Corporation having recorded the Government letter, proceeded, it is believed, by resolution on June 15th to order that more cases should be admitted to the Grant Road Hospital: and the Executive Health Officer informed the Senior Medical Officer in the Jamshedji Jijibhai hospital to this effect on June 26th.

3. The Corporation had therefore treated the proposals of Government with indifference by declining to discuss them: and had deliberately broken its undertaking to maintain the Grant Road and Arthur Road hospitals.

4. Under such circumstances it appeared to Government that no other course was open but to resort to its legal powers. Government has now been satisfied on the best professional advice both that it is legally incumbent on the Corporation to make provision against the spread of infectious diseases and that certain arrangements are indispensable for the fulfilment of this duty. It remains that the Corporation be called on specifically to carry out the arrangements, reasonable and economical as they appear to be, recommended by the committee. A month should be allowed for doing this, with such further time in the case of building as may be reasonably necessary for the completion of it. Failing compliance with its requisition Government will be constrained to take the requisite measures itself—either those suggested by the committee or others equivalent thereto according to the property and means at its disposal—and levy the cost thus incurred from the Corporation in the manner provided by law.

5. The Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay may be requested to convey the acknowledgments of Government to the committee for their report.

T. D. MACKENZIE,
Chief Secretary to Government.

The following is the report of the committee referred to above:—

1. The committee are unanimously of opinion there should be, in the City of Bombay, an infectious deseases hospital kept permanently open for the treatment of persons suffering from cholera, small-pox, and relapsing fever: such cases should not be treated in a General Hospital, nor can they be safely left to be treated in the homes of the poor, where they are specially dangerous to the community in the crowded chawls of this city: and it is also known there are thousands of people who have no regular homes amongst whom cholera frequently occurs; for these hospital accommodation is absolutely necessary, because without it homeless persons suffering from these diseases would die on the streets.

2. The committee on receiving the abovementioned Government Resolution called on the various hospitals in Bombay City to give returns showing the number of persons that had been treated for infectious diseases. Statement A (appended) from the Health Officer of the Bombay Municipality shows that from 14th February 1890 to 15th June 1891 there were 79 cases of small-pox, 71 cholera, 13 measles, and 50 chicken-pox treated in the Municipal Grant Road Infectious Diseases Hospital. The maximum number of cases at one time was for small-pox 15, cholera 7, measles 5, and chicken-pox 10. Statement B shows the admissions into the Municipal Grant Road infectious diseases hospitals from 17th July 1891 to October 1891. There were 11 cases of small-pox, 64 cases of cholera, 3 cases of measles, and 2 of chicken-pox. The maximum numbers on any one day were for cholera 16 and for small-pox 4.

Statement C gives the admissions to the J. J. hospital in the years 1890, 1889, 1888, 1887 and 1886 by months, and the average for these five years were for small-box 69·2, cholera 123·2, relapsing fever 20·8, and measles 15·6 per annum.

Statement D gives the daily numbers treated in 1889, 1888, and 1887 of small-pox and cholera in the J. J. hospital. The maximum number of cases treated at any one time was for small-box 55 on 7th March 1888, for cholera 19 on the 11th January 1889. The figures of maxima cannot be given for relapsing fever and measles. The largest number of chicken-pox at any one time was 22 in January 1890.

Statement E gives the figures for the Kama hospital. No cases of cholera or relapsing fever have ever been admitted there and only one case of small-pox was admitted and a second one developed in the hospital. Of measles, 11 cases in 1887, two in 1889, and four in 1890 were admitted.

Statement F shows the highest number of case treated at any one time in the Kama Hospital: small pox 1 in May 1888 and again 1 in the same month of the following year; of measles 4 in January 1887. It should be mentioned that there are no special wards in the Kama hospital for infectious diseases and they ought not to be admitted there. The admission of infectious diseases to the Gokaldas Tejpal hospital was stopped by Government Resolution No, 4632, dated 15th December 1883, General Department, and now there are no beds in this hospital for any kind of infectious disease.

Statement G from the European General hospital shows the admisions for small-pox, cholera, and measles in the five years ending 1890. There were no cases of relapsing fever. Of small-pox there were 6 admissions in 1890, 16 in 1889, 13 in 1888, 3 in 1887 and 4 in 1886. Of cholera there were 1 admission in 1890, 5 in 1889, 2 in 1888, 3 in 1887, and 1 in 1886. Of measles there were 15 in 1890, 35 in 1889, 10 in 1888, 49 in 1887, and 10 in 1886.

Statement H shows the maximum numbers in the five years in the European General hospital: for small-pox 6, cholera 3, and measles 12.

3. The committee is of opinion that special provision in an infectious diseases hospital is not necessary for measles, but that permanent accommodation is required for small-pox, cholera, and relapsing fever, and for all ordinary times the Municipal Grant Road Infectious Diseases Hospital affords as much accommodation as is at present required. But during epidemics the Municipal Hospital in Arthur Road would also require to be opened, and if still more accommodation should be necessary, bamboo and matting sheds could be quickly and cheaply run up in the compound of the latter hospital.

4. In the Municipality's Infectious Diseases Hospital in Grant Road 50 beds can be provided, in the Arthur Road Hospital 90, total 140; and it would be possible to run up bamboo and matting sheds to accommodate 150 more beds. It will thus be seen that there is now existing accommodation for 140 beds, and that in a few days this could be extended to 290 without any very heavy cost, if a severe epidemic occurred. These cheap bamboo and matting sheds might be burnt after an epidemic ceased. We think this accommodation quite as much as the City is likely to be called on to provide, and at all events it is quite as much as need be looked forward to at present.

5. For ordinary times, then, the committee are of opinion the Municipality's infectious diseases hospital in Grant Road will meet the wants of the City for cholera, small-pox, and relapsing fever. It consists of three excellent sheds having tiled roofs supported on iron pillars, and the walls are merely matting. Here about 50 beds can be accommodated or, say, 17 in each shed. The committee recommend the following improvements be made at the Municipal Grant Road Infectious Diseases Hospital.

1st.—The earthen floors should be replaced by an impermeable material such as asphalt or Indian patent stone, both in the wards and verandahs.

2nd.—Each of the three blocks should be divided by a moveable partition so as to make a male and a female ward in each shed. The object of having the partition moveable is that the number of patients would regulate the size of each ward: for instance, there might be 10 men and 7 women, or there might be 12 men and 5 women. The partition could be placed to suit the number of males and females.

3rd.—The committee think the latrine* arrangements could be improved especially in regard to the approaches to them: passages from the verandahs of the wards to the latrines appear to be desirable.

6. The Grant Road Hospital is at present open and in use, but it is found the hospital assistant and servants have to go outside for their meals because there are no quarters within the hospital compound. The committee think it is highly dangerous for the servants to be going out and in, as they must carry infection with them. They therefore recommend that quarters be built within the compound for (*a*) a Hospital assistant, (*b*) two ward servants, (*c*) a watchman (*d*) a cook, (*e*) a sweeper, (*f*) an ayah. There should also be a cook-house† with a boiler for a constant supply of hot water. A dispensary and store-room are also required. The compound wall in front should be raised and the gates kept locked to prevent people from going out and coming in except when authorized.

7. The number of patients in the infectious diseases hospital at Grant Road has been in the past twenty months never more than 15 small-pox and never more than 7 cholera at one time: the committee therefore think that only a skeleton permanent establishment should be kept up, and recommend the following as sufficient:—

| | Per Mensem. Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Second Class Hospital Assistant on a pay of .. | 35 | 0 | 0 |
| Allowance to do. | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 Ward servants, each Rs. 10 | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 Watchman | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 Cook | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 Sweeper | 11 | 8 | 0 |
| 1 Ayah | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| | 108 | 8 | 0 |
| | 12 | | |
| a Year.... | 1,302 | 0 | 0 |

This establishment can be increased at once when necessary to any extent, and as soon as the necessity ceases the extra servants can be discharged.

8. The committee desire to bring to the notice of Government that the question of having infectious diseases hospital in Bombay was brought to the notice of the Bombay Municipality in letter No. 1003 of 26th March 1884, General Department (1). The Town Council appointed a committee to report, which it did by adopting a memorandum (2) of the Municipal Commissioner (Mr. Ollivant). The scheme was intended to supply hospital accomodation for small-pox and cholera cases in hospitals situated at various points of the City—6 places for cholera and 1 for small-pox. The building were estimated to cost Rs. 1,71,450. The whole scheme has not been carried out and, it is believed, cannot be now considered as feasible. The Corporation sanctioned an expenditure of Rs. 13,160 to build one cholera hospital as a beginning in October 1884. (3) The result of the Municipality's action has been the creation of the hospitals in Grant Road and Arthur Road, which cost, it is believed, fully Rs. 60,000.

(Vide record of proceedings of the (Bombay) Municipal Corporation and the Town Council, Vol. VIII, 1884-85. (1) page (above vol.) 21. (2) page 257 (3) page 145).

J. PINKERTON, Surgeon-General.
C. W. MACRURY, Sanitary Commissioner.
(Vide remark on latrine.—C. W. MACR.
T. S. WEIR.
COWASJEE HORMUSJEE.

* The latrine should be connected with the sewers (it is not so at present) and strong disinfectants should always be used in each seat before and after use.—C. W. MACR.

† We roughly estimate the cost at about Rs. 8,000.

## MILITARY NEWS.

COLONEL J. G. FAGAN, Cavalry, has been granted six months' extension of leave, on urgent private affairs; and Surgeon-Major James Davidson, M.B., I.M.S., and Surgeon-Major G. E. E. Barroughs, I.M.S., have each been granted two months extension of leave.

COLONEL E. M. WOODCOCK, Indian Staff Corps, will on vacating his civil appointment on 21st January next be permitted to reside out of India.

COLONEL G. R. GOODFELLOW, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, Political Superintendent, Palanpur, has been granted leave, on medical certificate, for one year instead of the six months' special leave already allowed him.

CAPTAIN G. E. EVEN, Indian Staff Corps, has been granted an extension of leave for two months.

CAPTAIN G. B. SMITH, R.A., and Sub-Conductor J. W. Marquis, Ordnance Department, have been permitted to return to duty.

LIEUTENANT H. R. MEAD, Indian Staff Corps, has been granted two months' extension of leave, on medical certificate.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL and Colonel John Germain Watts, Staff Corps, has been admitted to colonel's allowance.

THE services of Lieutenant R. J. Bentinck, Indian Staff Corps, attached to 5th Bombay Light Infantry, have been placed at the disposal of the Government of India.

WE mentioned the other day, says the Lahore paper, that Mr. Oldbury Burne, of the Telegraph Department, broke his arm on Friday last, December 4th, at polo. By a curious coincidence this is the second time he has had such an accident on that particular day of the year, having broken his arm at polo on December 4th, 1888.

ON the 26th November, says a Brussels correspondent, Hermann Zeitung, a man who has many times travelled shut up in a box, arrived in Brussels from Amsterdam, making the journey as usual in the luggage van. When the box was set down at the station a voice cried "Vive la Belgique!" somewhat to the alarm of the porters. Upon the box being opened Zeitung was sent to the police. He declared that he had remained two nights and two days in his prison, eating and drinking nothing. He hopes to be engaged as a clown at a circus.

## RAIN-MAKING EXPERIMENTS AT BIJAPUR.

THE following report of the Collector of Bijapur, with the remarks thereon of the Commissioner, S. D., regarding certain experiments recently carried out in the Bijapur district, with a view to produce rainfall by the explosion of dynamite, is published in the *Bombay Government Gazette*:—

"Bijapur, Collector's Office, 23rd November, 1891.

From J. Davidson, Esquire, Acting Collector of Bijapur, to the Commissioner, S D.

SIR,—As desired in your letter No. 4382, dated 9th instant, I have the honour to report on the experiments with dynamite ordered by Government.

2. I myself had of course no practical knowledge of how to carry out such experiments, and General Goodfellow, the Chief Engineer, kindly came up to Bijapur and waited with the Executive Engineer and myself till the railway companies could be persuaded to send up the dynamite, detonators and fuses required, and also personally superintended the first experiment.

3. It was carried out at Honatgi in the Bijapur district about ten miles due east of the Bijapur railway station. The spot selected was in some black-soil fields on elevated ground, no hills being available.

4. We arranged to have two batteries a quarter of a mile apart, and three positions for discharging dynamite in each battery, each position being 50 yards from the next one.

5. The dynamite was placed in holes about 18 inches deep and 15 inches in diameter and lightly covered over with earth. The holes were arranged in a line as far as possible facing the wind, as shown in the accompanying diagram:

——————> direction of wind.

o o o —————————— o o o

Battery A. Battery B.

6. General Goodfellow, Mr. George and I proceeded there on the morning of the 20th, reaching the spot about 9 o'clock. We fired these batteries alternately, commencing about 10 and ending at 3-30, with an interval of about an hour-and-a-half for breakfast.

7. As there was considerable danger in the event of any carelessness in firing off such large charges, we deemed it advisable to light all the fuses ourselves, to be sure that they were properly ignited, and the danger of having an unfired charge to again work with was avoided.

8. We used for each charge two four-minute fuses; but though actually the same length and lighted at the same moment by signal, none of the charges went off instantaneously, and frequently there was a minute or so between them.

9. We fired in all 750 lbs. of dynamite, *viz.*, in Battery A three charges of 20 lbs. each per hole and two of 30 lbs. each, and in Battery B three charges of 20 lbs. each per hole, one of 30 lbs. each and one of 40 lbs. each.

10. All the charges were successfully ignited and no accident occurred.

11. The morning was cold with a slight wind from east-north-east, but the wind as usual during the day changed so as to be due north-east. The sky was absolutely clear of clouds and every appearance of settled cold weather.

12. The results were *nil*, no cloud or rain occurring.

13. We were all fully convinced of the uselessness of any further experiment in the existing state of the atmosphere, and I would have preferred deferring the second experiment till there were some clouds about and some possibility of good results occurring from the large expenditure incurred. General Goodfellow, however, pointed out strongly the danger there was in our keeping the large amount of dynamite over without any proper magazine, and strongly advised its being fired away according to your instructions; and accordingly Mr. George and I proceeded to Agasnal in the Indi Taluka on the afternoon of the 21st and tried the second experiment on a hill there yesterday. This hill is on high land and is flat-topped, being about two hundred feet above the plain below.

14. We arranged the holes on this occasion in a line at right angles to the wind. They were four in number on each side of the plateau and about a quarter of a mile apart.

15. We fired off the dynamite alternately from each side of the hills, using on this occasion 40 lbs. in each charge. The explosives were on this occasion much more regular, though, why it is impossible to say, on one occasion all the four explosions being practically simultaneous. No accident occurred.

16. We commenced firing about 2 o'clock and completed everything by 4.

17. The day was cold and clear with a moderate wind from north-north-east and every sign of settled cold weather.

18. No results in the shape of cloud resulted.

19. The arrangements as to procuring the dynamite, fuses, &c., were all made by the Executive Engineer. Owing to the difficulties and delays made by the various railways as to carrying the fuses, a considerably larger amount of fuse than was necessary had been sent. Mr. George is, however, endeavouring to get the company to take it back.

20. I shall forward an account of the expenditure incurred by the Executive Engineer as soon as this is settled and the final accounts are closed."—I have, &c.,

(Sd). J. DAVIDSON, Acting Collector.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Belgaum, 26th November 1891.

Submitted to Government for information.

2. The experiments have unfortunately been abortive. The only fact they seem to prove is that, in this country at all events, whatever may be the case in the United States, explosions of dynamite when effected on comparatively level ground in a perfectly dry and cloudless atmosphere after the cessation of the flow of the monsoon currents, and in the absence of the conditions which generate storms, will not cause an artificial downpour of rain. They will produce neither rain nor bolts out of the blue. Nor is this altogether surprising: if there is no moisture in the upper or lower strata of the atmosphere, no amount of detonations or concussions will create it. When moisture-laden clouds are passing overhead even at a high elevation but fly on without dropping rain, then doubtless the effect of the firing of large charges of dynamite would be to cause such a disturbance of the air as to draw rain from the clouds; but when there is no moisture in the atmosphere dynamite explosions will not make it.

3. The experience thus obtained may be useful in future as discouraging false hopes and preventing further outlay to no avail. At all events the attempt has been made. That it has been a failure is due to causes beyond the control of the officers by whom the experiments were conducted with such skill and care.

(Sd.) J. NUGENT, Commissioner, S. D.

## THE BOMBAY-BURMA TRADING CORPORATION, LIMITED.

THE ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above company was held yesterday afternoon, at the offices of the Corporation, Sirdar's Palace, Elphinstone Circle, Mr. W. R. Macdonell occupying the chair. The directors' report was adopted. The following propositions were then put before the shareholders and carried unanimously:—

Mr. Dorabjee Cursetjee proposed and Mr. Framjee Temooljee seconded that the directors' report and the balance-sheet of the profit and loss account be adopted and that the declaration of a dividend of Rs. 270 per share of the original issue and Rs. 67-8 per share of the third issue be sanctioned.

Mr. Dhanjeebhoy Dadi proposed, and Mr. Vassanjee Nathoo seconded that Mr. Luxmidass Khimjee and Mr. R. Valentine Reid, who retire from the Board, by rotation, be re-elected as directors of the company.

Mr. Vassanjee Nathoo proposed, and Mr. Merwanjee Pestanjee seconded that Mr. John S. Burn and Mr. Fardoonjee Ardeshir be appointed auditors of the company on a remuneration of Rs. 250 each.

A vote of thanks to the directors, managers, and the staff of the corporation for their successful conduct of the company's business was accorded.

The customary compliment to the chairman terminated the proceedings.

COLONEL J. D. CRUICKSHANK, R.E., has been promoted to the rank (Class I.) of Superintending Engineer, temporary rank, and Mr. H. M. Thomson reverts to Superintending Engineer, Class II., temporary rank.

MR. F. A. DASHWOOD has been appointed to act as Executive Engineer, Satara, and Mr. F. L. Spratt, as Executive Engineer for Irrigation, Poona, during the absence of Messrs. Cameron and Doig, on special duty.

SURGEON-MAJOR B. W. WELLINGS, M.S., has been appointed to perform the medical duties of the Lawrence School and civil establishment, Mount Abu.

MR. H. E. WATSON, Deputy Commissioner, Thar and Parkar, has been allowed an extension of furlough, on medical certificate, for five months.

## DINNER TO THE PARSI CRICKET TEAM.

THE Ripon Club entertained on Wednesday evening the Parsi cricket team, captained by Mr. Jamsetji M. Patel, who are about to proceed on a tour in the North-West Provinces and Bengal during this cold weather. On their way they will stop at Jeypore for a week as the guests of the Maharaja and play a match or two on the city cricket ground. They will then go on to Allahabad, where after a game with the local gymkhana, they will go to see the celebrated Taj Mahal at Agra and halt at Moozeferpoor, which is a large military station, and where the Parsi eleven will try conclusions with the "Behar Wanderers," who are also touring in the north. They will then wend their way to Calcutta, where they will find some tough work with the Calcutta players. Though the crowd of spectators will not be so large there, as is the case in Bombay, yet in the cricket ground in Eden Garden, the European spectators will preponderate. About eleven years ago when the Parsi cricket team played in the Eden Garden, the late Viceroy Lord Lytton, Sir Ashley Eden, and other high officials graced the ground with their presence, and it is to be presumed the present Viceroy, who is himself an admirer of good cricket, may honour the Parsi team with his august presence. The Parsis will then return to Bombay.

After dinner, on Wednesday evening, Mr. Sorabji Framji Patel (of Messrs. Framji, Sands and Co.) who occupied the chair, proposed the health of the Parsi team in the following terms:—

Gentlemen,—The mere fact of your all being present here for the special object of doing honour to our guests to-night makes my task a light one. It is, therefore, with some amount of confidence that I rise to perform a duty which under other circumstances I would much rather have relegated to some younger man, more conversant with sports, and consequently better able to do full justice to this toast. But when one and all assembled here come with the sole object, I may say of wishing them success, no words of mine are needed to make your reception of the toast a hearty one. Before proceeding further I have to express a regret that there was not sufficient time at our disposal to give greater publicity to this event, which we are celebrating now; otherwise I am sure that we should have had an even larger gathering than the goodly company now assembled round this board. The deserved popularity which our cricketers, individually and collectively, have gained in the community, and of which there is at times, perhaps, too abundant a manifestation, certainly points to the fact that if more people had known of this dinner more would have been present. But of this, I am certain. We shall not be found wanting in enthusiasm to-night. I have said that we have met here to wish success to our team; and we take some pride in calling it "our team." For one thing is patent that cricket has now taken a sufficient hold upon Parsi hearts to be entitled their national game. Some of us not content with adopting the game as our own have gone so far as to claim for it an entirely Persian origin. Be that how it may, those who have witnessed the finish of an important match in Bombay will admit that there are fewer things closer to Parsee hearts than a well-fought game at cricket, especially with victory leaning to our side. That success always creates enthusiasm goes without saying, but I hope there are none present here who will wish that success should go otherwise than where it is deserved. Let our motto in cricket be "A fair field and no favour, and let the strongest side win." There is no disgrace in defeat if a side has done its best to win, but has had to succumb to superior merit. If our teams have met with some measure of success within recent years, it has probably been owing to the good grace with which we learnt to take the reverses which rewarded our earlier efforts. And I trust that my young friends will allow me to point out to them that it is just as bad to be cast down under defeat as to be buoyed up with success. A tour like the one they are entering upon is to be looked upon mainly from the sporting point of view, and success or defeat is but an incident to be treated with equanimity. The reputation which our team has obtained for playing an uphill game and for snatching the game literally out of the fire on more than one occasion leads us to hope that they will not fail to do their level best to win even under the disadvantage of the absence of such good men, and true as Gagrat, a name to charm a cricket-loving assemblage, with Bapasola, Writer, Machliwala, &c., the mere moral effect of whose presence in the team is a tower of strength. Our friend, Mr. Jamsetjee Patel, who has so often ably led these men to victory, will tell you how with things going apparently against us at the start he has felt comparatively easy in mind owing to the consciousness that he had a few trumps in reserve yet, in the person of the gentlemen whose names I have mentioned, with whom he could still hope to win the game. But a team consisting as it does of Pavri, perhaps the best bowler in India, the Kangas, Cooper, Mody, and Messrs. Morenas and Dastur, who have so sportingly travelled long distances to help us at a pinch is capable of giving a good account of itself. The rest of the team, we can trust the "Parsi captain" as he is universally known, to select with his usual care and judgment and they will no doubt justify their selection when called upon to do so. Some of them are already known to us and will, it is to be hoped, maintain their reputation, and let us trust that the colts who now have the honour of the community entrusted into their hands will find in this tour just the opportunity they want to bring forth all their latent talent.

In conclusion, I may say again that in going forth with our good wishes to do battle for us the members of this team have our full confidence, that under whatever circumstances they may be placed they will play this noble game in a manly and fair spirit, and that whatever may be the result of the contest they will not fail to earn the respect of friend and foe alike. We will be glad to hear of their success, and if they are defeated we shall have the consolation of thinking that it was not for want of effort to win, but that superior mettle told. I now call upon you, gentlemen, to drink to the health of the Parsi team and, instead of wishing them luck or success, I would ask you to wish that they may meet with fair fields and no favour, and may the strongest side win. I couple with this toast the name of our popular Parsi captain, Mr. J. M. Framjee Patel. (Cheers.) The toast was received with great enthusiasm.

Mr. Jamsetjee M. Patel, in replying to the toast, said that he sincerely thanked all, on behalf of the Parsi eleven, for the great honour they had done them that evening. It was very gratifying to him that so many leading gentlemen of the Parsi community should come forward to encourage and appreciate their humble efforts on the cricket-field. It was an historical fact that where cricket flourished there flourished along with it the qualities of strength, manliness, courage, and loyalty. (Applause.) He had also to thank the chairman for wishing the team well before they started on their cricketing expedition to the Northern Provinces. He well remembered the eloquent words of Mr. P. M. Mehta, who presided some five years ago at a dinner given to the first Parsi team that left for England. His words were:—"The Parsi cricketers do not go to England to rival with the great champions, but they go as artists go to Italy in search of knowledge or as pilgrims go to Jerusalem to worship at a shrine." But since that time a great change had come, and the Parsis had improved by leaps and bounds, and the present representatives now enter into friendly rivalry with the cricketers of the North-West Provinces, not as mere tyros of this noble pastime but as the acknowledged exponents of the game on this side of India. (Loud and prolonged cheers.) He agreed with the chairman that modesty was a good thing, but he believed that self-confidence was better. (Applause.) He, as well as the audience, were anxious that the Parsi team should uphold in their matches, on the other side of India, the reputation they had won at home in many a hard-fought battle; but if they received any tidings of defeat, they would not feel any keen disappointment, because it was well-known that the chances of success or defeat were uncertain. Besides, they would by playing under different conditions and on quite an unknown ground; and still what made the chances uncertain was the fact that they would be playing without the help of some of their best men, namely, Messrs. Gagrat, Bapasola, Pundole, Machlivala, &c. But in this he had one consolation, that in their loss was the gain of their friends on the opposite field. However, the team that was to go with him on Saturday night consisted of good and true men, who would, he felt confident, give a good account of themselves. (Applause.) He would leave the company to judge the team by their deeds and not by his words. Before resuming his seat, he again thanked all those who were present and the chairman for the kind words in which allusion was made to himself and the Parsi cricketers, and wished them all a Happy New Year, and all the compliments of this merry season, and every worldly prosperity. (Loud and prolonged cheering.)

Mr. Lalcaca and Mr. J. Parakh treated the company to a few native and English songs, and huge garlands of flowers and bouquets having been put on the shoulders of the cricketers, the assembly dispersed.

## SERIOUS MUTINY ON BOARD A STEAMER.

A MUTINY and fight of a very serious character occurred on board the British India S. N. Company's s. s. Kilwa, which arrived in Bombay yesterday morning from Karachi, while in the Persian Gulf *en route* from Bussorah to Karachi. A rising occurred amongst a number of Arab syces and a fierce fight ensued, one of the syces being shot by one of the officers of the ship while endeavouring to stop the mutiny. The Bombay water police and the officers of the Kilwa refused, yesterday, to give any information about the matter, on the ground that the offenders were in charge of the Karachi police to be dealt with. We learn from further inquiry, however, that the affray began in this way. The passengers between decks were complaining of the heat, and made an application to Captain Major, the master of the vessel, to have some of the hatches removed, in order to have more air. One of the officers of the ship, in accordance with the request, ordered some of the hatches to be removed; but on those hatches were sitting and reclining a number of Arab syces, who surlily refused to get up. The officer told them they must; but as they doggedly declined to move, the hatches were removed by force. The syces resenting this interference made an attack on the officer, to whose assistance came the captain and other officers. A regular battle ensued, the syces, who were joined by other deck passengers, numbering about fifty, drawing knives and using clubs. The officers fought hard, and notwithstanding the numbers of the excited crowd pressing on them, kept them at bay so well that none were wounded, although one narrowly escaped being brained by a blow which was aimed at him, striking a staunchion in its descent, which shivered the club into pieces. An Arab priest on board who tried, but was unable, to make the mob draw off, advised the officers to retire, while he endeavoured to pacify the Arabs. The officers did so, and retreated to the saloon, where for two hours they remained in terror of their lives, the ship being at the mercy of the mutineers. It would appear, however, that the priest's arguments were in vain, for down to the saloon came a band of syces, who attempted to force their way in through the door which had previously been well-barricaded. Fearing the door would be forced, one of the officers drew a pistol, and shot one of the mutineers through the side, though not mortally. This checked the scoundrels, who seeing the officers of the ship determined to continue a stout resistance, drew off. Then fortune favoured the captain and officers of the Kilwa. It would seem H. M. S. Redbreast left the Gulf before the Kilwa, but previous to leaving Captain Major had an interview with the Commander of the Redbreast, who luckily told him how many knots an hour he meant the vessel to steam. When the rising began Captain Major remembered this, and guessing in which direction the Readbreast would be, though she was not in sight he altered the Kilwa's course and put her at full speed with the intention of overtaking the Readbreast. The Kilwa came in sight of the Redbreast just as the Arabs had been checked on their attempt to force their way into the saloon. On the mutineers retiring, when their fellow was wounded, the captain immediately signalled the Redbreast, and coming alongside her, gave in charge ten men who, he considered, were the ringleaders. They were taken to Karachi on board the Redbreast, and given in charge of the police there.

## THE CHARGE OF DEFAMATION BY CLERICS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—From the report of the proceedings of the above case on the 11th instant, which appeared in your issue of the next day, it would appear that Dr. D. A. De Monte, one of the witnesses for the prosecution, stated that I had expressed my disapprobation of the excommunication. When my attention was drawn to your report I saw Dr. De Monte on the subject, and he informs me that what he meant to convey to the Court is that I expressed my disapprobation of the second letter, *i. e.*, the letter of the 13th September last, *being read on that day*, as it was the Feast-day, and that he never wished to be understood to say that I had expressed an opinion unfavourable either to the letter of excommunication or to the second letter as such. I for one have no recollection of having made any remark on the point. Be good enough to give the above a corner in your next issue, as I am anxious to remove the impression that I understand has been created by your report.—Yours, &c.,

WILLIAM HENRIQUES,
Vicar, St. Andrews, Bandora.

## WEDDING AT BARODA.

A CORRESPONDENT writes:—A very pretty wedding was solemnised in St. James's Church, Camp Baroda, on the 14th instant, by Rev. W. B. Preston, between Mr. F. H. Nissen (an officer in one of H. H. the Gaekwar's Cavalry Regiments), son of Col. G. Nissen of H. H.'s Service, and Miss O. E. Devine, daughter of General J. Devine (retired list of H. H's Service). The time appointed for the ceremony was 5 p.m. at which hour the bride arrived, escorted by her father, looking her very best in a flowered silk dress, with veil, &c. The bridegroom, in his grand full dress uniform, with his best man, Lieutenant J. Devine, the bride's brother, of the same service, had arrived half-an-hour before the appointed time. The church was very prettily decorated by Mr. R. DeCruz, of the Residency, to whom great credit is due for all the trouble he took, not only in decorating the church, but also General Devine's house. Just before the service commenced, Mr. F. Nissen (the bridegroom's cousin) played a voluntary and the Wedding March by Mendelssohn at the conclusion of the service.

After the usual ceremony and signing of the register the happy pair returned to the bride's parents' house, where the guests followed to tender their congratulations and taste the cake which the native officers of the bridegroom's regiment received from the bestman. The Rev. W. B. Preston made a very nice little speech, remarking that Baroda had certainly shown a good example in the marriage line to Ahmedabad where he is stationed, and then proposed the health of the bride and her gallant husband. During the earlier part of the evening, one of his Highness's military bands was in attendance, which enlivened every one, almost making them long for 9 o'clock, the time appointed for dancing to commence. The bride was the happy recipient of many pretty and useful presents from her friends, for I might add here that the happy couple are very popular in Baroda.

The following were among the ladies and gentlemen who were present:—General and Mrs. Devine, Rev. W. B. Preston, Lieutenant J. Devine, Master T. Devine, the Misses M., L., A., and Agnes Devine (bridesmaids, and flower-girls), Mr. and Mrs. E. Lynn, Mrs. Wagentreiber, Captain A. Lynn, Captain W. Lynn, Misses A. Lynn, Moon, Wilcox, and McCally, Captain and Mrs. W. Wilcox, Captain and Misses DaCunah, Mr. and Mrs. Whitney Lynn, Mr. F. Nissen, Mrs. F. and Miss S. Nissen, Mr. and Miss Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. Radenhurst, Mr. W. Mackeson, Misses Forbes, Mr. and Mrs. Raitt, Mrs. Wright, Mr. G. Wilcox, Mr. and Mrs. C. Watson, Brigade-Major Sheik Ebrahim, Captain Bustisingha, Mr. and Mrs. R. DeCruz, Mr. DeCruz (jun.), Mr. and Mrs. Collins, Miss S. Collins, and Native Commissioned Officers of the bridegroom's Regiment.

Before closing I must not forget to mention that the bridesmaids (Misses M. and L. Devine, sisters of the bride) wore dresses that looked very nice indeed as also did the two flower-girls, the youngest sisters of the bride, Misses Annie and Agnes. The happy pair endeavouring to decamp were saluted with a shower of rice and slippers and many good wishes. But their departure in no wise damped the ardour of the dancers who had remained, for they kept it up to a very early hour of the morning.

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THE new Lord Mayor of London, Mr. Evans says *Tit Bits*, married a Miss Boakes, who formerly filled the office of chambermaid at the Oak Hotel, Sevenoaks, where Mr. Evans used to spend his autumn holidays. Miss Boakes was exceedingly pretty and well-conducted, and Mr. Evans was so smitten with her beauty that he took her from her calling at the hotel and placed her in a ladies' seminary, where she received the education of a lady, and then married her. The marriage resulted in the most happy outcome that can possibly be expected.

THE *New York Herald's* Valparaiso correspondent says that Marshal da Fonseca, the ex-Dictator of Brazil, besides abdicating resigns his command in the army. It is rumoured that the capital of Brazil will be removed from Rio de Janeiro to Nictheory, on the opposite side of the Bay.

## BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following Season Report for the week ending 15th December were published in yesterday's *Government Gazette*:—

Karachi.—River at Kotri on 14, 5 feet 1 inch against 6 feet 9 inches on same date last year. Rabi operations still continue. Early sowings flourishing except in Mirpur Batoro taluka, where oil-seeds are slightly damaged by dew. Aricultural stock in fair condition except in Karachi and Kohistan talukas, where there is scarcity of grass.

Shikarpur.—Karif harvesting and rabi sowing continue. Insufficiency of fodder in 3 talukas.

Hyderabad.—Kharif outturn ranging between 12 and 16 annas in the rupee. Rabi crops attacked by blight in Hyderabad taluka.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Fodder continues scarce in 2 talukas. Rain required for rapi crops in Thul and Kashmor.

Thar and Parkar.—Rice harvesting and rabi sowings still continue. Fever in the valley interfering with both operations. Average outturn of kharif crops 14 annas. Scarcity in the desert, being especially severe on the eastern side.

Ahmedabad.—(For week ending 12th December).—Harvesting of kharif and sowing of rabi crops completed. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder supply sufficient. Prices stationary.

Panch Mahals.—Standing crops and agricultural stock in good condition.

Kaira.—(For week ending 12th December)—Standing rabi crops in good condition. Fodder supply sufficient. Agricultural stock in good condition.

Broach.—Standing crops in good condition. Prospects and probable outturn of crops good. Condition of fodder supply good and agricultural stock healthy.

Surat.—Standing crops in good condition. Prospects and probale outturn of crops good. Fodder sufficient and agricultural stock good.

Khandesh.—Standing rabi crops healthy. Reaping of jowari and tur and picking of cotton in progress. Condition of fodder supply and agriculturad stock good. Prices of grain higher owing to large exportation.

Nasik.—Total rainfall insufficient west of Niphad, east of Kalvan and in the whole of Baglan. Reaping completed. Threshing commenced. Standing rabi crops good, but more rain wanted. Prospects and probable outturn of crops good in 2, middling in 8, and bad in 2 talukas. Condition of fodder supply and agricultural stock fair. Prices rising.

Colaba (Bombay).—Abnormal temperature nil on 9th, 10th and 13th: 1° cool on 11th, 12th and 15th, and 1° warm on 14th. Vapour in air defective from 9th to 12th, afterwards normal. Abnormal wind from north-east from 9th to 11th, from east-north-east on 12th; wind normal from 13th to 15th.

Thana.—Reaping of kharif crops completed and threshing commenced. Sowing of rabi crops in progress. Prospects and propable outturn of crops fairly good. Condition of fodder supply and agricultural stock good.

Kolaba.—Threshing of early crops in progress. Crops good except at Mahad and Nagothna where they are injured by insects. Sowing of rapi crops continues.

Ratnagiri.—Sowing of summer crops in progress. Price of rice rising in Malvan and Vengurla talukas owing to its export to places above the ghats.

Poona.—Rain very much wanted in parts of all the talukas in in the district. Harvesting of kharif crops almost completed. Rabi crops withering for want of rain throught the district and sowing in many places also retarded for want of rain. Prospects of kharif crops fair. Scarcity of fodder throughout the district except in taluka Maval. Owing to scarcity of water in some parts of the districts, except Junnar and Maval, cattle being removed to other parts of the district having sufficient water. Agricultural stock fair. Prices gradually rising throughout the district.

Ahmednagar.—Rain badly wanted throughout the district. Threshing of kharif crops continues. Rabi crops withering for want of rain. Fodder insufficient in 4 taluka. Agricultural stock generally good. Prices of food grains rising except in one taluka.

Sholapur.—(For week ending 12th December).—Rain badly wanted all throughout the district. Standing rabi crops withering. Prospects and probable outturn of rabi crops will be fair should there be rain shortly. Fodder supply insufficient. Agricultural stock fair. Prices of food grains rising.

Satara.—Rainfall for the season insufficient throughout the district. Rain badly wanted for late crops. Standing rabi crops in Satara, Javli, Koregaon and Khatav talukas withering for want of moisture. Harvesting of kharif crops nearly completed. Fodder dear in all talukas and peta Khandala. Prices rising throughout the district. Water-supply deficient in Khanapur and eastern portion of Khatav. Agricultural stock good.

Bijapur.—Rabi crops on high ground totally withered, except on banks of rivers and nalas. Scarcity of fodder and water much felt. People driving their cattle to Moglai and other places.

Belgaum.—No signs of rain. Crops withering in Athni and parts of Gokak and Parasgad talukas. Reaping of kharif crops nearly completed. Prices continue abnormally high. Scarcity of fodder throughout the district except in Khanapur, Belgaum and Chikodi talukas. Cattle distressed. People emigrating from Gokak taluka.

Dharwar.—Reaping of paddy completed and of early jowari in progress. Late crops withering for want of moisture. Scarcity of water in 5 and of fodder in 7 talukas. Cattle distressed in Navalgund, Gadag and Ron talukas, and driven to Mallad. Prices rising in 4, falling in 1 and stationary in 6 talukas.

Kanara.—Rain at Supa 90 cents. Sowing of second crop in progress on coast. Harvest continues above ghats. Crops and agricultural stock fair. Fodder sufficient. Cattle from Dharwar district coming to Mundgod and Haliyal for want of fodder in that district.

Rajkot.—Bajri and jowari being threshed. Watering of wheat and gram continues. Agricultural stock good.

Wadhwan.—Weather cold. Wheat and gram crops appear healthy.

Baroda.—Reaping of kharif and sowing of rabi crops in progress in all divisions. Agricultural stock fair.

## COMPULSORY USE OF KIDDERPUR DOCKS.

THE reply of the Port Commission to the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on the above subject is as follows:—

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 1211, dated the 24th of November 1891, representing that the leading merchants and agents of the various steamer lines are unanimously of opinion that no steps should be taken by the Commissioners to compel the trade now using the jetties to resort to the docks. The Chamber therefore urge that all non-hazardous branches of trade should be free to do their work where it best suits their convenience, and that it should be left for the Kidderpur dock to attract trade by the advantages it may offer.

I am desired to state, for the information of the Chamber, that the letter was duly considered by the Commissioners at a meeting held on the 30th ultimo, and, in accordance with the resolution passed by them, I am to say that the Commissioners will do all that is practicable to meet the wishes of the various branches of the trade of Calcutta as expressed in your letter under reply.—Yours faithfully,

(Sd.) R. S. DONNITHORNE,
Dec. 8. Secretary.

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FASHIONABLE French dovecotes have been sadly fluttered by the unexpected news of the engagement of the Duc de la Rochefoucauld to Miss Mitchell, an American young lady. According to the *World* the Duc de la Rochefoucauld is about thirty-six, and with his splendid name and fortune, has been the blue ribbon of the matrimonial turf through many a changing season. Having lived to be the ambition and despair of every eligible young lady in France, the great man has suddenly fallen in love as simply and ardently as a subaltern in a marching regiment. The bride-elect is no Transatlantic heiress with a convenient pile to prop the fortunes of a squandered heritage. She is distinguished by great beauty, and is a charming unit of an irresistible race, whose face and manners have proved her finest fortune.

*Holloway's Ointment and Pills.*—Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers.—Daily experience confirms the fact which has triumphed over all opposition for more than fifty years, *viz.*, that no means are known equal to Holloway's remedies for curing bad legs, bad breasts, sores, wounds, diseases of the skin, erysipelas, abscesses, burns, scalds, and, in truth, all maladies where the skin is broken. To cure these infirmities quickly is of primary importance, as compulsory confinement indoors weakens the general health. The ready means of cure are found in Holloway's Ointment and Pills, which heal the sores and expel their cause. In the very worst cases the Ointment has succeeded in effecting a perfect cure after every other means had failed in giving adequate relief.

## THE IMPERIAL DIAMOND CASE.

THE cross-examination of Abid was concluded on Saturday, having occupied something under seven hours. The manner of the witness was again quite composed. When, however, Mr. Woodroffe's re-examination started, Abid showed an inclination to answer more than he was asked and, as he himself put it in one instance, to tell the whole history of the transaction over again.

When Mr. Inverarity opened the morning's work Abid said he heard Jacob was at Simla when the warrant was applied for, that he surrendered himself as soon as he heard of the application, and brought the diamond with him to Calcutta. He did not know whether Jacob was kept in jail for several days; it may have been so. It may be that several applications for bail were made and opposed by the prosecution. Ahmed Hussein was one of the persons with whom Jacob communicated whilst witness was in Persia. Mr. Inverarity read a letter from Jacob to Ahmed Hussein asking him to warn Abid against a jeweller, named Tan Mull. This letter was dated the 20th of February, and Mr. Inverarity then produced a letter from Ahmed Hussein to Jacob written on the same day, in which he said Abid directed him to say that Tan Mull's jewellery had been returned by the Nizam, and Abid had been told to keep only the model of the big diamond. Witness may have told Ahmed Hussein to write that. A letter from Amin Chund, a jeweller, addressed to Abid, was then read. The writer expressed a desire to show his jewellery, to the Nizam, and gave a list of certain special articles, with their prices. Witness was asked whether he gave that letter to Jacob, but he stated he did not. He stated in the Police Court that purchases of jewellery were sometimes effected by him for the Nizam. The jewellery mentioned in Amin Chund's letter was some which the writer wished brought to the notice of the Nizam.

Mr. Inverarity.—Had not the Nizam a model of the big diamond given him by another jeweller while you were in Persia?—I don't know. It may have been so?

Sir Charles Paul objected to the question.

Mr. Inverarity:—In that letter he talks about the model of the big diamond of Tan Mull. (To witness—What model is referred to in that letter?—I don't remember.

Is there a jeweller named Tan Mull?—Yes.

Who sells to his Highness?—He sold some articles on one occasion.

The witness in answer to other questions said he did not remember whether at the time of the interview in the palace on the evening of the day the diamond was rejected the Nizam was in the zenana; nor whether he told Jacob he was. Finally he said that the first telegram about the return of the deposit money was signed "A. Abid, *pro* Robert Skinner." Skinner was the manager of Mrs. Abid's shop.

This closed the cross-examination.

Re-examined by Mr. Woodroffe, the witness said that in the course of his employment at Hyderabad he had made a considerable amount of money, with which he had set up a shop and built two houses. They were in his Highness's territory. His house was a large and good one, and he laid out about two lakhs of rupees on it. It was not far from his Highness' palace at Saifabad. There had been no concealment from the Nizam of the fact that he received commission. His Highness was aware of the fact that he took commission and that he took it from Jacob at the rate of ten per cent. He represented it to his Highness. At the time he was in Colonel Euan Smith's service witness had money of his own. Colonel Euan Smith looked upon him as a friend.

Did he evince his friendship for you in the not unusual way of borrowing money from you?—Yes.

How much?—£200.

Was it returned to you?—Yes; the whole of it.

When?—At the time we returned from Kabul and I left his service.

Continuing, the witness said he received no letter of recommendation or certificate when leaving Colonel Euan Smith's service. Jacob was first introduced to him about four years ago by Colonel Marshall.

Referring to the cat's-eye incident, the witness said Punna Lal brought it to his Highness at the time Jacob was in Hyderabad. After Punna Lal had sold this cat's-eye to the Nizam another was brought by Jacob, who showed it to witness. Witness showed Jacob the one which the Nizam had purchased, and the accused asked what price had been paid for it. He said either forty or forty-five thousand rupees. Jacob then said: "You see this cat's-eye of mine is larger than the other. The value of mine is Rs. 12,000. This other would be worth Rs. 4,000 to Rs. 5,000." Jacob showed his cat's-eye to the Nizam, who bought it for Rs. 12,000. Jacob did not otherwise, save in so far as he expressed his opinion to witness, value Punna Lal's cat's-eye. He did not value it for the Nizam. Witness thought he got 5 per cent. commission from Punna Lal on the sale of his cat's-ye and 10 per cent. from Jacob over the sale of his. That was a full and true account of the transaction referred to in Jacob's letter. It was not true that Jacob was asked to value a cat's-eye which Punna Lal wished to sell. His Highness himself fixed the value.

New comers were not allowed to go into the palace without payment to the chopdars, harkaras, and all the other persons about the gate, "and lots more." It was under the orders of his Highness that witness sent the letters and telegrams relating to the purchase of Rs. 50,000 worth of jewellery whilst Mr. Jacob was in Simla in 1890. Similarly in 1889. He had never on any occasion purchased articles for the Nizam from Jacob without the Nizam's special order or permission.

Coming next to the telegram of August 13th, 1889, in which it was said the Nizam would send a lakh of rupees to Jacob to make certain purchases, witness said the lakh was never sent. When witness said that sales were sometimes effected by him to the Nizam he meant that he used to place the things before his Highness and take the owner to him—nothing more. He sent the telegram of his own accord, telling Jacob to purchase articles likely to please the Nizam's taste, and that if he exceeded the amount remitted, more money would be sent. That telegram had reference to a special transaction. Jacob had sent witness a certain letter and catalogue which he showed to his Highness.

"After that," asked the learned counsel, "did you do anything?"

Abid endeavoured to give the substance of the letter he received, but was stopped, and then said he did nothing.

How did you come to send this telegram?—

His Highness said "I will send money."—Stop. How did you come to send this telegram?—If you don't allow me to state all that took place I cannot answer the question.

How long after you received that letter did you send this telegram?—Five or six days.

Were any purchases made of the articles referred to in this telegram?—No; and no money was sent.

Referring next to the arrangement made for a person to act for him in Jacob's business, whilst witness was in Persia, Abid proved a letter from Jacob asking him to make some such arrangement. In the course of this letter Jacob expressed a hope that Abid's post would not be held by an Englishman. He (witness) asked all the employes to look after Jacob. He had told Mr. Inverarity he did many things for, and rendered assistance to, Jacob in the matter of the diamond. That being so, when he said he was not anxious about the sale he meant that he did everything, and tried at first that the sale might be effected, but afterwards, when he found that his Highness would not take the diamond, he could not act against his conscience, and he could not press his Highness to take it.

Mr. Woodroffe—Then I take it that when you said you were not anxious the Nizam should buy the diamond, you were referring to the time after the Nizam had rejected the diamond.

Mr. Inverarity objected to the form of the question and the Judge ruled it was inadmissible.

Mr. Woodroffe then asked whether Abid's anxiety ceased before or after the diamond was rejected, and the witness replied, "After the rejection." He had said he took no interest in the negotiations, but he did take interest; though when he found his Highness would not take the stone, what could he do? He would have been very glad to get the commission on the sale of the diamond if it had been carried out, and in sending the telegrams and letters he did, he had that end in view.

Mr. Woodroffe—In what sense then did you tell Mr. Inverarity you did not try to get it sold, and made no efforts to earn your commission?—After it was rejected I did not try any more. If his Highness had seen I was trying to press the diamond on him after its rejection I would have lost my appointment. His Highness would have entertained a bad opinion of me.

Is his Highness a man easily changed from his ideas?—No; never.

Further, the witness stated that the Nizam was in the habit of purchasing jewellery and knew the value of diamonds and other gems very well. The Nizam would not have taken the trouble to read the history of the diamond if he had placed it before him. By that he ment the Nizam was not so well educated as to be able to read it well, and therefore he would not have taken the trouble. Witness used to receive his commission then and there when Jacob was paid. The model of the diamond came by post to Jacob when he was at Hyderabad. When he got it he said to witness: "Let it remain in my possession; I will take it to his Highness, and place it before him as it is." He did so. Armenian was the mother-tongue of witness. There was a colony of Armenians in Ispahan.

Mr. Woodroffe—You have said that at the interview of July 21st Jacob said to the Nizam: "What price will your Highness give?" What reply was given?—He said: "You say." Jacob then said the expenses for bringing it out would be very heavy, and after a good deal of talk he said: "Very well, your Highness may give forty-six lakhs of rupees."

Mr. Woodroffe.—Who first mentioned the sum of forty-six lakhs?—Jacob.

Further, the witness said he understood from Jacob's remarks that, after paying his commission, Jacob would retain a profit of five or six lakhs of rupees, which would be enough for him.

Questioned as to conversation about the deposit, witness said Jacob said: "Put twenty-three lakhs into the bank in my name, so that when the diamond shall arrive in Calcutta those persons will trust me with the diamond, and I shall be able to place it before his Highness." He did not remember whether Jacob said who "those persons" were. Witness was under the impression the diamond would come to the bank, that the money would be there, and the diamond would be entrusted to Jacob. In Jacob's letter saying he must have twenty-three lakhs "to pay them, so that they will hand me the diamond," he understood "they" and "them" to mean the bank. (Mr. Woodroffe pointed out there was nothing about owners in the letter which was read to the witness). The letter did not vary at all from witness's understanding of the arrangement between Jacob and the Nizam.

Mr. Woodroffe.—How did it come you told Mr. Inverarity it varied?—When he read it out I did not quite understand it (to the Interpreter) and when you explained it I did not quite understand it.

In the other letter in which he asks for the twenty-three lakhs to be sent to Cacutta, so that he might pay it in to the agents of the owner of the diamond, whom did you understand by the agents?—Some other merchant.

You stated that that arrangement differed from the one come to with the Nizam: in what respect?—That about the payment to be made to the merchants.

When did you first understand the arrangement was not corectly set forth in that respect?—The day the letter was received.

That would be the fourth morning after writing. How was it you did not write or wire to Jacob about that misapprehension of the contract?—I am not quite sure. I think I did wire.

You did wire on the 13th June?—Yes; it may be so.

Mr. Woodroffe said the telegram had been put in. It stated: "Letter received. Been translated into Persian. Will read to Nizam." What did you mean by that?—That I would get it read by the Nizam when it was translated.

Continuing, the witness said he did not know when the letter was translated. Beyond the telegram read witness sent another telegram to Jacob in reference to his letter. He could not remember the date. The telegram produced was the one he sent. It stated that the Nizam had sent orders to the minister, and he hoped arrangements would be made by the next day.

Then you did not question the correctness of Jacob's version of the arrangement?—No.

Why not?—I thought when he made the statement he must have been mistaken. My impression was the money was to be in the bank.

You stated to Mr. Inverarity that Jacob's invariable practice was to make out a bill whenever anything was sold, and to send his bill to the Nizam. Did Jacob make out any bill for the sale of the diamond as for 40 lakhs?—No.

In the case of other sales you said he was usually paid within a few days of the date of purchase?—Yes.

After a sale with whom did the goods sold remain—with Jacob, the Nizam or whom?—Immediately after the purchase the things used to be given into the possession of his Highness.

Have you ever known any instance in which Jacob refused to give his Highness credit by refusing to leave things with him before they were paid for?—No.

Did he ever leave Hyderabad before he got an order for payment?—No; never.

Witness stated that as to the five lakhs paid at Bombay and the one lakh sixty thousand odd paid in Bombay, Jacob obtained order for payment before he left Hyderabad. Jacob received the orders from the Nizam's own hands.

Mr. Woodroffe was proceeding to question witness about telegrams sent when the Nizam had shot tigers, but his lordship inquired whether there was really a scrap of anything material in them.

Mr. Woodroffe said he only asked on the point because there had been a suggestion of falsehood made, and he wished to clear the point up.

The point was not pursued.

A telegram of the 23rd April was put in, in which the words occurred: "The Nizam was pleased to settle diamond." That, the witness said, meant that his Highness had settled the diamond should come out from England.

### MRS. ABID IN THE WITNESS BOX.

The diamond case advanced another stage on Monday when Abid's evidence was concluded and that of Mrs. Abid taken. When the Court arose on Saturday Abid was being re-examined by Mr. Woodroffe, who opened on Monday by asking him—When you say in your letter to Mr. Jacob, "Never mind whether there is money in the treasury or not; if his Highness likes he can have fifty lakhs in a minute. In such a state of things what is fifty lakhs to him," what do you refer to when you say treasury?—Any of the treasuries.

From what source would he get it then?—From his other treasuries under his orders from his taluq properties.

Questioned further, Abid said the Nizam had no property other than the State property. By taluq property he meant State property. He meant that the Nizam had State domains in addition to the revenue. When he telegraphed on May 1st, "Diamond all right," he meant that the arrangements which Jacob said he had made for bringing out the diamond were satisfactory. The telegram of the same date which said the Minister had "freshened the case" had reference to what was known as Dorabji's case. He did not remember when he heard that the minister had communicated to the Nizam that he was being charged too much. When the Nizam told him to telegraph to Jacob saying he had done wrong in drawing out the money the message he sent was: "Our mutual promise was that money should be deposited on your name only until the diamond is *passand* or *na passand*." All telegrams and letters and copies of telegrams witness had in this case had been produced by him—many more than those shown in court—and had been tendered for inspection by the accused's attorneys. His shop in the Hyderabad buildings, and stock, cost seven or eight lakhs of rupees.

The re-examination closed at a quarter to twelve. Before Mrs. Abid was called Sir Charles Paul applied that the Court might be cleared of all persons not directly concerned in the case supporting his application by a medical certificate as to Mrs. Abid's health.

The Judge directed that persons merely looking on should retire behind the clock.

Mr. Woodroffe mentioned that the witness was rather deaf and spoke in a low voice, and it was arranged that the Interpreter should repeat her answers.

Annie Abid then said she was married to Abid in 1882 in London. She was formerly governess to Lady Meade's little boy and was Lady Meade's travelling attendant also. Sir Richard Meade was formerly Resident at Hyderabad, and witness came out from England with Lady Meade. She knew Jacob after her husband went to Persia in 1890. Jacob came to Hyderabad and sold jewellery to the Nizam. Abid returned in January 1891. The commission on the things sold while her husband was away was paid to witness's account. It was fourteen thousand rupees. Accused called on her at Hyderabad in July last. The day the diamond was rejected Jacob saw her in her drawing-room about one o'clock in the day. She said to Jacob: "I regret to hear you are down on your luck to-day." He said: "Oh, Mrs. Abid, I am a ruined man," beating his head the while. He went on to say: "His Highness has not only rejected the diamond, but he has refused to buy any of the other things I brought up with me, and that hurts me more than the refusal to buy this diamond." Witness told him not to fret, as in that respect he was no worse off than the other jewellers, for his Highness had not bought a rupee's worth from any one of them. He said: "I am afraid there has been something of this going on," twiddling his thumbs as he spoke, but she replied: "Nonsense; I don't think anything of the sort." Then Jacob said: "If it is not that, it is one unlucky word I spoke when I was here last." She asked what that word was, and he said he was fool enough to tell the Nizam that if he would buy the diamond, he (Jacob) would never do another day's work, and he added: "You know he has got a clever head of his own, and I am afraid he has been thinking about it." She remarked that it was not a very clever thing for Jacob to say, and that anyone as thoughtful and clever as his Highness would be sure to think of it at some time or other. Then Jacob with a gesture of despair said it was his luck. Accused took a large letter from his pocket and folded it so that witness could read portions which he wished her to read. In one part it was written: "Dear Sir, you have been misinformed about the price of the diamond. The price is two hundred and fifty thousand pounds." He said he was under the impression the price was two hundred and forty thousand pounds. In another portion of the letter she read: "You will have to pay two thousand pounds monthly for three months, Understand not three months in India but three months from the time it leaves Paris." Then he put away the letter and spoke of all his expenses. He said he had given his broker a large sum to go home and negotiate, and he reckoned he had lost about one lakh and eighty thousand over the business. She advised him not to worry about it then, but when he came to Hyderabad again, as she supposed he would do in four or five months' time, if he brought a nice letter or petition and presented it to his Highness, knowing how kind-hearted he was, she thought he might do something for him. Jacob said he could only do that with the help of her husband, and she replied: "You surely ought to know him well enough to know that he is ready and willing to help anyone in trouble." Jacob answered: "Yes, yes." As he rose he said: "His Highness will never see this diamond again, for the moment I set foot in Calcutta over it goes to Patiala." She asked who Patiala was, as she had never heard the name before, and he said he was the only other man in India rich enough to buy the diamond except his Highness. She again asked who he was, and Jacob replied: "A Raja. Any way, as soon as he heard the diamond had arrived in India, he deposited forty lakhs in the bank for it, so that he might take it if the Nizam did not. If you doubt my words wire to the Alliance Bank." She said to him: "If that is the case, Mr. Jacob, I don't see what you have got to fret so much about. You will not be so much the loser." He spoke crossly then and said: "You don't understand anything about it. It won't be my profit then." He shook hands, and as he was going out said: "It is bad for me and you too. Had I sold the diamond I would have given your husband a handsome commission." She said she was very sorry. She decidedly did not tell Jacob that some one had told the Nizam the diamond might be purchased for a less price than his Highness was paying. She would not have insulted him in that way. Jacob did not say: "Of course, he can, because I paid a great deal less than forty-six lakhs, but I must make profit. Even now I would take less." She did not tell Jacob he had better go and see her husband, who would arrange it. She heard a day or two before the diamond came to Hyderabad that the price asked for it was forty-six lakhs. She had heard twenty-three lakhs was to be deposited. She believed she heard that from Jacob while she was at Ootacamund. She went there on March 2nd and returned on the 8th or 10th July. Having spoken to the rate of commission received by her husband, generally ten per cent—sometimes not so much, but always ten from Jacob—witness said certainly she took no part whatever in the contract for the sale of this diamond. From time to time she had communicated with accused. He either wrote or telegraphed to her husband, asking him not to admit other jewellers to the palace and she each time replied. The only part she took in the arrangement regarding the diamond was to represent in a letter to her husband what Jacob had asked her to say.

Mr. Woodroffe read a letter to Mrs. Abid, dated November, 1890, containing a reference by Jacob to a previous letter of Mrs. Abid's, in which she said she would rather Jacob did not come to Hyderabad in her husband's absence. Jacob said that to keep certain goods longer would entail loss, and therefore he hoped to come in December. He asked Mrs. Abid to help to make his visit easy and arrange that he might see the Nizam. Witness said there was no particular reason why she wished Jacob should not come during her husband's absence. Jacob had been very cross when he was in Hyderabad in the previous February and sold nothing. Another letter from Jacob, dated January 27th, was then read, in which he thanked Mrs. Abid for the trouble she took to make his visit a successful one. On October 8th, 1890, Jacob wrote to Mrs. Abid thanking her husband for the trouble he had taken during the accused's visit and regretting Abid's approaching visit to Persia, "just when he would have been useful to me," and referring to the draft he would send. Witness said this draft must have been in reference to the commission on May 23rd. A further letter was written in which Jacob, among other matters, mentioned that the Nizam was an expert in gems and precious stones. A telegraphic correspondence respecting the admission of Punna Lal to the palace was then proved and afterwards witness said the following letter, addressed to Mr. Pestonji, Deputy Commissioner of Customs, was in Jacob's writing: "My dear Sir,—I have not anything with me for sale now. I came about that large diamond which his Highness is supposed to have bought for forty six lakhs of rupees, which I have nothing to do with. I leave the day after to-morrow. This will show you I mean no business this time." Mrs. Abid then proved Jacob's signature on a cheque, dated July 10th: "Pay to myself twenty-three lakhs of rupees only;" on the cheque drawn by Messrs. Kilburn and Company in favour of Jacob for Rs. 1,77,131-1-3, and on a cheque of July 10th drawn by Messrs. Kilburn and Company in favour of themselves for fifty thousand rupees and endorsed by Jacob. Other letters already proved were shown to witness, who also proved Jacob's and Mr. Skinner's (her manager's) signatures on various telegrams and receipts. In answer to Mr. Woodroffe, she said her husband wrote very little English and spoke little. He spoke to her in English.

Being cross-examined by Mr. Inverarity, witness said she spoke no language except English. Her husband understood English fairly well when it was spoken.

Mr. Inverarity.—When you were travelling attendant to Lady Meade did you perform the duties of lady's maid?—Not exactly; I did the housekeeping and taught her little son.

Did you perform the duties of a lady's maid? (At this point Mr. Inverarity stationed himself near the witness and put his questions direct.)—I performed the duties of travelling attendant, and, when I settled, housekeeping and I taught her little son.

Did your duties include the duties of lady's maid?—I suppose they did to a certain extent.

Further, witness said when she first met her husband he was at Hyderabad in the service of Major Euan Smith. She had read her husband's cross-examination in the papers, but had not talked with him about it, or very little.

Being then questioned as to the time she first heard the price of the diamond, witness repeated that she believed she first heard it a few days before the rejection of the stone. She did not hear it while she was at Ootacamund, nor did her husband mention it in his letters. She could not remember whether Jacob spoke to her about the diamond, and she assured him money was in plenty. She did not know that there was an understanding that no other jeweller was to be admitted to the Nizam. Her husband was offered a share in the profits. She never heard he was going to share it, except once from Jacob. She did not know whether the letter was produced. As she had said in the police court, she tore up letters of the accused, as they came in, in obedience to his request. She produced only two, dated November 9th, 1890, and January 22nd, 1891, which had nothing to do with the diamond. She had only one letter about the diamond. It must have been destroyed because it was not with these (pointing to other papers in counsel's hands).

The Court here adjourned for luncheon, and on resuming Mrs. Abid said, in answer to Mr. Inverarity, that she could not remember what the contents of Jacob's letter about the diamond were. Her memory was not bad, but at that time she was very weak. She had a very good memory. Mr. Inverarity read a letter from witness to Jacob, dated April 21st, from Ootacamund, in which she said she was sure if her husband shared the profits he would share the losses, and told Jacob not to despond. That letter referred to the diamond. She never had any conversation with her husband as to what he was going to make out of the diamond. She was not quite indifferent as to whether the diamond was sold or not.

Witness was then questioned respecting her statements in the police court in regard to her share in the correspondence about the diamond whilst she was at Ootacamund. She might have said in the police court that she took no interest in the sale of the diamond and knew nothing about it. She did not mean that literally. She knew nothing about it except what Jacob wrote to her. She also said she knew the sale of the diamond was being negotiated for forty-six lakhs of rupees. She wrote and asked her husband to try and get the diamond sold. She did not know whether he busied himself in the matter.

At this point a clerk from the telegraph check office produced five original messages, which Mrs. Abid said were all in her handwriting. Mr. Inverarity put in only one of the telegrams, dated June 24th, which differed materially from the message already in court. That message read: "Wire urgently for payment. Here forty-one lakhs kept since left." In the message received at Simla thirty-one lakhs were mentioned and "since" was converted into "sake." Mrs. Abid said she sent that telegram and thought it referred to Punna Lal. On May 11th she wrote to Jacob a letter, in the course of which this passage occured: "Hoping to hear you will get the money that has been promised you next month, so that you will suffer no losses." That referred to twenty-three lakhs deposit money. Asked how she knew that, she said Jacob wrote, but she could not tell exactly what he said. She used long before that time to take interest in Jacob's sales through her husband, and both worked together in Jacob's interest.

Mr. Inverarity read letters, dated in 1889, exemplifying his interest in the warmest terms. When her husband was in Persia, at the end of 1890, witness said she made things easy for Jacob to obtain admittance to the Nizam, but they did not speak about the diamond. She had no recollection of any conversation on the subject. No one knew what took place at the interview between them of July 21st but Jacob and witness. He gave the story entirely from memory. She made a few notes but tore them up, as she did not think them worth keeping, knowing she could remember. She might have repeated the story there in almost the same words as in the police court. She could not alter it. She did not mention in the police court that Jacob said: "If you doubt my word wire to the Alliance Bank." She remembered that afterwards. She had no recollection of hearing that the Resident saw the Nizam about the diamond till the Commission was at Hyderabad, when she saw it in the papers. Her husband did not tell her that the Resident had interfered about the purchase of the diamond. They had some conversation about the rejection of the diamond, but she could not remember what it was. She heard nothing after the 21st July until Jacob telegraphed to the Nizam on that day. Her husband asked her what conversation took place between herself and Jacob on the afternoon of July 21st. It was then she made the note of the conversation, that she afterwards tore up. She did not know anything about the dispute at that time. She knew Jacob had mentioned her name in his telegaram, and she told her husband to inform the Nizam she would come before him and say word for word what took place. Her shop supplied many articles to the Nizam, about one lakh's worth more or less yearly. She never kept a shop before she started this one. She sold nearly everything. She got money to start with from her husband, and the business had grown from year to year. She had produced all the documents she had in reference to the diamond.

Mr. Inverarity then put in witness's deposition before the Magistrate and closed his cross-examination.

Mr. Woodroffe elicited that to witness's knowledge no arrangement was made between her husband and accused that Abid should share in the profits or losses in connection with the diamond.

His Lordship intimated that that branch of the cross-examination need not be pursued.

She was not aware of arrangements between the Nizam and Jacob for the sale of the diamond. The statement she made to her husband as to what took place between Mr. Jacob and herself on the afternoon of July 21st was the same statement substantially as she made in the police court and had made that day. Her shop cost about a lakh and a-half to build. It was in the best position in Hyderabad, and witness proceeded to state the pay and emoluments of her assistants, and her examination closed shortly before five o'clock.

A son of Mr. Pestonji, the Nizam's Deputy Commissioner of Customs, having proved his father's handwriting in a letter adressed to Jacob, asking for details of the jewellery he had brought to Hyderabad the Court rose.

## LORD SALISBURY AND THE "JESUIT.

THE Press Association is informed that the following remarkable story has just been related to a friend by a lady at present staying in Italy, and we give it for what is worth:—"I am on intimate terms with the Marquis of Salisbury's family, and the last time when staying at his lordship's house I was much struck by the face of the major-domo, which haunted me as if I had seen it before. I was puzzled to remember where, and in trying to remember I looked at the man very frequently. At last he noticed I was observing him, and seemed for the moment disconcerted. Still I could not recall where I had seen his face but presently I remembered, and he observed the evident recognition in my countenance. It was in the Vatican at Rome, over a portion of which he had conducted me. He was at the time in the garb of an Italian priest, speaking English fluently, and was one of the most affable and gentlemanly men I ever met. I went to bed at night feeling very unhappy, and quite sure that the man was in Lord Salisbury's household for no good purpose. I could not sleep, and resolved on the morrow to mention the facts to the Marquis. The next morning, however, as soon as I got down to breakfast it was reported that the quandam priest had decamped in the night, taking all his belongings with him, and causing a good deal of confusion in the household. I then saw the Marquis, and told him all I knew. He appeared to be greatly disconcerted, but, said very little. The man was very well educated, speaking several European languages. We all concluded at Hatfield that he was an agent of the Jesuits, sent over, like so many others, with a special mission, of which it would not be impossible to guess the import."

## UNCLAIMED LETTERS.

THE following is a list of unclaimed letters lying at the General Post Office, Bombay:—

Allen, Miss
Adiker, M W
Amirisingji
Annie, S Fordyce
Bulkley, Mrs
Bennett, W C
Baldwin, S S
Butt, W G
Baxnie, G M
Burggs
Bonyrut, L
Byrne, G S
Burk, E C, Sir
Bayly, A R
Baodun Durgri
Bate, H N
Breen, Mrs
Cristie, J F
Crittill, J P W
Crofton, G
Cutler, R
Coxts, A
Caldwell, D
Crouch, A
Colkin, J J B, Rev
Cherlis, R
Caunlbe, Mrs
Chrawhill, L W
Compenhagen.
Collonello, A
Douglas, E, Mrs
Davis, E W
Durant, H, Mrs
Durings, P
Davis, A H
Desmarais, L
Dikunizes, G
Davies, L A
Ellis, J
Elliott, F
Ellis, J G
*kins, G R, Rev
Fowler
Fary, W
Fonshew, L W
Ferrell, J B
Grave, C A, Dr
Galleotsulto, Sur
Gillispie, S
Gibson, E W
Gopinath Krishna,
Goldonass, C G, Capt
Goleasrd, Ross
George, Rose
Hari Hardalta
Hughes, G W
Hunter, H C L
Hastouchin, A
Hilldranath, Miss
Hopkins, W, Mrs
Hasmatullakhan
Hayrmull, G
Haji Kaderbux
Harding, O
Haberland, V G
Hill, C G
Herbert, Brig-Genl
Hawkins, W
Hammett, E
John Cormack, Capt
Jones, W H W. Colonel
Johnston, Elizabeth Mrs
Jackson, D
Joti Prakash Gangooly.
Josmeson, L F, Colonel
Irvine, Emily, Miss
Kerigan, L
Keith, B C
Kodrigus, M
Lugard, Major, R
Lawrence, C L, Professor.
Lennox, Milton
Loggan, S C
Lyell, G
Morris, J, Band-Sergt
Mum, P W
Memon Oosoman
McChilland, Miss
Marshall, L
Maxwell, Miss
M Cawasji Karma
Morley, F
Melder, B
Maynard, M
Morris, C
Norrio Elmon, J
Neye, David
Nood, W Cransurek
Newman, F G
Necrodenath Mookerji
Oldham, C M
Prenge, A G
Pillay, K Vythyalingam
Power, J H
Phillips, Bert
Pereira, J L
Pereira, L W
Pears, H
Pears
Peyaree Lal Babo
Rapoz, M
Raktah Chandon
Rogers, A S
Rosenberg, M
Richardson, F A, Capt
Riby, J T
Reed, L H, Capt
Reeve, C F
Rook, C P
Rayner, G W
Scott, S
Sequiera, M G
Soloman, J
Schlisinger, N C
Syed, Ahmad
Simeon, Miss Suklia
Sanders, M A, Mrs
Sinclair, Mrs
Syid Baker Hosein
Spulir, L
Schiffers, A
Schtren, W
Stone, Mrs
Stuart
Syid Abu Jafer
Smith, L
Siqueira, M G
Skeinner, W
Thomas, S H
Temple, C L, Mrs
Tennochy, Miss
Taylor, K S
Vincent, A H
Vyankatesh, S
Wardile, J A
Wallace, G, Miss
Wibsler, J N
Wilson, W L
Walter, Mrs
Warder, G H
Wharton, G L, Rev
Wilson, T N
Warran
Wilson, Mrs
Wudmann, N
Wright, Y A B, Mrs
Waigfield, R, Mrs
Webb, W
Wilson, J A
Younghusband, K D
Youngelly, F
Zastonchin

## TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

DECEMBER 17.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
Cable Aden-Zanzibar interrupted.
Mauritius Mail closes at Colombo at 4 p.m. on 19th.
Cable Hongkong-Bolinao interrupted.
Telegrams for Philippine Islands forwarded by post; no extra charge; no extra address.

## METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
Bombay, 16th December, 1891.
Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

| | |
|---|---|
| Barometer corrected 32deg. Fah. | 29·914 |
| Temperature of the Air | 76·2 |
| Wet Bulb Thermometer | 67·0 |
| Dew Point | 62·2 |
| Relative humidity of Air | ·629 |
| Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10) | 0·0 |
| Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day | 86·1 |
| Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.) | 67·0 |
| General Directions of Wind* | NE, ENE, W, NW, NNW, N, NNE. |
| Movement of Wind in 24 hours* | 157 |

* From midnight to midnight.

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP.—Pure, Milk and Emolient—This essentially complexion Soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence with its soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the Toilet and the Bath. Indispensable for Children. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists. Agents: TREACHER & Co., Bombay.

## PURE PERSONALITIES.

THE Prince, of Wales says a home paper, is showing marvellous tact, and has proved himself invaluable since Prince George has been *hors de combat*. He pays marked attention to each detail and phase of the illness, and gets through a vast amount of correspondence, everything of importance being supervised by himself. Although the Prince of Wales is in many respects exceedingly unfortunate, the pervading misfortune seems to be more than counterbalanced by a corresponding vein of good luck. For instance, after the Mordaunt Divorce Case he was not received with the ardent enthusiasm which has previously greeted him everywhere; but no sooner was he laid low by typhoid than the populace returned to their old allegiance and remembered only his *bonhomie* and kind actions, following each detail of his illness, and welcoming his restoration to health with boundless rejoicing. Now, as then, he has been under a cloud, for, in addition to the Queen and the Emperor of Germany, the public scarcely appreciated the details of the Prince's private life as revealed by the Gordon-Cumming Card Scandal. The fire at Sandringham House aroused men's sympathy, and now Prince George's illness has cast all feeling of disaffection to the winds, and it is particularly noticeable that not only those who are compelled by their social position to inscribe their names in the visitors' book express real sympathy with the royal sufferer and the Prince, but that many a tired, hard-working man will go out of his way to inquire the latest news, and expatiate with his companions on the splendid promptitude and pluck H.R.H. displayed in venturing to bring his son up to Marlborough House.

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Sir Michael Hicks-Beach has given grave offence to his party in Ireland by his ill-advised speech at the Colston Banquet at Bristol. "One wonders," says the Dublin Conservative organ, "that shame did not put the right hon. baronet to silence when he blamed the Unionist of Ireland in the terms he used." Sir Michael told his Bristol audience that in Cork the Conservative Party had always been very strong, and that not many years ago Cork returned a Conservative member. But he must have forgotten that since then the franchise has been matterially altered, and the Tory votes swamped. It is rather unkind, however, to tell Sir Michael that each of his two terms of Administration in Ireland was signalised by weakness which involved grave political dangers. Between 1874 and 1878 he "tampered with Mr. Butt's Home Rule Party, and encouraged the so-called Conservative Home Rulers." But his second period of Chief Secretaryship was still worse, for "those who recollect the exposure of his policy which took place in the case of Joycy *vs.* The Marquis of Clanricarde, and the Crimes Act case of the Crown *vs.* T. D. Sullivan, will need no further exposure of his incapacity, not to call it by a worse name." Thus we see how the Unionists love one another—at least in Ireland. In Conservative circles Sir Michael is mentioned as a likely candidate for the governorship of New Zealand. As New Zealand is about as far off as he could be sent, we are inclined to attach credit to the rumour.

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The Dowager Duchesse de Gramont, sister of the Countess Dowager of Dundonald, and daughter of the late Mr. Mackinnon, who was so well known in the London social and political world, died the other day in Paris. Brought up amid all the surroundings of society, culture, and refinement, she was a worthy consort for the Duc de Gramont, who under the late Emperor was French ambasaador to many of the principal Courts of Europe, where the Duchess, by her great personal charm of manner and disposition, made her *salons* much sought after. The late Duke, her husband, died at a comparatively early age about twelve years ago; her son, the present Duc de Gramont, married Mlle. de Rothschild, sister of the Princesse de Wagram and Lady Rothschild. The funeral service of the Dowager Duchesse de Gramont was performed at the Church of Saint-Pierre de Chaillot, Paris, and among those present were the three sons of the deceased—the Duc de Gramont, the Duc de l'Esparre, and the Comte de Gramont—the Comte de Brigode, and the Duc de Conegliano. Beautiful floral tokens were sent by relations and friends, and by many of the Corps Diplomatique.

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The eighth Lord Belhaven, who died in 1868, was a very well-known personage in Scotch public life. He was several times Lord High Commissioner to the General Assembly, and was created a peer of the United Kingdom by Lord Palmerston. On his death the Scottish peerage, which dates from the reign of James I., became dormant, and seven years elapsed before the House of Lords decided that the present Lord Belhaven was entitled to succeed. The eigth Lord had left the family estates in Lanarkshire heavily encumbered, and, under his settlement, they were entailed on the title, but they were not to be handed over to his successor until they had been entirely cleared of debt. After twenty-three years this has been accomplished, and the other day Lord Belhaven received possession of Wishaw House, the family seat near Motherwell, and the valuable mineral and agricultural property which appertains to it. The present peer, who has resided in Edinburgh during the greater part of his life, is in his seventieth year.

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At the Court hunt on St. Hubert's Day, the Emperor William astonished everybody by appearing in English hunting-dress. The Emperor's own set were annoyed and embarrassed, as they were all arrayed in the new uniform which his Majesty has invented for the Court hunts, and which it was announced is to be worn only when the Emperor is himself present, and exclusively by personages who have been granted the privilege of thus attiring themselves. The Emperor originally limited the number to twenty, but now upwards of a hundred personages may array themselves in this dress, which consists of a double-breasted grey frock-coat, with grass-green lapels and collar; green-striped pantaloons with high boots, and a grey tyrolese hat with a wide green band. The Emperor's hunting-garb is not more tasteful than the frightful Windsor uniform, which is the sole memorial of the creative genius of George III., and of which it was said that the only man who ever looked really well in it was the Prince Consort.

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Lewis Wingfield had played many parts. His enthusiasms were passionate, but brief. He left Eton to study law and qualify for the Foreign Office, but suddenly startled his mother, Lady Powerscourt, by getting an engagement at the Haymarket Theatre, and making his first appearance on the same night as Mrs. Kendal. This impulse soon was over, and next he commenced to study historical painting and practical surgery at Antwerp with feverish enthusiasm. Then he wrote a book of travel, returned to Belgium to take out his surgical diploma, and betook himself to Paris to finish his education as a painter under Edward Frere, just before the outbreak of the Franco-Prussian war. He was in Paris throughout the siege, writing for the *Times* and the *Daily Telegraph*, and working untiringly under Dr. Swinburne in the American ambulance. Since then he had visited many lands, acting as war correspondent in Egypt, superintending Mr. McCulloch's spectacular plays in the United States, and pushing far into Tartary from Pekin. His books were many, his skill in designing costumes unequalled, his house in Montagu-place a museum of curiosities, and his tastes morbid, except in the direction of outdoor sports.

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The last intelligible words pronounced by the late Lady Westminster conveyed a request to be buried "amongst her own people" at Motcombe, instead of in the family Vault of the Governors near Eaton Hall, where her husband was interred two-and-twenty years ago. Although the funeral on Tuesday, November 24, was a very simple one, it was attended by the whole of the Corporation of Shaftesbury and a vast concourse of tradesmen and tenantry, all work being suspended for the day in the adjoining districts. The Duke of Westminster, Lord Arundel, and Mr. Percy Wyndham were unable to be present, and Lord Stalbridge acted as chief mourner. The service was read very impressively by Canon Smith, and the Queen sent a message of condolence to the family in the morning. Lady Westminster's wealth proves to be by no means as great as was anticipated. Her estates have for nearly ten years suffered severely from the prevailing agricultural depression.

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The mother of the Duke of Orleans—the Comtesse de Paris—is an excellent whip. She can drive a four-in-hand as well as most men, and she can smoke a cigarette or even a cigar with them too. She has a somewhat strong voice which when she sings, is a fine mezzo-soprano. As deafness is a family affliction, she has grown accustomed to speak in a loud tone. The Duc d'Aumale, the Prince de Joinville, and the late Duke of Montpensier are Orleanists. The Comte de Flanders, who is heir to the throne of Belgium, are all either stone deaf or nearly so. The Comtesse de Paris is not liked by the Prince of Wales. She is too mannish in her ways to suit his taste.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

### CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF GARDEN GROUND, and BUNGALOW, also several pieces of ground or fields at Dewner near Chimboor in the sub-district of Thana.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by public Auction at their Rooms in one lot, by order of the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Essoofally Sumsoodin (an adjudged insolvent) in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 20th day of August, 1889, all the estate, right, title and interest of the said mortgagees in the following properties, viz. :—

*Firstly.*—All that piece or parcel of garden, land or ground, together with the messuage, dwelling-house or bungalow standing thereon, situate at Dewner to the south of the public road, leading from Sion to Trombay, in the sub-registration district of Tanna, and bounded on the east by a water-course and a public passage, on the west by the batty grass fields of Narayen Crustna Laud, on the north, partly by the property of Pitamber Oomersi, partly by that of Shapurjee Pestonjee, partly by Deo Talao, and partly by public road, on the south partly by the site of the old village, partly by the property of Cursetjee Cama and partly by a public passage called Pethi Gowan.

*Secondly.*—All that piece of land or batty field known by the name of Katsey, consisting of 13 knachers or plots, situate at Dewner aforesaid, in the registration sub-district of Tanna, and bounded on the east partly by a tank, partly by a water-course, and partly by a passage or gowan, on the west partly by the batty fields of Parsee Dorabjee and partly by that of Pervat Mandow Kharwa, and partly by that of Jagoo Luximon, on the north by the field of Memon Ethi, and on the south partly by the property of Parsee Dorabjee, and partly by a water-course; on this ground there is one mango tree, two karanj trees, and two tamarind trees.

*Thirdly.*—All that piece of land or paddy-field called or known by the name of Kashee, situate at Dewner aforesaid, in the registration sub-district of Tanna, and bounded on the east by the ground of Cursetjee Neserwanjee, on the west by the batty and paddy-fields of Parsee Jehangirjee, on the north partly by paddy fields of Cursetjee Cama, and partly by those of Jenangirjee, and on the south by the paddy-fields of Cursetjee Cama.

*Fourthly.*—All those pieces of land or paddy-fields called or known as Khakech wadi, situate at Dewner aforesaid, in the registration sub-district of Tanna, and bounded on the east by the property of Jehangirjee, on the west by a passage or Gowan leading to the fields, on the north by a passage called or known as Pethi Gowan, and on the south by the property of one Parsee Jenangirjee.

*Fifthly.*—All that piece of land or paddy-field called or known as Dhonderao, situate at Dewner aforesaid, in the registration sub-district of Tanna, and bounded on the east partly by the paddy-fields of Shapoorjee Pestonjee and partly by those of Tukaram Mahar, on the west by a water course, on the north by the property of Shapoorjee Pestonjee, and on the south by the property of Vithoba Panducranjee.

*Sixthly.*—All that piece of land or paddy-field called or known by the name of Gowtebhat, situate at Dewner aforesaid in the registration sub district of Tanna, and bounded on the east partly by the property of Cursetjee Cama and partly by that of Jehangirjee Parsee, on the west partly by the property of Vithoba Pandoojee and partly by that of Tookaram Mahar, on the north by a garden belonging to Eduljee Rustomjee, and on the south, by the paddy-fields of Damajee Chambnai, Shoemaker.

*Seventhly.*—All that piece of land appertaining to the batty fields aforesaid called or known as Bnolowiwadi, situate at Dewner aforesaid, in the registration sub-district of Tanna, and bounded on the east by the property of Balajee Mucoondjee, on the west by the paddy-fields of Jehangirjee Parsee, on the north by the paddy-fields of Vithoba Pandoojee, and on the south by the paddy fields of Mamjee Ethio.

All the said seven pieces of land, or ground hereinbefore firstly, secondly, thirdly, fourthly, fifthly, sixthly, and seventhly described and the two messuages, dwelling-houses or bungalows as well as garden and fields are situated in the sub-district of Salsette, and the district of Tanna, and are now in the occupation of the tenant of the said mortgagor.

*Eighthly.*—All the right, title and interest of the said mortgagee in or to the trees which are appurtenant to the land mentioned in the abovementioned seven parcels and described as follows, that is to say, seven mango trees standing on the ground of Khate in Old Town, one mango tree standing in a hedge that surrounds the garden of Gungadher Soonderjee, two mango trees standing at or near a culvert called Khopolicha Pool, the aforesaid trees standing in Dewner in Trombay in the registration sub-district of Tanna, and are enjoyed by the said mortgagor.

For further particulars and conditons of sale application may be made to Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere and Nicholson, Solicitors to the mortgages, or to the undersigned.

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SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT SURAT.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms in Bombay, by order of the mortgagee, and on account and at the risk mortgagor Essoobally Sumsoodin (an adjudged insolvent), in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 20th day of August, 1889, all the estate, right, title and interest of the said mortgagees in the following property, viz :—

All that piece of land, together with the stable standing thereon, situate in Hathi Falia in Gapa Bazar, in the district and sub-district of Surat, admeasuring 88 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the north by the said Hathi Falia, on the south by Salabatpoora Road, on the east by the property of Goolam Hoosein Kaderbhoy, and on the west by the stable of the mortgagee, registered under new Survey No. 321, and in the possession of the said mortgagee.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere and Nicholson, Solicitors to the mortgagee or to the undersigned.

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TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 19th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Gowalia Tank Road, the very valuable stock in trade of Mr. Fazul Pirbhai Veerjee (changing his place of business), consisting of elegant substanal-made complete suits of drawing furniture upholdstered with rich art tapestry and velvet, magnificient chiffoniers and cabinets, also bedroom and dining-room furniture, strong-made elegant office tables and library presses, brouze gilt pier glasses, superior furniture, velvet, English brass, single and double new bedsteads, 4 handsome marble figures, 5 feet, representing four seasons of the year, Douiton wash-hand sets, &c., &c.

Catalogues are ready and the property is on view.

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IMPORTANT TO CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE of two valuable pieces of land at Pali Hill, Bandora, suitable for building Bungalows thereon.

1.—A piece of land, admeasuring 617 square yards or thereabouts, situate at Pali Hill, Bandora, on the south side of Pali, Mala Road, on the east side of a Pucka-made private roadway of the said mortgagor, registered in Danda division survey No. 244.

2.—A piece of land, admeasuring 962 square yards or thereabouts, also situate at Pali Hill, Bandora, near the said firstly-mentioned piece of land and on the east side of the said private roadway and in the said survey No. 244.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., Auctioneers, will sell the above two pieces of land on the premises by Public Auction, on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor, Mr. E. F. GONSALVES, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 19th inst., at 4 p.m.

For particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

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EXSHAW'S BRANDY FOR SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 21st inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms.

ex s. s. Canton.

25 boxes John Exshaw's No. 1 brandy.
25 " " No. 2 "

---

SALE OF RUBY AND BRILLIANT RINGS AND RUBIES.

On MONDAY, the 21st inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

On account and at the risk of Manockjee Nowrojee Javeri (old Trinity Church Street, Dhobie Talao.)

No. 1.—One ring set with one round ruby and with 7 brilliants round about.

No. 2.—Two rings set with (each) one oval and with 11 brilliants round about.

No. 3.—One ring set with round ruby and with 10 brilliants round about.

No. 4.—One ring set with oval ruby and with 10 brilliants round about,

No. 1.—One parcel containing 91 pieces weighing 43¾ cts. cut rubies.

No. 2.—One parcel containing 500 cts. rough rubies.

No. 3.—One parcel containing 800 cts. rough rubies.

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PROPERTY AT MAHALUXMI, HAINES ROAD.

On TUESDAY, the 22nd instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee Vundrawandass Virziail, on account at the risk of the mortgagor Khoja Ali Mohamed Sherif, in pursuance of the power of sale given in an indenture of mortgage, dated the 17th day of June, 1889, the following property :—

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground with the messuage, tenements, hereditaments and premises, standing thereon, situate on the northern side of Haines Road, at Mahaluxmee or Clerk Road, near Dhobie Ghaut, without the Fort, in the Registation sub-district of Bombay, admeasuring six katees (330 square yards) or thereabouts assessed under No. 97 to 102 in the plan of the fazendar, and bounded on the east by the property of Pestonjee Kavasjee Dagdiwalla, on the west by the property of Pallanjee Heerjeebhoy Mistree, on the north by the Government public road, and on the south by the other portion of the said fazendar, formerly assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 48 (14) and Street No. 48, and are at present assessed under by Ward No. 48-30, and Street No. 48 C. C.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

---

SALE of Valuable Landed Property in Khetwady, 7th Street, outside the Fort.

On SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the estate of the late Mr. Nanabhoy Jamsetjee, the mortgagor, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 7th day of February 1888, the following property, viz. :—

All that piece of ground, together with the messuage or bungalow and buildings standing thereon, situate in Khetwady 7th Street, without the Fort walls of Bombay, in the registration district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 214 and one-ninth square yards or thereabouts, and assessed by the Collector of quit and ground rent under Nos. 2153 and 2173, and assessed by the Collector and Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 1986 and Street No. 24, and bounded on the east by the aforesaid Khetwady Street, on the west by Khetwady 8th Street, on the north by the property of Dhunjeebhoy Rustomjee, and on the south by the property of Fathmabeebee.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Mr. Balkrishna V. N. Kirtikar, the mortgagee's solicitor, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, December 18, 1891.

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A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(in Pamphlet form),
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*.
Annas 3. Post free.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

### CRAWFORD & COMPANY.—*Continued.*

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 21st instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of grey, white, and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

15 boxes Shiraz wine.
On account of the concerned—
F T
B 279 } 905-7—3 cases umbrellas ex s. s. Persia.
&c. &c. }

By order of the mortgagee Dhurumdas Doolubdas, and on account and at the risk of Dadabhoy J. Alpaiwalla, who took the jewellery in mortgage from Ardaseer Hormusjee Banajee :—

1 diamond, 2 pearl and 1 pearl and ruby earrings—

By order of the Administrator-General the effects of the late Chatiram Ramchund—

1 gold kunthei.
1 gold string of 25 pootlies.
1 gold toolspattee.

On account of the concerned.—
ex s.s. Kangra and Kerbella.
98 boxes Jamaica rum.

AT 2 P.M.

1 handsome double-seated brougham.
1 light and strong dog-cart.
1 second-hand serviceable victoria.
1 bay Arab horse, excellent charger, a very quiet and pleasant hack.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

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Under instructions from the Administrator General, Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms on Monday, the 21st inst. at 3 p.m. the undermentioned goods belonging to the estate of the late Mr. Edulgee Rustomjee Mody, viz :—

About 25 boxes Jules Mumm's champagne in quarts.
" " " in pints.
10 cases almond oil in bottles. "
7 " each 2 drums of paint.
6 " cassis de dijon.
6 " champagne and beer.
1 lot advertising cards.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, December 18th, 1891.

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### BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABEE LANDED PROPERTY AT MAHIM, NEAR THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

On FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 4 p. m. Messrs BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Furushram Muckonjee, deceased, the following landed property :—

All that piece or parcel of fazendari land or ground, with a dwelling-house standing thereon, situated on the northern side of the Parel Village centre road, in the registration subdistrict of Bombay island, bontaining by admeasurement 210 89 square yards or thereabouts, and the said house, was forme rly assessed under No 155 and now under ward No 2631 and street No 1345, and bounded on the north partly by the ground of Juggonath Sunkerjee Jaonji Maneckjee, on the south by the Parel Village centre road, on the east partly by the ground of Motee Currumsey and partly by the ground of Juggonath Sunkerjee, and on the west by the property of Herjee Eduljee.

For furtner particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

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AUCTION SALE of AUSTRALIAN HORSES, Imported by Mr. C. G. Baldock from Australia, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY the 19th instant, at 3:30 p.m., at the stables, Queen's Road, behind the Churney Road Station. 22 Horses will be sold at Auction to the highest bidder on the above date. A rare chance to secure first-class horses at a cheap rate. PARTICULARS OF THE HORSES TO BE SOLD.

1 Brown geld, 15-2, will make a good brougham horse.
2 Black geld, 15-2 Do do do
3 Bay mare, 16 Do do do
4 Black geld, 15-3 Do do do
5 Bay mare, 15-2, will make good carriage horse.
6 " " 15-1, will make good charger.
7 " " 15-2, will make good brougham horse.
8 Bay geld, 15-3, will make good carriage horse.
9 Brown geld, 16 hds. Do do
10 Bay mare, 15-2, will make good broug ham horse.
11 Grey mare, 15-3 Do do
12 Bay gelding, 15-3, thoroughly broken to si ngle & double harness.
13 Bay mare, 15-3, will make good carriage horse.
14 Bay gelding, 15-2 Do do
15 Chestnut mare, 16, thoroughly broken to saddle and harness.
16 Brown geld, 15-2, will make good brougham horse.
17 Bay gelding, 15-3 Do do
18 " " 15-3 Do do
19 Brown geld, 15-2, will make good carriage horse.
20 Bay gelding, 15 hds., thoroughly broken to single & double harness.
21 " mare, 16 nds., will make good carriage horse.
22 Bay geld, 15 hds., will make good hack.

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Under instructions from the Executors of the late Mr. Framjee Cowasjee Marker, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on Saturday, the 19th instant, at 1 p.m., sell by Public Auction, at Marker Hall, Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished and carved household furniture, dewan couches, 4, 4, 6 and 3 lights, hanging argand lamps, handsome large size pier glasses in gilt frames, rich velvet and Brussels carpets, musical boxes, &c., &c.

The property is now on view.

The property of another gentleman—

Mahogany semi-grand pianoforte by John Broadwood and Sons.

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TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 19th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, &c.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 English-built mail-phaeton convertible into a waggonette and with a removable hood, and also forming a stanhope.
1 Handsome strong-built landau, very little used.
1 Second-hand strong victoria with removable coach-box.
1 Strong bay Arab, 14 hands, 8 years old, quiet to ride and drive.
1 Strong grey Arab pony, 4 years, quiet in saddle.
Bay Arab horse, excellent charger, with all arms, very quiet and pleasant hack, being sold very cheap as owner is leaving the station, at once.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, December 18, 1891.

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### MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF LEATHER GOODS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 2 p.m Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Sale Rooms, No. 4, Forbes and Medows Streets, Fort, by order of Messrs. D. P. Batha and Co., and on account and risk of Ardaseer Hormusjee Banajee, an insolvent, lately traded under the name of Hormusjee Sorabjee and Co., consisting of one case containing rich money purses, card cases, writing and dressing cases, cigar cases, &c.

Also by order of the Municipal Commissioner for the city of Bombay, 25 pieces of planks—

---

SALE OF LAND IN JODIA, IN KADTYWAR, AND OF A BUNGALOW AND PIECES OF LAND AT RAJKOTE IN KATTYWAR

The undermentioned properties will, under the instructions of Mr. C. Agnew Turner, Agent for the Trustees in Bankruptcy of the estate of Messrs. Bevis, Russell and Co., be put up for sale by Public Auction, if not previously disposed of by private contract by Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co., Auctioneers, at their Sale Room in No. 4, Forbes and Medows Streets, Fort, at 4 p.m., on MONDAY, the 21st inst.

LOT No. 1

1. A piece of land at Jodia believed to measure from E. to W. 30½ guz and from N. to S. 62 guz or thereabouts, with house or building thereon.

LOT No. 2

2. A piece of land with a bungalow at Rajkote believed to contain an area of 609 and seven-ninths square yards or theaeabouts.
3. A piece of land at Rajkote believed to contain an area of 127 4-9 square yards or thereabouts.
4. A piecce of land at Rajkote believed to contain an area of 280 square yards or thereabouts.
5. A piece of land at Rajkote believed to contain an area of 501 squore yards or thereabouts.
6. A piece of land at Rajkote believed to contain an area of 16 6-9 square yards or thereabouts.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to C. Agnew Turner, Esq., Agent for the Trustees in Bankruptcy, of the state of Messrs. Rusell, Bevis and Co., or to the under signed.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, December 18, 1891.

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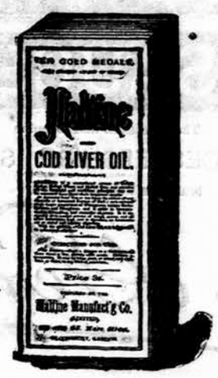
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BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on questions regarding giras, wants and other guaranteed rights with an introductory account of the settlements in Kathiawad, Mahikanths and Rewakanths, together with Appendices and a Copious Index.

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**SADDLE PASTE**
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Beware of Worthless Imitations.
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PURE, MILD and MELLOW.
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THE FINEST SCOTCH WHISKY SOLD.
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THE ATTENTION OF STOREKEEPERS is called to this high class Brand. It remains in good condition in the hottest weather and gives universal satisfaction.
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THE back strap, by a patented arrangement, can be moved (vertically) to any position upon the back, high or low, to suit comfort of wearer, also lengthened or shortened (horizontally) to suit the distance between the back buttons of the Trousers.
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FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN.
For Mothers, Invalids, Dyspeptics and Aged People.



THE ONLY FOOD that digests as easily as human milk, and agrees with all infants and children.
THE ONLY FOOD that thoroughly nourishes the child without the addition of cow's milk.
THE ONLY FOOD that removes from infancy all necessity, danger and anxiety of a wet nurse.
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**SANTAL-MIDY** cures all derangements of the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours.

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**SANTAL-MIDY** is sold by all druggists and medicine dealers throughout the world.

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*FOR DISEASES OF THE CHEST*

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**GRIMAULT'S SYRUP of HYPO-PHOSPHITE of LIME**

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*NO TASTE OR SMELL*

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**MORRHUOL** restores the health of pale weakly people, *without appetite*, and those afflicted with Skin diseases, Scrofula, Scabs, sores in the neck, sore eyes, and inherited lymphatic temperaments

*From The Hospital Reports (translated).*

**MORRHUOL** represents the medicinal « part of Cod Liver Oil, which modifies « rapidly the general state of the patient, and develops the appetite in a « most estraordinary manner. Consumptive patients experience a feeling of well-being, eat and digest « easily, and sleep soundly.

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SICK HEADACHES
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Contain in each 4 grains of pure Sheep Pepsine 8 times stronger than other pepsines and capable of digesting 4000 times its weight of meat or other food.

***CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPSINE PEARLS***

**RELIEVE WITH THE FIRST DOSE**

Cramps in the Stomach, Feeling of Heaviness, Sickness, Loss of Appetite, Headaches, and Sickness during pregnancy.

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BEAUTIFUL PRESENTATION LAMPS,

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"If every Mother knew of its value, no other would be used."

*London Medical Record* says:—"It is retained when all other Foods are rejected."

**FOR INFANTS, CHILDREN & INVALIDS.**

THE MOST DELICIOUS, NUTRITIVE AND DIGESTIBLE.

BENGER'S FOOD is sold in Tins, at 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 5s., by Chemists, &c., everywhere; or free by Parcels Post, from MOTTERSHEAD & Co., F. F. PAINE and F. B. BENGER, 7, Exchange Street, Manchester.

AGENTS: TREACHER & Co., LD., Bombay, Byculla and Poona. KEMP & Co., LD., 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. PHILLIPS & Co., LD., Bombay and Poona.

NOTICES.

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TO BE OBTAINED OF

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

Rs. 31-8 per doz.

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*Medium dry*
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THEIR IMPERIAL & ROYAL HIGHNESSES the ARCHDUKES of AUSTRIA. — HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE COUNT OF BARDI.

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